

Connect 5

Second Term



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Part

Listening Scripts

2:



Unit 7

Homes in Egypt البيوت في مصر

In this unit I will

- listen, read, research, and write about Egyptian homes now and in Ancient Egypt.
- talk about the home and furniture.
- read, understand, and listen to a short dialog about different homes.
- understand and use the simple past to talk about past events.
- learn how to say double vowels.
- write a simple blog about an unusual home.
- * research and make a presentation about an Ancient Egyptian home.

Objectives

Vocabulary	The home: armchair, balcony, cushion, closet, elevator, oven, shower, television, bedroom, kitchen, bathroom, living room Adjectives: unfriendly, uncomfortable, unlucky, unsafe, unhappy, unfair, annoying, awesome, awful, boring, brilliant, cool, friendly, funny, interesting gate, oven, pot, reed, roof, rug, sleeping area, linen		
Language	 Saying where things are, i.e. on the right/left, in the middle of the room, on the wall The negative prefix un-, i.e. unfriendly, uncomfortable, unlucky, etc. Past simple affirmative and negative, i.e. I visited her house when I was five. I didn't know the answer to the teacher's question. Past time expressions with ago, i.e. two years ago 		
Reading	- Story about a dangerous experience in the jungle - Text about homes in Ancient Egypt - Blog about unusual homes		
Listening	- Dialog between two friends about living in a new apartment		
Speaking	- Describing your own home - Talking about the perfect room		
Writing	- Blog about unusual homes using a range of adjectives		
Project	- Presentation about an Ancient Egyptian home		
Phonics	- Correctly pronounce double vowels, e.g. pool, sheep - Correctly pronounce oo in words: /u:/, as in pool; /u/ as in good; /u/, as in blood		
Life skills	Decision making: Decorating your own bedroom		
Values	Respect: Showing respect for cultural heritage		
Issues and challenges	Cultural responsibility: How can we preserve ancient artifacts for the future?		
Inegrated cross- cultural topics	Social studies: How Ancient Egyptians made their homes Project: Presentation about an Ancient Egyptian home		

Lesson





The home



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



elevator 28220



closet چزانة - دولاب



oven مُرن



shower دُش



armchair کرسپ ذو ذراعین



cushion وسادة - مخدة



television تلفاز



balcony شُرفة - بلكونة



home



منزل

house



apartment



rooms حجرات - غرف



living room حجرة المعيشة



bedroom حجرة النوم



bathroom calas



kitchen



,	Extra Vocabulary	كلمات إضافية	
happy	zīsm	new	إخديد
great	رائع	old	مَديم
here	lia	thanks	شكزا
closer	أقرب	traditional	تقليدب
gift	هدية	parents	الوالدين

,	Question words	أدوات الاستفهام	A
How long	ما مدة	Where	این
Why	لعاذا	What	ما - ماذا

am hadda ffara
مرحبًا بك في
تفضل بالدخول.
ملذ ولدت
لمدة 12 عامًا
وظيفة جديدة
كان لزامًا علم والديُّ أن
أكبر بكثير
أسهل بكثير
أكثر حداثة
مساحة أكثر
هذا الجزء من المدينة
حجرة نوم خاصة بها

Conjugation of verbs

أفعال منتظمة Regular verbs

Pres	ent	Past
work	يعمل	worked
look	ينظر	looked
listen	يستمع	listened
cook	يطهو	cooked
prefer	يُفَصِّل	preferred
decide	يقرر	decided

Preser	nt	Past
describe	يصف	described
live	يعيش	lived
like	يحب	liked
complete	يكمل	completed
move	ينتقل	moved
share شارك	يشارك - ين	shared

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

Present		Past	
come	بِٱلْبَ	came	
hear	Somi	heard	
have (has) ديه	يملك - ل	had	

Present		Past
write	يكتب	wrote
say	يقول	said
read	يمّرا	read

The Lesson Notes

- لاحظ استخدام، التعبيرات الآتية في الدرس للتعبير عن رأينا في شيء ما نحبه أو معجبين به:
- ▶ I love it.
- I like this part of town.
- Very nice.
- lt's lovely.
- **▶** Fantastic!

- إنى أحبها.
- أحب هذا الجزء من المدينة.
 - 🖊 جمیل جڈا،
 - 🖊 إنه جميل.
 - العا 🔻
- ويمكن استخدام صيغة التعجب أيضًا للتعبير عن شيء ما نحبه أو معجبين به أو لإبداء
 الرأى:
- What a great view!

اله من منظر رائع!

The difference between "home" and "house" "house" و "home" الفرق بين كلمتي

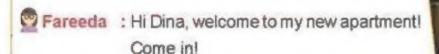
- m home u
 - كلمة عامة تعنى أي مكان أبيت وأعيش فيه سواءً كان فيلا أو منزل أو شقة أو خيمة أو كهف وهكذا.
- The villa is a home.
- The house is a home.
- The apartment is a home.
- The tent is a home.

- منزل house منزل
- تعنى منزل خاص بأسرة معينة أحيانًا ما يكون بحديقة أمامه.
- My grandpa has a big house in a village.



Read and learn

الماذا فريدة سعيدة؟ ?Why is Fareeda happy



﴿ فَرِيدَةَ : أَهَلاَّ دِيلاً، فَرِحَلاً بِكُ فَي شَقَتِي الجَدِيدَةِ! تَفْضَلَي بِالدَحُولِ!

يدة : اهلا دينا، مرحنا بك من سمتي الجديدة المصلي بالددول!

Dina : Thanks! Do you like living here?

💆 دينا : أشكرك؛ هل تحبين العيش هنا؟

Fareeda: I love it! It's a great apartment! I like this part of town and it's much bigger than our old apartment.

🔀 فريدة : نعم، أحب العيش هنا إنها شمّة رائعة! أحب هذا الجزء من المدينة وهب أكبر

بكثير من شفتنا القديمة.

Dina : How long did you live in your old apartment?

🔀 دينا : كم المدة التب عشيها في شقتك القديمة!

Fareeda: Twelve years, since I was born. Then my parents had to move to a new job, so we moved to a closer apartment.

Lesson





جديدة، لذلك انتقلنا الى شقة أقرب.

: So, what's better about this new apartment?

🛂 دينا : إذن، ما الذب يميز هذه الشقة الجديدة؟



Fareeda: Come and see. The new kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern. My mom says it's much easier to cook in.

🧝 فريدة : تعال وشاهدي. المطبخ الجديد أكبر، والفرن أكثر حداثة. تقول والدتب أن



الطهو فيه أكثر سهولة

: Very nice. And this is the living room?

🔀 دينا : رائع جدًا، وهل هذه حجرة المعيشة ١



Fareeda: Yes, as you can see, there's more space so we can have a bigger television. Look at these traditional cushions. They were a gift from Grandma.

🥨 فريحة ؛ تعم، كما ترين، يوجد مساحة كبيرة لذا يمكن أن يكون لدينا تلماز أكبر. انظرب



الب هذه الوسائد التقليدية. كانت هدية من حدثين.

: Oh, yes! What about the bedrooms?

💹 دينا : أه، نعم! ماذا عن حجرات النوم؟



Fareeda: We have three bedrooms now. I share a room with my sister, Amira, but our bedroom is really big. And we have two bathrooms.

🥎 فريدة : لدينا ثلاث حجرات نوم الآن، أتشارك أنا وأختب أميرة فب واحدة، لكن حجرة



النوم الخاصة بنا كبيرة حمًّا. ولدينا حمامين،

: It's lovely! The balcony is fantastic too - what a great view!

دينا : إنها جميلة! الشرفة راتعة أيضًا، ياله من منظر راتع!



Connect 5

Dina

Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

kitchen - television - living - apartment - oven

Hil I'm Fareeda. Welcome to my new apartment! I love living here! It's a great

I The new

is bigger, and the oven is more modern. The

room is also big. There's more space so we can have a bigger

to watch our favorite programs!

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

balcony – bedrooms – apartment – share – bathrooms

I love my new apartment. It's much bigger than our old apartment. We have three
to sleep in. I
a room with my sister, Amira. We have two
The
is fantastic, too. It has a great view over the street.

3 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. There are five (beds armchairs closets) in front of the television for us to sit in.
- 2. I have two beds in my (bedroom living room kitchen).
- The (armchair closet oven) is more modern. My mom says it's much easier to cook in.
- 4. I have a shower in the (kitchen bathroom bedroom).
- 5. I have a (cushion bed closet) to put my clothes in.
- 6. I (move share find) a room with my sister. Every one of us has a bed to sleep in.

- There's more space in the (bathroom living room kitchen) so we can have a bigger television.
- 8. There are ten (apartments houses cities) in the building I live in.
- Our (balcony bathroom kitchen) has a fantastic view. You can see the whole street from there.
- 10. I have two soft (cushions armchairs closets) on my bed.



Read the text and answer the questions:

Fareeda has a new apartment. She invites her friend Dina to see it. Fareeda loves her new apartment. It's a great one. She likes that part of town, and it's much bigger than their old apartment. She lived in her old apartment for 12 years. Fareeda's parents had to move to a new job, so they moved to a closer apartment.

In the new apartment, the kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern. Fareeda's mom says it's much easier to cook in.

There's more space in the living room so they can have a bigger television. There are three bedrooms. Fareeda shares a room with her sister, Amira. And they have two bathrooms. Dina likes the apartment, too. She likes the view from the balcony. It's fantastic.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Fareeda has a new (house town apartment).
- 2. It's (bigger easier traditional) to cook in the new kitchen.

Answer these questions:

- 3. Why did Fareeda's parents move to a new apartment?
- 4. How many bathrooms are there in the new apartment?



5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. living Do like you here?
- 2 moved apartment a closer We to.

D

3. were - Grandma - They - a - gift - from.

-

- 4. better apartment new Vyhat's this about?
- **5.** a room I sister with share my.

- 6. or a house you an apartment Do live in?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. Where do you (lives)?
- 2. Why (are) your home special?
- 3. We (has) three bedrooms now.
- 4. Dina (like) the new apartment.
- 5. How long did you (lived) in your old apartment?
- 6. Our bedroom (be) really big
- 7. We can (had) a bigger television.
- **8.** Why .. (are) Fareeda happy?





Punctuate the following sentences:

- 1. where does dina live
 - -
- 2. alexandria is in the north of egypt
- >
- 3. cairo is a big city
 - 1
- 4. does fareeda like her new apartment
- (8)

Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My house or apartment"

Fideas to help you

- Describe your house or apartment.
- Is it modern or old?

- Is it big or small?
- Do you like it?





o في سؤال الـ"Paragraph" عند الإجابة على الأسئلة البادئة بفعل مساعد "Yes or No questions" لا نستخدم "Yes" أو "No" في الإجابة ونُجيب بجمل تامة ولا يجور استخدام إجابات مختصرة "Snort answers".



7)

My perfect room



الكلمات الأساسية ضي الدرس Main Vocabulary

on the right



on the right على اليمين on the left



on the left بالبسار صلد on the wall



on the wall שוא וובונם in the middle of ...



in the middle of ശല്ഥ ഗര്

,	Extra Vocabulary	فافية	Clas
posters	ملصمات	howler monkey	القرد العواء (بوع من القردة)
video games	أنعاب القيديو	scientist	عالم
path	ممر - طريق	research (n)	بحث
indeed	حمُّا	villager	فروب
sculpture	تمثال - منحوتة	frightened	خائف
garbage	فمامه	frightening	مخيف
kind	طيب	suddenly	خدأة

The prefit	x (un-)		ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
comfortable	مريح	2	uncomfortable	غير مريح
fair	عادل	7	unfair	عير عادل ال
friendly	פרפר	2	unfriendly	غير ودود
happy	रीवण	2	unhappy	غير سعيد
safe	آمن	2	unsafe	غير أمن
lucky	محظوظ	2	unlucky	غير محظوظ

A STATE OF THE STA	,,
He was deep in the jungle.	كان مُمِ عمق العابة.
miss the bus	يفوته الأتوبيس
without a reason	بدون سبب
as a child	كطمل
all over Egypt	فم كل أنحاء مصر
in the dark	دى الظلام
my perfect room	ححرني المثالبة
local village	فرية محلية
heavy rain	أمطار غربرة
heavy cases	حقائب ثقيلة

Prepositions	دروف الحر		
next to	يحوار	look for	يبحث عن
interested in	مهنم ب	close to	بالقرب من
set out	ينطلق	toward	اتجاه - نحو
carry away	يحمل بغيدًا	go forward	يتقدم للأمام
down the river	أسفل النهر	go back	يتراجع للخلف
down the street	حب الشارع	on holiday	فَى إِجَازَةً
talk about	ينحدث عن	on Sunday	في يوم الأحد
help with	شاعد فئ	on time	في الوقت المحدد
for work	لتعمل	by airplane	بالطائرة

Vocabulary Study SE Cont



unfair : something that happens that isn't morally right or fair

unhappy : sad

unsafe : dangerous

: something that doesn't feel nice to sit on or wear on uncomfortable

your body

: not kind to someone unfriendly

unlucky : something bad happens to you without a reason

Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs معتال والتعلق

The Later	and the second	
happen	يحدث	happened
miss	تەور - تېۋره	missed
travel	بسافر	traveled
shout	تصتك	shouted
help	عداسر	helped
start	ببدا	started
rain	تمطر	rained
rush	بسرع - بندضع	rushed

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	The state of the s	
want	يريد - يرغب	wanted
look	يبدو	looked
die	يموت	died
create	ئىشئ	created
smile	ببتسم	smiled
arrive	يصل	arrived
carry	يجمل	carned
try	يحاول	tried

frregular verba

set out	ىنطلق	set out
feel	بشعر - يحس	felt
sit	يجلس	sat
wear	نايدن	wore

		The same of the sa
meet	يقائل	met
leave	بعادر - يترك	left
tell	يحبر	told
know	क्षोठा	knew

فحال إنيا بالتافدا



go	تجهن	went	see	זלט	saw
eat	يأكل	ate	take	يأخذ	took
drive	يقو د	drove	buy	تسترت	bought
do (does)	يمعل	did	sleep	لالم	slept
be (am - is - a	are)يكون	was - were	make friends	يُكؤن صداقات	made friends



Read and learn

My perfect room



I love my bedroom. I share it with my sister. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.

أحب غرفة نومب أنا أنشاركها مع أختب. على اليمين، يوجد سريري وبجواره مكتب. على اليسار، يوجد سريري وبجواره مكتب. على اليسار، يوحد سرير أحبب من وسط الحجرة، يوحد كرسي دو ذراعين وعليه وسادتين ويوجد دولاب كبير على الحائط، بوحد الكثبر من ملصقات الحيوانات.

District marchen



My uncle is a scientist and loves animals. When he was younger, he traveled a lot in South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very friendly and helped him with his work. Then, about three years ago, something frightening happened to him and he was lucky he lived to tell me about it!



عمب عالِم وبحث الحبو، نات عندما كان أصغر عمرًا، سافر كثيرًا مب أمريكا الجنوبية للعمل. وقد أحبها لأن الباس كالوا ودودين وساعدوه في عمله. ومنذ ثلاث سنوات، حدث له شيءً مرعب وكان محظوظًا أنه عاش ليخبرني عنه!



He was very interested in howler monkeys and wanted to do some research into their family groups. A local villager told him where there was a howler monkey family nearby and he was very happy. But the villager also said, "Tomorrow, we are going to have a lot of rain so it could be unsafe."

كان مهتمًا جدًا بقرود العواء (بوع من القردة) وأراد أن يقوم ببعض الأبحاث علم محموعات عائلتهم. أخبره قروم محلي عن مكان قريب عائلة من قرود العواء وكان عمي سعيدًا حدًا، لكن المروي قال له أيضًا، "غدًا سبكون هناك الكثير من الأمطار لدلك بمكن أن يكون الوضع غير آمن".

My uncle set out to look for the howler monkey family and soon he was deep in the jungle. He could hear the monkeys and he looked up. He knew he was very close to them. Then the rain started. It was very heavy rain. Soon, there was water everywhere and he couldn't see the path to go forward or back. Suddenly, lots of water came toward him and carried him away down to the river. He was very frightened.

انطلق عمى ليبحث عن عائلة فرود العواء وبعد وقت قصير كان قد دخل في عمق الغابة. اسنطاع أن يسمع الفردة ونظر لأعلى، كان بعلم أنه قرينًا جدًا منهم. ثم بدأ هطول الأمطار، وكانت أمطارًا عربرة جدًا. وعلى الفور أصبحت لمياه في كل مكان ولم يستطع رؤبة الطربق ليدهب للأمام أو للحلف. مجأة، أتت مباه كثيرة نحوه وحملته بعبدًا إلى النهر. لقد كان مرعوبًا جدًا.

Suddenly, he saw a hand and someone was shouting. It was the villager. He took Uncle's hand and said, "Now you are safe!" My uncle was very happy indeed!

وفجأة، رأَى يـدًا وشحصًا ما يصبح، لقد كان القروي، وأخد بيد عمـي ومَـاَل، " أبت آمن الآن." <mark>كان عمـي سعيدًا جـدًا بالطبع</mark>!





GRAMMAR TUDY

We can use the prefix (un-) at the beginning of a word to get the opposite meaning.

■ يمكينا استخدام البادئه (**-un**) من بداية الكينة ليحصل علي المصاد (عكس المعنين).

- (un-) means (not) (not) vise un-)
- The armchair is very un comfortable = The armchair isn't comfortable.
- ► He looks un happy.
 = He doesn t look happy.
- The street was unsafe.

Prepositions & Phrases Many Care

Use these phrases when telling your partner where things are:

🗖 استحدم هذه العبارات عند إحبار شريكك بمكان الأشباء

On the right,...

On the wall,...

on the left....

- In the middle of the room,...
- On the right, there is an armchair.
- > On the left, there is a closet.
- In the wal, there are some posters.
- In the made of the room, there is a table.

Verb to be in the past

was

ا - He - She - It -Singular (أي اسم مفرد)

wered

You - We - They -(أي اسم جمع) Piural

- He was lucky to have so many helping hands.
- ► We were busy last weekend. ► I was excited while watching the match.
- ► She was late for school. ► It was a rainy day yesterday.
- You were not interested in that movie.
- Farreda and Dina were happy with the new apartment.

7



- She visited that town when she was six years old.
- He loved living in his grandmother's apartment as a child.
- We use the past simple tense to talk about actions that started and finished in the past.
 - الستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن أحداث وقعت في الماضي، أي بدأت وانتهت في الماضي، أي بدأت وانتهت في الماضي.
 - ► I met her in Zagazig two years ago.
- We use it also to talk about a habit or something that happened several times in the past.
 - نستخدمه أيضا للتعبير عن عادة أو شيء متكرر الحدوث في الماضي.
 - We went to my aunt's house at the beach every summer.
- We sometimes use some words with the past simple such as:
 - الطاهري الماضي البسيط مثل:

 yesterday الماضي in the past

 (الأسبوع) الماضي (week) (week) الماضي



- ▶ I finished my homework an hour ago
- They wanted to go to the park last Friday
- In the negative form, we use (didn't) and the infinitive of the verb.
 - بيمب الماضي النسيط باستخدام (didn't) ثم الفعل في المصدر (مصدر الفعل هو التصريف الأول بدون أي إضافات).
 - The people didn't help him with his work.
 - ▶ I didn't know the answer to the teacher's question
- In the interrogative form, we use (Did) at the beginning of the question or after the question word with the infinitive of the verb.
 - الاستمهام مع الفعل في المصدر. الاستمهام مع الفعل في المصدر.
 - ▶ Did you help at home? → No, I didn't.

 - ▶ What did he do yesterday? ⇒ He wrote a message to his uncle
 - ▶ What did you do last week? ⇒ I visited my grandma.

Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

next - cushions - share - closet - middle

there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed in the a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's

On the wall, there are lots of

posters of animals.

(2)

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

traveled - people - friendly - scientist - work

My uncle is a
and loves animals. When he was younger,

he a lot in South America for 6

. He loved

it there because the people were very o

and helped him

with his work.

3 Choose the correct answer: The past simple tense

- 1. He (is was were) lucky yesterday
- 2. They (was were are) at home last night.
- 3. She (were is was) unhappy last weekend.
- 4. I (was were am) at school with my friend yesterday.
- 5. We (are was were) at the zoo last Friday.
- 6. It (was were are) an uncomfortable chair.
- 7. You (are was were) unfriendly yesterday. I want you to be friendlier.
- 8. I (visit visits visited) her house when I was five
- 9. We (go went goes) to my aunt's house at the beach last summer
- 10. He (meet met meets) her in Zagazig two years ago.
- 11. When she was younger, she (travels is traveling traveled) to many different places.
- 12. She (missed misses) the bus yesterday.
- 13. It (starts is starting started) raining an hour ago.
- 14. She (wasn't doesn't don't) wear her white dress last night.
- 15. I (dont didnt wasnt) see him last night.
- 16. We didn't (he p helps helps helps) with the housework yesterday
- 17. She didn't (makes make made) new friends last week.
- 18. Did he (went goes go) to the party?





- 19. What did they (ate eat eating) for lunch?
- 20. Did she (play plays played) tennis yesterday?

Choose the correct answer: The prefix (un-)



- 1. His cat died last week. He was very (happy unnappy unfriende.)
- 2. I never sit in that green armchair it's very (safe comfortable uncomfortable).
- 3. Don't go down the street in the dark alone it's very (unfriendly unlusky unsafe).
- 4. That's very (unfair fair unclosky) you ate everything and didn't leave any for us!
- 5. He's very (lubky unicky unsafe) because he missed the bus
- 6. She's very (comfortable friendly unfriendly) she never smiles or tries to make friends.
- 7. I'm glad Mom and Dad didn't buy that couch it was really (unhappy uncomfortable unfriendly).
- 8. She's very (unsafe happy unhappy) because she lost her homework.
- 9. We all thought the new girl was (unfriendly friendly comfortable) but actually she just didn't talk much.
- 10. That electrical wire looks very (unsafe safe unlucky) don't touch it!

5 Choose the correct answer: Prepositions

- 1. (On in At) the right, there is my bed
- 2. (To -At in) the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet.
- 3. (In On To) the wall, there are lots of posters of animals
- 4. On the right, there is an armchair with a desk next (of to in) it.
- 5. (At On In) the left, there is my sister's bed.



Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

1. When we went to Sharm El-Sheikh on holiday, we

(meet)

some new friends.

SB

2 She (create) a fantastic sculpture from the garbage a year ago.

SB

3. We (carry) our heavy cases to the car an hour ago.

SB

4. His grandma

(go) to Aswan last year.

5. Yesterday, my cousin (come) to visit us.

SB

6. He looks

(happy). He doesn't look happy.

7. The armchair is very (comfortable). It isn't comfortable.

8. They (aren't) at home yesterday.

9. His cat died last week He was very

(happy).

10. I never sit in that green armchair – it's very

(condortable),

11. I didn't (knows) the answer to the teacher's question

12. Don't go down the street in the dark alone – it's very (safe).

13. That's very

(fair) – you ate everything and didn't leave

any for usl

14. They didn't (came) here by airplane.

15. He's very (lucky) because he missed the bus.

16. I nearly (miss) the train home!

17. We (deve) to the market and (buy) a present for a friend.

18. (Sleep) all the way back home.

19. We

(have) a great time.

7 > Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: 1. uncle - a - is - My - scientist.

2. make - a - bedroom - perfect - What things?

- 3. lots of are There animals posters
- 4. It rain heavy very was.
- 5. uncle was frightened My veryl
- Punctuate the following sentences:
 - 1. they didn't go to the beach on sunday
 - 2 we went to sharm el-sheikh on holiday
 - 3. what things make a perfect bedroom for you
 - 4. i love my bedroom
 - 5. his grandma went to aswan last year
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My perfect bedroom" na tin halis voti

bed - cushions - closet - desk - posters - computer



You wan true the following expressions:

- On the right On the left In the middle of the room
 - ▶ On the wall,...

Lation

Ancient Egyptian Homes



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



ancient Egyptian homes البيوت المصرية القديمة



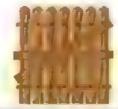
mud bricks طوب لُبِن (من الطين)



flat roofs سقف مسطحة



reed mat حصيرة من النوص



gate ىواية



two floors طابقان



furniture





أوانب



baskets





storing crops تخزين المحاصيل



sleeping area منطقة للنوم



cities

مدن

, B	itre Vecabulary	كلماق إضافية	
papyrus	نبات البردي	wooden boxes	صناديق حشبية
countryside	الريما	metal boxes	مناديق معدنية
outside	بالخارج	special style	طابع خاص
all right	ملی ما برام	cool wind	رباح باردة

personal desirable between	- Land 14 January
mud from the river	طين من النهر
close together	ا بالمُرب من بعصها !
by the banks of the Nile	عثم ضفتم النيل
at night	ग़॔ग़
To keep their homes cool.	لكب ننقب منازلهم باردة.
on hot nights	ر خي الثنالي الحارة

Regular verbs - Bakkin (feet)

	Latin Control	
relax	يسترحب	relaxed
cover	האשטי	covered
join	ا نرتبط	joined
wash	بعسل	washed

	I de la constante de la consta	
paint	بدهن - بطلب	painted
save	بوفر	saved
store	يحرن	stored
use	بستخدم - بستعمل	used



7)

أعمال عير مشخصه معالم المعالم عبر مشخصه

		(Ital		1111
think	يمكر- يعتمد	thought	keep (ப்பிதா)வற் கூற	kept
build	wiii	built	grow sile	grew
drink	يشرب	drank	fall ومقط-يقع	fell
sleep	ينام	slept	ينهب وق	went



	-	200	
tree	شحرة	spoon	مُلعقة
sheep	حروف	roof	سطح
seed	ىدرە	school	مدرسة
queen	ملكة	pool	حوض - حمام سباحة

- In English there are words with double vowels, like pool and sheep.

 When there is a double "e" in a word, the sound is long, as in:
 - العبد وجود "وو" من الكلمة، يكون الصوت طويل مثل:
- e.g. three, keep, and cheese
- When there is a double "o" in a word, the sound is long, as in:
 - عند وحود "وو" مَن الكلمة، يكون الصوبُ طويل مثل:
- e.g. school, tool, and spoon





food - zoo noon - spoon - pool

school - smooth

book - cook wood - wool

good

flood

Read and learn

Market Laurence Harris - Security

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks made very strong walls.

مب مصر القديمة، بنب العديد من الناس بيونهم فريبًا من البيل. لقد سيدحموا مياهه للشرب والطبخ والعسيل كما استخدموا طبن البهر لصبع الطون لمبازلهم. صنعت فوالن الطون البين حوائط قويه جدًا.

Ancient Egyptians wanted to keep their homes cool. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people also painted their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs, which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, relaxed, and slept there on hot nights.



Unit 7

أراد قدماء المصريين أن تحتفط سوتهم بالبرودة، وساعدهم الطوب الَّلبِن في تحقيق ذلك. كما طلـي بعـض النـاس بيوتهـم باللـون الأبيـض لجعلهـا أكثـر برودة. كان لـكل منـازل القدمـاء المصربيـن أسـقف مسـطحة، والتـب كانـت الحـرء الأكثـر بـرودة فـي المبـزل. عـادة مـا كانـت العائـلات تطبـخ وتـأكل وتسـنريح وتنـام فـوق الأسـطح فـب اللبالـي الحـارة.

The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today.

There were reed mats to sit and seep on. They used papyrus to cover the windows and doors. This kept the insects outside. In every home, there were large pots and baskets for storing crops and wooden boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs.

اختلف الأثاث في البيوت المصربة القديمة كثيرًا عن يومنا هذا. كان هناك حصيرًا للجلوس والنوم فوقه. واستحدموا ورق البردي لتعطبة النوافذ والأبواب، وهذا أبقي الحشرات خارج المنزل. في كل منزل، كانت توجد أواني طعام فخمة، وسلال لتخزين المحاصيل، وصناديق خشبية للملابس. لم يمتلك الكثير من الناس أسرّة أو كراسي.

In cities, people lived very close together, and so they built their houses taller, with two floors. This saved space so they could build more houses. في المدن، عاش الناس متفاربين، ولذلك بنوا مبازلهم أكثر ارتفاعا، بطابقين. ووفر هذا مساحات مما أتاح لهم بناء المزيد من البيوت.

City houses joined together, just like today. In the countryside, houses usually only had one floor, and they also had a garden. They grew vegetables and kept chickens there.

انضمت بيـوت المدينـه معًـا، مثـل اليـوم (شـقق فـي بنابـة مشتركة). أمـا فـي الربـف، عـادة مـا كانـت المنـازل بطابـق واحـد مقـط، وكان لهـا حديقـة حيـث قامـوا بزراعـة الخضـراوات وتربيـة الحجـاج هنـاك.



poen with

By the banks of the ancient River Nile,
Egyptian houses had a special style:
Dark inside with small windows.
Reed mats on the roof where the cool wind blows.
Outside under the stars at night,
One family together, feeling all right.
Mud from the Nile made their walls
Safe and strong, and never to fall.

على ضفاف نهر البيل القديم، كان للبيوت المصرية طابعا خاصًا: مظلمة بالداخل، ونوافذ صغيرة، وحصائر بوص فوق السطح حيث تهب النسمات الباردة. وفي الخارج تحت نجوم الليل، أسرة واحدة مجتمعة شاعرةً بالأمان. ننى طمي النيل حوائطهم قوية وآمنة، لا تسقط أبدًا.



Did you know!

مل تعلم ا

In Ancient Egypt, mud bricks kept the inside of the house cool in hot weather. Small windows and vents on the roof let air into house.

م ما مطل المدين الطائل الله الله المطاعلين بيودة المطار من الداخل ميا المعدرة والمنجاب المعارة والمنجاب ألم السقف تسمح بدخول الهواء إلى داخل المنزل.

Exercises on Lesson

1

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

drinking - bricks - Ancient - Egypt - mud

In ① Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile.

They used its water for ② ..., cooking, and washing. They also used ⑤ from the river to make bricks for their houses.

The mud ② made very strong walls.

2

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

relaxed - roofs - mud - Egyptians - bricks

Ancient wanted to keep their homes cool. The mude helped do this. Some people also painted their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, and slept there on hot nights.

3 Complete the double vowel words with "ee" or "oo":



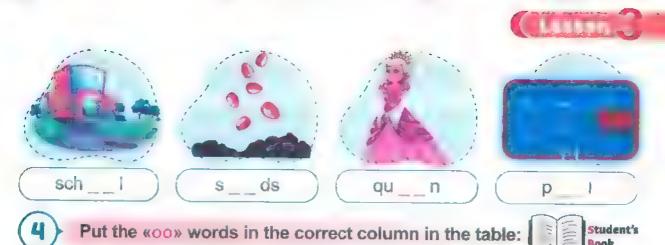












school - book - flood - smooth - cook - blood - food - zoo wood - wool - noon - spoon - pool - good

fusf	007	VAF
school	book	flood
		_

(5) Choose the correct answer:

- 1. They used (fish mud boats) from the river to make bricks for their houses.
- 2. The (roof floor mat) is the top part of a building.
- 3. Tables, chairs and closets are (walls furniture tools).
- 4. There were reed (windows doors mats) to sit and sleep on.
- 5. There were large (beds walls pots) and baskets for storing crops.
- 6. In cities, people lived very (far close open) together.
- 7. This large building has ten (roofs floors walls). It's very tall.
- 8. Ancient Egyptians (kept grew raised) vegetables.
- 9. Ancient Egyptians (grew planted kept) chickens.
- 10. The River Nile has two (banks beaches shores).







Read the text and answer the questions:

In cities, people live very close together, and so they build their houses taller, with many floors. This saves space so they can build more houses. City houses join together. In the countryside, houses usually only have one floor, and they also have a garden. Farmers grow vegetables and keep chickens there.

17 3

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. People live very close together in (villages mountains cities).
- 2. The underlined word "they" refers to the (floors people houses).

Answer these questions:

- 3. What do farmers grow?
- 4. What are the houses like in the countryside?

7 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. In Ancient Egypt, many people (make) their homes near the Nile.
- 2. Ancient Egyptian homes all ... (has) flat roofs.
- 3. Where did people (built) their homes in Ancient Egypt?
- 4. The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes (not be) the same as it is today.
- 5. The Ancient Egyptians (stores) their clothes in wooden boxes.

8 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1. had - homes - flat - Egyptian - roofs - Ancient.





- 2. made walls very The mud strong bricks.
- 3. people What use did their homes to build?
- → homes Ancient Egyptians near made the Nile their.
- 5. usually In houses the countryside, one floor had.
- 6. their did homes Where Anc ent Egyptians build?
- 9 Punctuate the following sentences:
 - 1 what do you think ancient egyptian homes were like
 - 2. they saw the banks of the river nile
 - 😆 in egypt houses have a special style 🛌
 - 4. where did ayman go last monday
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

► Ideas to help you: "Ancient Egyptian homes"

mud bricks - near the Nile - floors - furniture - roofs - cool - comfortable



Lessens



Writing & Project



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



blog

مُدَوْنَة



blogging

التدوين (الكتابة في مدونة)



topic

موضوع



ecological

بيئي



ecologically friendly صدیق للبیئة

unusual

غير نمطي - غير معتاد



Netherlands

دولة هولندا



landscape

منظر طبيعي



farmhouse

منزل ريفي



upside down

مقلوب - رأسًا على عقب



at the top

في القمة



a lot of light

الكثير من الّضوء









Extra '	Vocabulary	ات إضافية	ر الم
online blog	مدونة عبر الإنترنت	related to	متعلق بـ - مرتبط بـ
living things	الكائنات الحية	environments	تائیا
farms	فزارع	fields	ا مقول مارک

S B tudent's

blogging: to write about something in an online blog

ecological : related to living things and their environments

Compagnion of males

Regular verbs

heat	يُسَخِّن	heated
discuss	يناقش	discussed
research	تتحن	researched

check	يفحص - يزاجع	checked
fit	يناسب - يليق	fitted
invite	يدعو	invited

irregular verbs - Addin jut Jisoi

	ina J		je na series de la companya de la co
find	تخد	found	
give	شهعت	gave	

	Carried and	The same of the sa
speak	يتحدث	spoke
make sure	يتأكد	made sure

| Read and Loan



Dalida's blog

مدونة دالبذا

BLOW HOME ABOUT ME LINKS AR

Wednesday, 8th November

الأربعاء 8 نوفمبر

Unusual homes

بيوت غير تقليدية

Hi! My name's Dalida and I like blogging about different things. This week I'm writing about unusual homes. This topic is very interesting for me because my mom's an architect, so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant places. It's really awesome!

مرحبا! اسمت دالبدا، وأحب البدوين عن أشباء مختلفة عبر الأغرب سخت هذا تصلب عن البيوت غير النمليدية هذا موضوع شنق جدًّ، بالنسبة لم، وديث عن الأعلادية معمارية، لذا مهم بأخذيب أحيانًا لأرب بعض الأملان الصهرة إستارية، لذا مهم بأخذيب أحيانًا لأرب بعض الأملان الصهرة إستارية،

I found this unusual house in the Netherlands online - it's upside down! It is actually an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern. This works very well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light. Local people like it because it fits in



very well with the local landscape, which is farms and fields. It is also very ecological because they use air, water, and sun to heat and make energy for the house. That's so cool!



عثرت على هذا البيت العجيب في هولندا عبر الإنترنت، إنه مقلوب رأسًا على عقب! كان مي الأصل بيثًا ريميًا قديمًا وأراد الناس تغبيره ليصبح بيتا معاصرًا. وهذا جيد جدًا لأن النوافذ الآن كلها في الأعلى، وتُدجل الكثير من الضوء، يحب السكان المحليون هذا المنزل

لأنه يلبق حبدًا بالمنظر الطبيعي حوله من مرارع وحقول جهو أعما صدير العينه. لأنهم يستخدمون الهواء والماء والشمس للتدفئة وتوليد الصافه للمبرل، وشدا

شىء ممتاز! 🙂

What do you think of it? Do you like it?

ما رأيك فيه؟ هل تحيه؟





كتابة مدونة Writing a blog

- 1. Write about something you like and enjoy. اكنت عن شيء نحية ويستمنع به
- 2. Write to your readers as if you are speaking to them. Use contractions (I'm, It's) and words like 'awesome' and 'com'.
 - اكتب تلفراء كما يو كنت تتحدث إليهم، واستجدم احتصارات مثل (l'm − lt's) وكلمات مثل (awesome − cool)
- 3. Use exclamation marks (!) and emojis: 🙂 🔀 🔀
 - ◄ استخدم علامات تعجب (!) و وإيموجيز (رموز تعبيرية).
- 4. Give your opinion and invite your readers to give theirs.
 - 🖊 أَبدِ رأيك وادعُ قراءك أن يبدوا آراءهم.
- 5. Check that your spelling is correct. من صدة التهدئة من كتابيث. ﴿
- 6. Use adjectives in a blog to make it interesting.
 - ◄ استخدم الصفات في المدونة لكي تجعلها مشوقة.



العرض التقديمي Thepresentation

عند تقديم عرض تقديمي اتبع الأتي:

- 1. Think about your presentation. What can you write? What headings and pictures can you use? Can you draw a picture?
 - مكر في عرصك التعديمي، مادا يمكنك أن يكتب؟ ما بلعناوين والصور انتي يمكن أن تستخدمها؟ هل يمكنك رسم صورة؟
- 2. Decide who will do what. Make sure you both have something to do.
 - ◄ د دد دورگ ود ور رمسك، وتأكد من أن لكل متكما مهام تقومان نها.
- 3. Make your presentation. Check your work.
 - ◄ قم بعمل عرضك التقديمي، وراحعه.
- 4. Practice your presentation. Make sure you both speak.
 - حرن علم عرضً التقديمي، والنزس علم أن بنددتُ كلاكما
- 5. Give your presentation to the class.
- ◄ قم بتقديم عرضك التقديمي للفصل.







Exercises on Lessons

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

landscape - down - Netherlands - ecological - house

In the ①, local people like the upside ② house because it fits in very well with the local ②, which is farms and fields. It is also very ② because they use air, water, and sun to heat and make energy for the house. That's so cool!

(2) Choose the correct answer:

- 1. (Blogging Emailing Messaging) means to write about something in an online blog.
- 2. This house is (usual unusual normal). It's upside down.
- The word (landscape blogging ecological) means that something is related to living things and their environments.
- 4. The (builder architect worker) designs buildings.
- 5. In the countryside, there are a lot of (farmhouses towers large buildings).
- 6. The local (landscape people buildings) of the countryside includes farms and fields.
- 7. This food is (brilliant interesting awful). I don't like it.
- 8. I don't like (annoying cool funny) sounds.
- 9. My sister's drawings are (boring awful awesome). They are fantastic.
- 10. All my friends are (cool awful strange). I like all of them.

3 Read the text again and answer the questions:

Hi! My name's Dalida and I like blogging about different things. This week I'm writing about unusual homes. This topic is very interesting for me because my mom's an architect, so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant places. It's really awesome!





Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Dalida likes (gaming blogging drawing).
- 2. Dalida's mom is an (engineer officer architect).
- Answer these questions:
 - 3. What's Dalida writing about this week?
 - 4. Where does Dalida's mom take her?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- Local people (likes) it because it fits in very well with the local landscape.
- 2. All the windows (be) at the top, so you get a lot of light.
- 3. You (IS) going to research an Ancient Egyptian home.
- 4. What does the home (looked) like on the outside?
- 5. (Are) it in the city or in the countryside?

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. about blogging like different I things.
- 2. interesting very topic This is.
- 3. the visit Da da house didn't unusual.
- 4. like unusual Land this people house.



400 **S** Write your blog. Find an unusual house or home and write about it: s,tuapnts







Printe 30.40 World

- Where it is and give some information about it.
- What you think about it and why.
- Ask the readers about their opinion.



Give a presentation to your class:





Work in pairs. Discuss and decide.

into pairs and think about: Find a home to talk about to give a presentation to your class. Get You are going to research an Ancient Egyptian home.

- Where is the home? Is it in the city or in the countryside?
- What does the home look like on the outside?
- What is inside the home?
- Would you like to live in a home like this one? Why? Why not?





1

Listen and choose the correct answer:



(4.5Ms)

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (222) آخر الكتاب،

- 1. Fareeda loves her (bathroom living room bedroom).
- 2. In the middle of the room, there is a/an (armchair cushion bed).
- 3. On the (right left wall), there are lots of posters of animals.
- 2 Read and complete the dialogue:

(8Ms)

cushions - apartment - town - kitchen

Fareeda: Hi Dina, welcome to my new 1

! Come in!

Dina : Thanks! Do you like living here?

Fareeda: I love it! It's a great apartment! I like this part of 2

and it's much bigger than our old apartment.

Dina: What's better about this new apartment?

Fareeda: Come and see. The new 3 is bigger.

Dina: Very nice. And this is the living room?

Fareeda: Yes, as you can see, there's more space so we can have a

bigger television. Look at these traditional 4

. They

were a gift from Grandma.

It's lovely! Congratulations!

Read the text and answer the questions:

(7.5Ms)

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks made very strong walls.



Ancient Egyptians wanted to keep their homes cool. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people also painted their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs, which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, relaxed, and slept there on hot nights.

0

Answer these questions:

- 1. Why did some people paint their homes white?
- 2. What were the coolest parts of the houses?

Choose the

Choose the correct answer:

- 3. In Ancient Egypt, many people made their (hospitals schools homes) near the Nile.
- 4. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and (reading washing playing).
- 5. The mud bricks made very (strong weak uncomfortable) walls.

4 Choose the correct answer:

(5Ms)

- 1. He is (comfortable lucky unlucky). He fell off his bike.
- 2. I (give gave gives) him a present last weekend.
- 3. The (roof floor mat) is high, but you can climb up to it.
- 4. Where did she (go goes went) last week?
- Our oven is (old modern awful). My mom says it's much easier to cook in.

(5)

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

(5Ms)

- 1. you like the upside Do house down?
- 2. houses Egyptian style had a special.
- 3. writing homes about I'm unusual.
- 4. you do Where live? >
- 5. was interested in very He monkeys.



44





1

Listen and circle the correct answer:

(6Ms)

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (222) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. My uncle is a (vet teacher scientist doctor) and loves animals.
- 2. When he was younger, he traveled a lot in South America for (fun holiday vacation work).
- 3. People in South America were very (friendly bad unlucky unfriendly).
- 4. About (three thirty thirteen fifteen) years ago, something frightening happened to him.

2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- 1. I live in a/an (house apartment kitchen closet) on the third floor.
- 2. I (create cover sleep share) a room with my sister. We live in it together.
- 3. It was very (fair unfair unsafe friendly) to lose yesterday's match. We played very well.
- 4. The unusual house is (awesome awful annoying boring). Local people like it.

Read and complete the text with the words in the box: (4Ms)

beds - pots - mats - crops - furniture

The
in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today. There were reed
papyrus to cover the windows and doors. This kept the insects outside. In every home, there were large
and baskets for storing and wooden boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs.

	-
41	1
-44	
	_

Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms

Dina is a student. She's ten years old and she has a brother and a little sister. Dina walks to school with her brother. She likes her school and her teachers. Her father is a dentist. Every day, he drives his car to work. Her mother works in a primary school in Shobra. In the evening, she helps Dina and her brother with their homework, and then they all sit and watch TV.



Choose the correct answer:

- 1. There are (four five six seven) persons in Dina's family.
- 2. Dina goes to school (by car by bus on foot by train).
- Answer these questions:
 - 3. What does Dina's mother do?
 - 4. How does Dina's father go to his work?
- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

(2Ms)

- 1. modern your or home Is old?
- 4, the is My right bed on.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)
- 1. He didn't (ate) fish yesterday.
- 2. The armchair was (comfortable). She didn't want to buy it.
- Punctuate the following sentence:

(1M)

- where does amir live
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

"My perfect room"

▶ Ideas to help you:

- What is it? What's on the left?
 - What's in the middle?
- What's on the right?
- Why do you like it?





Vocabulary

Listening

Phonics

Health: ankle, back, cold, cough, earache, headache, shoulder, sore throat, stomachache, toothache, backache, unwell, relative, crowded, staff, injection, corridor, helpful, hospital, patient, bandage, sunscreen, honey and lemon, pill, cut knee, sunburn, treatment, wound, bacteria, infect, heal, scissors, insect bite, cream, cleansing, wipe, medical gloves, rubber, band, safety pin, soap

- Using have to talk about illness, i.e. I have a headache.

- Do you have an earache? - Asking about illness, i.e. What's the matter?

Language - Where does it hurt?

 Negative prefixes, i.e. un- (unusual), ir- (irresponsible), il- (illegal), im- (impossible)

Reading - Text about a hospital in India

- Presentation about staying healthy

- Dialog between mom and son about feeling unwell

write a short paragraph about staying healthy.
 plan what to put in a first-ald kit and make a poster.

Dialog between doctor and patient

Speaking - Talking about illness

Writing - A short paragraph about staying healthy

- Poster about what to include in a first-aid kit

/f/ and /v/ minimal pairs, e.g. van – fan, life – live
Correctly pronounce the negative prefixes un- (unusual), ir- (irresponsible)

il- (illegal), and im- (impossible)

Life skills Critical thinking: Working out treatments for illnesses

Values Respect: Respecting other people's opinions - Appreciating science

challenges Therapeutic health: What do you do to stay healthy?

Inegrated cross- Math: Bar charts

cultural topics Project: Poster about what to include in a first-aid kit





They didn't come to the club!



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



toothache ألم في الأسنان



earache ألم في الأذن



backache ألم في الظهر



headache ألم في الرأس - صداع



sore throat التهاب في الحلق



hurt يعيب - يجرح - يۇلم



<mark>cold</mark> زکام - انفلونزا



cough کحة - سعال



ankle الكاحل - رسغ القدم



shoulder نفتذ



stomach معدة



problem مشکلة

Extra	Vocabulary	ة إضافية	المان المان
club	ينادي <mark>last ni</mark>	ight	الليلة الماضية
football practice	swimn تدريب كرة القدم	ning	السباحة
coach	houey المرات	•	عسل
dentist	طبيب أسنان <mark>medic</mark> i	ine	دواء
careful	sick pe دريص - دذر	eople	المرضى المرضى

أتمنى هذا، أيضًا.

feel better يشعر بتحسن

هُلِقَ بِشَأَنِ worried about

ما الأمر؟ - مادا بك؟

پحظمی (یقضی) بیوم جمیل پوض جمیل

هل أنت بخير؟ هل أنت بخير الله على الله

يجِب أن تبقَى مَي المنزل. يجِب أن تبقى مَي المنزل.

Conjugation of order

Regular verbs accinio disal

stay home يَرَفُم stayed home number مِثَنُ numbered talk يتُعدث talked hope المؤمل hoped

أفعال غير مشاهدة المعال على المعال على المعال على المعال على المعالمة المع

	CARRON OF THE	The second secon		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
hurt	يصيب - يؤلم	hurt	tell	يخبر	told
come	تاتت	came	feel	یشعر - یحس	felt
have - ha	ادیه- یتناول as	had	say	يقول	said
go	تجهن	went	think	يعتقد	thought

(Links

Physical Property lies



The Lesson Notes

What's the matter?

- ◄ ما الأمر؟ مادا بك؟ مِمَّ تشكو؟
- السخدم هذا السؤال عند سؤال شخص عن حاله ويمكن أيضاً استخدام تعبيرات أخرى مثل:
- How do you feel?

🖊 كيف تشعر؟

Are you OK?

- ◄ هل أنت بخير (علم ما يرام)؟
- لاحظ استخدام (a) أو (an) قبل أسماء الأمراض كما في التالي:-
- ▶ When we have a cough or a sore throat, we should stay home.
- Amr has an earache.
- I have a backache.

Read and learn

mandage Paras Mari Salata



- Mom: Hi Fares! Did you have a good day at the club?
 - 🙎 الأم 😮 أهلًا فارس. هل كان يومك جيدًا في النادب؟



🛣 فارس: ليس تمامًا. لم يحضر خمسة أشخاص إلى النادي اليوم!



Mom: Oh no! Are they OK?

الأم: أوه لاا هل هم على ما يرام؟

Fares: No, they have problems. My friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice last night. And Amr has an earache from swimming.

مربر لا، لدبهم مشاكل. آدم صديقي طارق كاحله مي تمرين كرة القدم ليلة أمس. وعمرو لديه أله في الأذن من الساحة.

Mom: What about your cousin Lama? Your aunt said she had a toothache.

الله : مادا عن الله عمتك لممك قالت عمتك أن أسنانها تؤلمها.







Fares: No, she wasn't there. I think she went to the dentist. Two of my friends have a cold. The coach told us to be careful. When we have a cough or a sore throat, we should stay home!

مارس. لا، له، تكن هناك. أظن أنها ذهبت لطبيب الأسنان. اثنان من أصدقائب لديهما انفلونزا. أخرنا المدرد أن نتودى الدخ في دالة حدوث سعال أو التهاب في الطق يدب علينا البقاء في المنزل!



Mom: How do you feel?

🙎 الأم ؛ كيف تشعر؟



Fares: Well, I have a backache and I'm worried about my friends, I hope they'll feel better tomorrow.

👤 مارس حسنًا، ظهري يؤلمني وأنا قَلِق بشأن أصدقائي. آمل أن يشعروا بتحسُّن غدًا.





Mom: I hope so, too!

🧖 الأم : آمل ذلك، أيضًا!





Read and learn



Mom: What's the matter, Dina? Do you have a toothache?

Dina: Yes. My tooth hurts!

الأم: ما الأمر يا دينا؟ هل لديكِ ألم في Schillant

دينا: نعم، أسناني تؤلمني!



Mom, can I have some milk and honey for my cough, please?

هل أستطيع أن أتناول يعضًا من اللبن والعس للكحة، من فضلك يا أمري؟





Ouch! My shoulder hurts!

أي ا كتفي يؤلمني.



Mom: What's the matter, Wael? Does

your stomach hurt?

Wael: No, I have a headache.

الأم: ما الأمريا وائل؟ هل معدتك تؤلمك؟

وائل: لا، أشعر بصداع.

Did you know?



In Ancient Egypt, doctors often used honey as medicine to help sick people.

في مصر القديمة، غالبًا ما كان يستخدم الأطباء عسل النحل كدواء لعلاج المرضى،

Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

hurt - come - swimming - have - toothache

Hi I'm Fares! I didn't 1 a good day at the club. Five people didn't come to the club today! They aren't OK. They have problems. My friend Tarek 2 his ankle at football practice last night. Amr has an earache from 1 . My aunt said my cousin Lama had a 1 . I think she went to the dentist.



2 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Do you have a sore (head shoulder throat)?
- 2. Lama had a (headache toothache backache). She went to the dentist.
- 2. Tarek hurt his (par throat ankle) at football practice fast night. He can't walk well.
- 4. I have a (headache toothache backache). My back hurts.
- Amr has a/an (stomachache earache headache) from swimming. His ear hurts.
- 6. When we have a (problem sore cough) throat, we should stay home!
- 7. Two of my friends have a (backache cold toothache). They cough a lot.
- 8. When your head hurts, you have a (backache earache headache).
- 9. Milk and honey can help with a/an (cough earache toothache). They are good for your throat.
- 10. I can't talk. My (back shoulder throat) hurts.

3

Read the text and answer the questions:

Fares had a bad day at the club. Because five people didn't come to the club! His friends have problems. His friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice. And Amr has an earache from swimming. Lama wasn't there. She went to the dentist. Two of his friends have a cold. The coach told them to be careful. When they have a cough or a sore throat, they should stay home! Fares has a backache and he's worried about his friends. He hopes they'll feel better tomorrow.



Unit > 1



- 1. Fares's friends have (a good day a party problems).
- 2. Lama has a (toothache headache backache).

Answer these questions:

- 3. Why didn't Fares have a good day at the club?
- 4. What did the coach tell them?

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. you at Did have a good day the club?
 - ?
- 2. swimming from has Amr earache an.

3. careful – be – The coach – to – told – us.

8. Dina - matter, - What - the - is?

- 4. you How feel do?
- 5. about my worried friends I'm.
- 6. throat Do have sore a you?
- 7. stomach Does hurt your?
- ?



Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between bracket
1. What jobs can people (doing) in a hospital?
2. How does Fares (feels) today?
2. When we (has) a sough or a sore throat, we should
stay home!
4. They didn't (came) to the club!
5. I hope I'll (feeling) better tomorrow.
6. Fares's back hurts. He (have) a backache.
7. Do you (had) a toothache?
6 Punctuate the following sentences:
1. how does fares feel today
2. in ancient egypt, doctors often used honey as medicine

3. my friend tarek hurt his ankle
4. i think lama went to the dentist





Lesson How are you?



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary







illness مرض



sick person شخص مریض



patients مرضر



unwell شیسعلممایراه،-مریض



bandage ضمادة



cut (n)



injection حقلة



medicine



staff طاقم العمل



relatives باقارب



stomachache ألم في المعدة

y	Extra Vocabulary	أمامته	CIOR T
corridor	رواق - رُدهة - ممر	care for	ا بهتم ب
treat	يعالچ	look after	العيبت ن
helpful	مفید - متعاون	family member	فرد من العائلة
crowded	مزدحم	instead of	بدلاً من
busy	مزدحم - مشغول	alone	بمفرده
wonderful	ُ رائع	playground	, ملعب - فناء - ساحة اللعب



Sentences & Expressions

do something special

يقومون بشيء مميز

I don't feel well.

أنا لست على ما يرام.

Sleep well.

نه، ديدًا.

Take this medicine.

خذ هذا الدواء.

Companies of north

Regular verbs Letilia Jisci

had a chance		
treat	يعالج	treated
turn into	يحول إلى	turned into
return	يعود - يرجع	returned
clean	ينظف	cleaned
travel	يسافر	traveled

visit	يزور	visited
look after	تعيسة	looked after
care for	تهیها خ	cared for
change	يُغيُّر	changed
worry	يقلق	worried

irregular verba mahilin ja ijladi

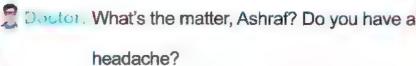
And the second second		
fall over	يقع-يسقط	fell over
hurt	يۇلە	hurt
give	تعطت	gave
sleep	يناه	slept
see	یری	saw

		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
become	تمنح	became
teach	يُعلِّم - يُدرس	taught
know	يعرف	· new
take	يأذذ	took
put	يضع	put





🧖 أشرف: أهلًا دكتور. أشعر بالإعياء.





🧮 الطبيب؛ ما المشكلة يا أشرف؟ هل تشعر بصداع؟

Ashraf: No, Doctor. I don't have a headache.

👮 أشرف: لا يا دكتور، لا أشعر بصداع.

Doctor: Do you have a stomachache?

الطبيب؛ هل تعاني من ألم في المعدة؟

🚍 Ashraf: No, Doctor. I don't have a stomachache.

👚 آشرف؛ لا يا دكتور، معدتي لا تؤلمني.

Doctor: Do you have a toothache?

📓 الطبيب:هل تؤلمك أسنانك؟

Ashraf: No, Doctor. I don't have a toothache. I have ... I have ... Achoo!

🌉 أشرف: لا با دكيور، لاأسناني لا يؤلمني. عندي.. عندي.. آنشووا

Ductor Oh, dear! You have a cold. Stay home, sleep well, and take this

medicine.

🧸 العلب أوه بـ عربري، أنت مصاب بنزلة بردا الق في المبرل، ونم حيدًا، وتناول هذا الدواء.





Nurse: Come in, Nahla. What's the matter?

الممرضة ؛ تفضَّلَب يا نهلة، ما المشكلة؟

Nahla: I fell over in the playground.

: لقد سقطت في ساحة اللعب.

Nurse: Oh, dear. Where does it hurt?

🛭 الممرضة 🚦 أوه يا عزبرتي. ما الذي يؤلمكِ؟



Nahla: Here. I have a cut on my arm.

: هنا. لدی جرح فی ذراعی،



Nurse: Oh, yes, I see. Don't worry. I'll clean it and put a bandage on it.

🔻 الممرضة : 💎 🔻 مسيد عالظت الجرد وأضع صمادة عليه.



Nahla: Thank you, nurse.

: أشكركِ أيَّتها الممرِّضة،



A special hospital

مستشفت مميزة

In a hospital in Bangalore, a city in southern India, there are many patients. The hospital treats patients from all over the country. With every patient, there are about ten family members. In India, it is unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone.

ع بيد عمد حيوب الهند. <mark>بوجد الكثير من المرضم. تعالج</mark> ال 🕒 الله وكل مريض تصحيه جونات عشرة من أفراد عائلته. إنه

أمر غير معتاد في الهند أن يذهب مريض إلى المستشفى بمفرده.





Family usually go with their unwell relative. This means that the hospital is often very crowded and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the staff at this hospital do something special. They turn a problem into something wonderful. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give injections.

عادّة ما تدهب العائلة مع قربيهم المريض. وهذا يعني أن المستشمى عابيا ما يكول مردحمة ومشغولة ولكن بددً من إجبار أفراد العائلة أنه لا يمكنهم زبارة أفاريهم المرسب بموم أمراد العائلة أنه لا يمكنهم زبارة أفاريهم المرسب بموم أمراك الطاقم الطبيب من المستشمى بشبء مميز. إنهم بحوّلون المشكلة إلى أسبء مدينل ودلك عن طريق إفايية مصول تتعليم العائلة كيمية العباية بالشجص المربض، علما مسرد الدالي البعض كيمية إعطاء الحقن

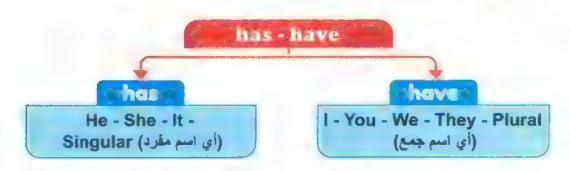
Each afternoon, staff from the hospital turn the corridors into classrooms. The nurses become teachers and the family members - and sometimes even the patients - become the students. Not only does this help the hospital staff, but it also helps the families to care for their relatives when they go home. The staff know that the lessons work because not as many patients return to the hospital now.

في طهيرة كل يوم، يقوم أمراد الطامم الطبي شحويل الطرمات إلى فصول. بنحول طاقم التمريض إلى معلمين، وبنحول أفارب المرضم، وأحيانا المرضى أنفسهم، إلى طلاب وهذا لا تساعد طاقم المستشمى فحسب، ولكنه أيضًا تساعد العائلات من رعاية دونهم عند الرحوع إدا ممرل علالما انظامم أن هذه الدروس مد تحجب لأن العديد من المرضى لا يعودون إلى المستسفى فرة تحرف.



GRAMMAR STUDY





- We use (has have) to talk about illnesses.
 - نستخدم الأفعال (has have) عند الحديث عن الأمراض.
- Amir has a stomachache.
- ▶ They don't have a toothache.
- ▶ She doesn't have a cold.
- ▶ Do you have an earache? ► No, I don't have an earache.
- ▶ Does Aya nave a cough? No, she doesn't have a cough.

لنفي الفعل (nave) باستخدام كلمة (dont) قبله وننفي الفعل (has) باستخدام كلمة (dont) المتخدام كلمة (doesn't) قبله ثم الفعل في المصدر (بدون إضافات) أي تتحول (has) إلى (have).
 وكذلك عند عمل سؤال نستخدم (do-does) مع الفعل في المصدر (have).



لنظر أن



The graffing San - ir - 11; im?

- We can add the prefixes (un ir il im) to make the opposite of an adjective:
- البادئة أحيانًا نحصل على المضاد أو عكس الصفة بإضافة بادئة في أول الكلمة وهذه البادئة (un ir il im):

Prefix	Root الكلمة	All of		Opposite قادماً	
	usual	معتاد	7	unusual	، غیر معتاد
	well	بحالة جيدة	2	unwell	لیس علہ ما یراہ
un-	happy	سعتر	7	unhappy	; غیر سعید
1 	safe	آمن	2	unsafe	: ' غیر آمن !
	fit	لائق بدنيًا	7	unfit	ٰ غیر لائق بدنیًا
ir-	responsible	مسئول	2	irresponsib	غیر مسئول ا
	regular	منتظم	==	irregular	اً غیر منتظم
il-	legal	قانوني - شرعي	=	illegal ye	عير قانوني - غير ش
	possible	مفكن	7	impossible	عیر ممکن - <mark>مستحیل</mark>
11 (300	polite	مۇدب	2	impolite	غير مؤدب - وقِح
	moral	أخلاقي	2	immoral	إ غير أخلاقي





- When the word begins with (r), we use the prefix (ır).
- When the word begins with (i) we use the prefix (ii).

 When the word begins with (iii) or (p), we use the prefix (im).



Banders on Ligatine

	_	
	4	1
-	1	- }
	-	

Complete the summary of the text with the words in the box:



helpful - hospital - injection - staff - patients - relatives

The text is about a 0	in India. It is a very
busy place that treats o	from all over
the country. People usually travel to the	hospital with many
so this means the ho	ospital is always very
crowded. At the hospital, the o	teach the
family members how to do useful things, like ch	nanging a bandage or
giving an 6 . This is 0	for
both the staff and the patients.	

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

bandage - matter - hurt - playground - cut

I'm Nahla. I fell over in the

on my arm. The Nurse will clean it and put a

on it.

- 3 Choose the correct answer: Vacabala,
 - 1. The (school hospital club) is a place that treats patients.
 - The hospital is a very busy place, so this means the hospital is always very (crowded - empty - clean).
 - 3. In an Indian hospital, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give (injections - patients - illnesses).

Terran 2

Connect 5⊢

a)

Unit (o)

- 4. At an Indian hospital, the (corridors relatives staff) teach the family members how to do useful things.
- 5. The staff at this hospital are (helpful patients crowded).
- 6. The hospital (cuts treats hurts) patients from all over the country.
- 7. The staff of the hospital care for the (patients relatives members) to get better soon.
- 8. With every patient, there are about ten family (trees members parks).
- 9. I ate something bad. I have a (backache stomachache headache).
- 10. You should take your (sandwiches coffee medicine) when you are sick.

Choose the correct answer: Grammar

- 1. Amir (is has have) a stomachache.
- 2. I (am has have) a headache.
- 3. She (has have is) an earache.
- 4. We (are has have) a cold.
- 5. They (aren't don't doesn't) have a toothache.
- 6. He (.sn t don't doesn't) have a sore throat.
- 7. You (have has are) a cold. You should stay home.
- 8. They (are has have) cuts on their arms.
- 9. She doesn't (has have is) a stomachache.
- 10. (Do Does Is) Ali have an earache?
- 11. (Does Do Are) you feel well?
- **12.** Does she (has have is) a toothache?
- 13. He doesn't (is has have) a cough.
- 14. Does he (have has is) a headache?
- 15. Does Salma (has is have) a cold?





5	-	Put the wo	ords in the	correct	order to	make	sentences:
	/				010010	HIGHE	contanioco.

- 1. an you earache Do have?
 - ?

- 2. sore a I throat have.
- 3. a has He cold.
- 4. Nader have Does headache a?
- 5. well feel don't i.
- 6. have don't stomachache I a.
- •
- 7. hospital crowded is often The.
- 8. have I on a cut arm my.

6 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. In India, it is (usual) for a sick person to go to the hospital alone. He goes with his family.
- 2. It's (legal) to take your friend's things without telling him.
- 3. He feels (well). He is sick.
- 4. It's (moral) to say bad words to your friend.
- 5. She is (responsible). She is still young.
- 6. It's (possible) to play tomorrow's match. His leg is broken.
- 7. He feels . . (happy). He looks sad.



8. The bridge is	(safe). Don't cross it.
9. l'm	(fit). I should eat healthy food and play sports.
10. It's	(polite) to shout in the class.
11. The verb go is	(regular),
7 Read and write	the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
1. The hospital	(treating) patients from all over the country.
2. What	(are) the matter with Ashraf?
3. Some people	(learns) how to change bandages and
others learn how t	to give injections.
4. Salma	(have) a cold.
5. My throat really	(hurting)!
8 Punctuate the	e following sentences:
1. come in gamila	
)*************************************
2. did karim hit his ea	ar with a ball
	, , 150 , 150, 150, 150, 150, 150, 150,
3. in a hospital in ind	ia there are many patients
	,,
4. what part of her be	ody has nahla hurt
•	

Term 1

66 Step Ahead



Lesson



The power of honey



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



cut knee جرح في الركبة - ركبة مجروحة



pills حبوب دواء



sunburn التعرض لحروق الشمس



sunscreen کریم و<mark>اقم من الشمس</mark>



skin ala



bacteria ایکتیریا



medical care رعایة طبیة



treatment علاج



treating illnesses علاج الأمراض



injuries (sing. injury) تطابلتا



wounds cups



healing wounds التئام (شفاء) الجروح





Ext	ra Vocabulary 🗯	ت إضافية	,۔۔۔۔۔۔۔
honey	عسل	scientist	رمالد
lemon	ليمون	sweet substance	مادة حلوة (مسكرة)
types of honey	أ.واع من العسل	recently	ٍ <mark>حديثًا - مؤذرًا</mark>
bees	نحل	exactly	ً تمامًا - بالضبط

Pronunciation: the M/ and M/ sounds

How to make the /v/ sound:

الموت /f/: عيفية نطق الصوت /f/:

▶ Rest your top teeth on your lower lip. Blow, but don't use your voice!

♦ ضع أسنانك العلوية على شفتك السفلية. انطق ولكن لا تستخدم صوتك! (أحبالك الصوتية لا تتحرك).

How to make the /v/ sound: ،/v/: الصوت /v/.

Rest your top teeth on your lower lip. Blow, but do use your voice!

 ◄ ضع أسنانك العلوية على شفتك السفلية. انطق ولكن استخدى صوتك! (أحبالك الصوتية تتحرك)



frog	ضفدع	vet	طبيب بيطري
scarf	كوفية	vegetables	خضراوات
fruit	فاكهة	television	تلفاز
fan	مروحة	van	عربة مغلقة
life	حياة	leave	يترك - يغادر
ferry	مرکب - معدیة	live	يعيش
few	قليل	very	جدًا
safe	آمن	view	منظر
leaf	ورقة شجر	save -	يوفر - يدخر
fine	ختر	lovely	جميل



أضف إلى معلوماتك:

- تتقسم الأصوات الساكية إلى (voiced)، وهـي الأصوات البي نهتر فيها الأحبال
 الصوتية عند نطقها مثل:
- (b d g j l m n r v w y z th /ð/ "there"). والنوء الآخر من الأصورت التم لا نهنا (voiceless)، وهما الأصورت التم لا نهنا فيها الأحيال الصوتية عند نطقها مثل:

 $(ch-f-k-p-s-sh-t-th/\theta/$ "thing")

Math

bar chart	free-time مخطط بیانی - مخطط شریطی	وقت الفراغ
survey	activities	أنشطة
result (n)	popular	اٍ شعبي - محبوب
information	stay healthy معلومات	يظل بصحة جيدة

Vocabulary Study S B tudent's

wound : an injury that damages your skin

treatment: medical care to help you get better

heal : to get better

bacteria : very small things that can make you ill

Engagetion of Lords

Regular verbs kahilis ijlæði

Pre	sent	
enjoy	يستمتع	enjoyed
heal	ئىمسا - لمييات	healed
contain	يحتوي على	contained
ask	يطلب - يسأل	asked
watch	يشاهد	watched

		والمراجع المراجع الأراج المراجع الأراج المراجع
kill	يقتل	killed
mix	يخلط - يمرج	mixed
دة stay healthy	يبقى نصحة خت	stayed healthy
try	يحاول	tried
damage	يُتلف	damaged



hrregular verbs مُنظمة أضعال غير منتظمة

			Pre	sent	
cut	يقطع-يجرح	cut	leave	يغادر - يترك	left
read	يقرأ	read	make	يصنع	made
get better	يتحسن	got better	do	يفعل	did

Read and learn

Do you like honey? Perhaps you enjoy eating it for breakfast. Or maybe you enjoy it in a sweet basbousa? But did you know that honey isn't only a food? It is also used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses.

Herman Law Inc.



هل تحب عسل النحل؟ ربما تستمتع بأكله على الإفطار، أو تستمتع به في البسبوسة الحلوة؟ ولكن هل تعلم أن العسل ليس طعامًا فقط؟ إنه يستخدم أيضًا كعلاج لبعض الإصابات والأمراص.

In some countries, honey has been used by doctors for thousands of years. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Recently, scientists have tried to find out exactly why honey is so good for healing wounds and treating illnesses.

في بعض الدول، استُخدِم العسل من قِبل الأطباء لآلاف السنين. كان أول استخدام له لمداواة الجروح بواسطة الأطباء المصريين منذ حوالي 5,000 عام. ومؤخرًا، حاول العلماء اكتشاف سبب كون العسل جيدًا جدًا مُي المساعدة على التئام الجروح ومعالجة الأمراض.

Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however. The honey that doctors use is a special honey only



that is safe to use as a treatment. So, if you have a jar of honey in your cupboard, you can mix it with milk to make your cough better, but don't put it on your cut knee!

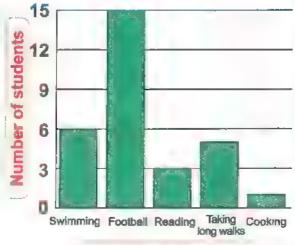
يعرف العلماء أن بعض أنواع العسل تحتوي علي بعض المواد التي تساعد علم قتل البكتيريا، مما يساعد علم التئام الجروح بشكل أسرع. ولكن عليك أن تكون حذرًا، فالعسل الذي يستخدمه الأطباء هو عسل خاص وهو الوحيد الآمن للاستخدام كعلاج. لذلك، إذا كان لديك برطمان عسل في خزانة المطبخ، يمكنك خلطه مع الحليب كي يساعدك في التخلص من السعال، ولكن لا تضعه على جرحٍ في زُكبتك!

المخطط البيانيي bar chart

• A bar chart is a way of showing information. Last week, 30 students were asked about their favorite free-time activity to stay healthy. Here is the result of their survey. Which favorite activity was enjoyed by the biggest number of students?

المخطِّط هو طريقة لعرض المعلومات. الأسبوع الماضي، تم سؤال 30 طالب عن نشاطهم المفضل في وقت الفراغ للبقاء بصحة جيدة. إليك نتيجة الاستطلاع. ما هو النشاط المفضل الذي تمتع به أكبر عدد من الطلاب؟

Favorite activity	No. of students
Swimming	6
Football	15
Reading	3
Taking long walks	5
Cooking	1



Favorite activity



Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

wounds - illnesses - Honey - healing - treatment

0	isn't only a food. It is also used as a	for
some injuries	and illnesses. In some countries, honey	h <mark>as</mark> been used by
doctors for the	ousands of years. It was first used to treat	3by
Egyptian doc	tors around 5,000 years ago. Recently, so	ientists have tried
to find out ex	actly why honey is so good for o	. wounds and
treating illnes	ses.	

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

heal - bacteria - cough - cut - treatment

Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill . This helps wounds to . The honey that doctors use is a special honey only that is safe to use as a . So, if you have a jar of honey in your cupboard, you can mix it with milk to make your cough better, but don't put it on your . knee!

3 Complete the words with "f" or "v":















We like watching tele ision.

4

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Some types of honey can help to kill (injuries bacteria wounds).
- Honey is used as a (cut treatment lemon) for some injuries and illnesses.
- Honey was first used to treat (wounds pills sunscreens) by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago.
- 4. Honey is so good for (healing feeling selling) wounds and treating illnesses.
- 5. If it's sunny, you can put (pills sunscreen medicine) on your skin.
- 6. Bees make (money honey funny).
- Doctors use a special honey that is safe to use as a (wound treatment cut).
- 8. Some types of honey can help to (heal treat kill) bacteria
- 9. You should drink water after taking (pills cream illnesses).
- 10. Doctors and nurses always give us medical (car care cart).

रिटनका 2



5

Read the text and answer the questions:

In some countries, honey has been used by doctors for thousands of years. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however. The honey that doctors use is a special honey only that is safe to use as a treatment.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill (wounds injuries bacteria).
- 2. Honey has been used by Egyptian doctors around five (hundred thousand million) years ago.

Answer these questions:

- 3. How can honey help with wounds?
- 4. What's special about the honey that doctors use?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. Bees (makes) honey.
- 2. Hani (are) a vet.
- 3. Some types of honey can (killing) bacteria.
- 4. Which food is the (more) popular?
- 5. Do you (liked) vegetables?
- 6. I (has) a pet frog.





7

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. cut knee I my last week.
- 2. like you honey Do?
- 3. honey Bees make.
- 4. watching like We television.
 - •
- 5. vegetables you Do like?
 - ?
- 6. is food the most Which popular?
- .
- 8 Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"Honey"

ldeas to help your

bees - sweet - food - treatment - injuries - bacteria - wounds





Writing & Project



Main Vocabulary الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس



insect bite cream کریم للدغات الحشرات



cleansing wipes منادیل مُطهِرة



medical gloves قفازات طبیة



rubber bands أربطة مطاطية



scissors



safety pins دہابیس آمنت فی الاستخدام



soap

C

first-aid kit عدة الإسعافات الأولية

صابون مابون

,	ixtra Vocabulary	كلمات إضافية	
balanced diet	نظام غذائب متوازن	responsible for	مسئول عن
school trip	رحلة مدرسية	presentation	عرض تقديمي
expert	حبير	early	مىك <u>ر</u> ا
important	هاه	the best	الأفضل '

Lessons 4

Sentences & Expressions	
eating healthy food	تناؤل طعام صحب
getting enough sleep	الحصول على مُسط كافٍ من النوم
drinking plenty of water	شُرب الكثير من الماء
playing sport	ممارسة الرياضة
doing exercise	ممارسة التمارين الرياضية
spending time with friends	مُضاء وقت مع الأصدمًاء
eating vegetables	تناؤل الخضراوات
reading books	قراءة الكتب
visiting a doctor	زيارة الطبيب
in addition to this	بالإضامة إلى ذلك
What could you do better?	ماذا يمكنك أن تفعل أفضل؟

Energyselist of world

Regular verbs mahiin diasi

	ALUM .	
focus on	يركز على	focused on
pack	يحزم – يُؤمِّب	packed
want	يريد - يرغب	wanted

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF		
remember	يتذكر	remembered
need	يحتاج	needed
move	يتحرك	moved

Irregular verbs Cathin profitabl

قت spend time	يقضي	spent time
take	يأخد	took
eat	يأكل	ate

get	يحصل علم	got
get up	ينهص - يستيقظ	got up
drink	نائيت	drank

Read and learn

the latest party of the la

My presentation today is about staying healthy. It is really important to eat healthy foods like fruit and vegetables and to have a balanced diet. There are lots of other things that we can do to look after our health.



عرضي التقديمي اليوم عن «الاعتباء بالصحة». من المهم جدًا أن نأكل الأطعمة الصحية كالفواكه والخضراوات، وأن نلتزم بنظام غذائب متوازن. وهناك العديد من الأشباء الأحرب التي يمكسا فعلها للحفاظ على صحتنا.

You should do some exercise every day. It's very important to keep your body moving. Playing sport at school or with friends is a good way to exercise.

عليك بممارسة التمارين الرياضية يوميًا، فمن المهم جدًا أن يتحرك جسدك بشكل مستمر. تعتبر ممارسة الرياضة في المدرسة أو مع أصدقائك وسيلة جيدة للتمرين.

Another thing you can do is to go to bed early. It's important to get enough sleep. Experts think you should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

شيء آخر يمكنك فعله هو أن تذهب للنوم مبكرًا، فمن المهم أن تبال قسطًا كافيًا من النوم. بعتقد الخيراء أن الشخص يحتاج إلى النوم من 8 إلى 9 ساعات كل ليلة.

In addition to this, one of the best ways to stay healthy is to spend time with your friends. It's not only your body that you need to keep healthy, you should make time to focus on being happy, too. Spending time with your family and friends is a great way to do this.

بالإضافة إلى ذلك، من أفصل السبل للبقاء بصحة جيدة هب مضاء بعض الوقت مع أصدقائك. فليس جسدك فقط هو ما يحتاج إلى الاعتناء به، يجب أن تخصص بعض الوقت للتركير على أن نكون سعيدًا أيضًا. قضاء وقت مع العائلة والأصدقاء هي وسيلة جيدة لتحقيق ذلك.



Exercise on Line III

Later Brown Inc.

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

get - healthy - sleep - exercising - drink

To stay

, it's very important to

plenty of water. This keeps your body working well. It's especially important if it's a very hot day or if you're

. You should also get between eight and nine hours of

every night.

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

family - stay - time - Spending - healthy

One of the best ways to
healthy is to spend time with your friends. It's not only your body that you need to keep
you should make time to focus on being happy, too.
time with your
and friends is a great way to do this.

3 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. It's important to eat (healthy bad unhealthy) foods.
- 2. Try to do some exercise to (drink stay spend) healthy.
- 3. You should (sleep play drink) between eight and nine hours every night.
- 4. (Spending Wasting Playing) time with your friends is good for your health.
- 5. To stay healthy, it's very important to (drink eat make) plenty of water.
- 6. It's important to (get stay come) enough sleep.
- 7. (Spending Going Playing) sport at school or with friends is a good way to exercise.
- Spending time with your family and friends is a great way to be (happy - unhappy - sad).





4

Read the text and answer the questions:

There are lots of other things that you can do to look after your health. You should do some exercise every day. It's very important to keep your body moving. Playing sport at school or with friends is a good way to exercise.

Another thing you can do is to go to bed early. It's important to get enough sleep. Experts think you should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

In addition to this, one of the best ways to stay healthy is to spend time with your friends.

0

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. It's very important to keep your body (moving sleeping eating).
- One of the best ways to stay healthy is to (waste spend walk) time with your friends.

Answer these questions:

- 3. How is playing sport important?
- Why should you go to bed early?

5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. What do you (doing) to stay healthy?
- 2. You should (sleeps) between eight and nine hours every night.
- 3. It (are) really important to eat healthy foods.
- 4. There (is) lots of other things that we can do to look after our health.
- 5. You should (did) some exercise every day.





1

Listen and choose the correct answer:

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (222) آحر الكناب.

- 1. Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill (insects birds bacteria).
- 2. Some types of honey help wounds to (treat hear cut) more quickly.
- 3. The honey that doctors use is (safe unsafe dangerous) to use as a treatment.
- 2 Read and complete the dialogue:

(8Ms)

toothache - earache - ankle - throat

Mom: How are your friends, Fares?

Fares : They have problems. My friend Tarek hurt his o

at

football practice last night. And Amr has an 🙆

from

swimming.

Mom : What about your cousin Lama? Your aunt said she had a

8

Fares : No, she wasn't there. I think she went to the dentist. Two of my

friends have a cold. The coach told us to be careful. When we

have a cough or a sore @ . , we should stay home!

Mom : I hope they will feel better tomorrow.

Fares : I hope so, too!

Read the text and answer the questions:

(7.5Ms)

In India, it is unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone. Family usually go with their unwell relative. This means that the hospital is often very crowded and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the staff at this hospital do something



- 6 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:
 - 1. important foods healthy It's eat to.

 - 2. do should You every day exercise some.
 - 3. stay healthy do What to you do?

 - 4. to important It's enough sleep get.
- 7 Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"What do you do to stay healthy?"

bildeas to help you

food and diet - sleeping - water - sport - exercise - time with friends - family









special. They turn a problem into something wonderful. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give injections.

(A)

Answer these questions:

- 1. Is it usual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone in India?
- 2. What do family members learn at that hospital?

0

Choose the correct answer:

- 3. The underlined word "unwell" means (nice good sick).
- 4. The hospital is often very (free crowded empty) and busy.
- 5. Some people learn how to change (injections bandages sunscreen).

4

Choose the correct answer:

(5Ms)

- 1. He is putting a (bandage pill medicine) on his knee because he has a cut.
- 2. It's (safe unsafe unwell) to cross a road full of cars.
- 3. She has a (toothache backache headache). Her head hurts.
- 4. I (have has had) an earache now.
- 5. What do you (doing does do) to stay healthy?

(5)

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

15M3)

- 1. better I feel tomorrow hope they'll.
 - 1
- 2. you a Do have toothache?
- Į)

- 1

- 3. like really fruit I.
- 4. moving your body It's important keep to.
- 1300
- 5. stomach Does hurt your?
 - 6

Trans 2





1

Listen and choose the correct answer:

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (222) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. You should live a/an (unhealthy healthy unwell uncomfortable) life.
- 2. It is really important to have a balanced (drink sport diet fruit).
- 3. Getting enough (sleep exercise food sport) at night is very important.
- 4. You should drink (little many plenty less) of water.
- 2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- 1. I fell over in the playground and my arm (treats heals hurts damages).
- 2. Wash the vegetables before eating them or you will have a (toothache backache headache stomachache).
- 3. The doctor gives you (medicine bandage cream toothpaste) when you are ill.
- 4. When you feel (well unwell unsafe unusual), you should see a doctor.
- 3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box: (4Ms)

staff - crowded - unwell - injections - relative

In India, it is unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone. Family usually go with their or relative. This means that the hospital is often very and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the at this hospital do something special. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give one people learn how to

Read the text and answer the questions:

Fathi is a baker. He works in a bakery next to our house. It is very hot in the bakery. He sells bread to people after he puts it in bags. His wife Seham is a nurse at Al-Helal Hospital. Her work is to help doctors and look after sick people. All patients love her and she loves them. She always smiles at them. She also looks after her family.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. The underlined word "them" refers to the (patients doctors family people).
- 2. Fathi sells (fruit bags flour bread).
- Answer these questions:
 - 3. What does a nurse do?
 - 4. Why do patients love Seham?
- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

(2Ms)

- 1. food is the Which popular most?
- 3. long have a I very scarf.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)
 - (legal) for cars to go when the light is red.
 - 2. My brother (have) a sore throat.
- Punctuate the following sentence:

(1M)

- Oit was first used to treat wounds by egyptian doctors
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)
 - "A visit you've made to a doctor"...
- When did you visit a doctor? - What was the problem?
 - What did the doctor give you? - What did the doctor advise you to do?/





Unit 9

My favorite animal حيواني المفضل

In this unit I will

- listen, read, research, and write about animals.
- listen and read about a trip to a wildlife park.
- talk about ability now and in the past.
- ◆ learn how to say /w/ and /v/ sounds
- write an email about an unusual animal.
- research and make an infographic about animals in a habitat.

Animals: kangaroo, panda, bat, lion, penguin, dolphin, snail, parrot, whale, wonderful, wildlife park, pouch, shelter, rest, save, trunk, branch, nut, Vocabulary exhausted, breeze, useless, ungrateful, comfortable - Can for ability in the present, i.e. I can play basketball. I can't speak Italian. - Could for ability in the past, i.e. I could speak French when I lived in France. Language I couldn't take the bus so I had to walk. - The noun suffix -er. i.e. teach - teacher - -ed and -ing adjectives, i.e. I am very interested in history. History is so interesting! Online chat about a day at a wildlife park - Aesop's The travelers and the tree Reading Email about an unusual animal. Listening Words about wildlife Speaking - Talking about things you could/couldn't do at different ages Writing Email about an unusual animal. **Project** Infographic about an animal habitat **Phonics** - Correctly pronounce voiced sounds. /v/ (e.g. vase) and /w/ (e.g. winter) Life skills **Critical thinking:** Why are trees important? Values Appreciation and gratitude: Appreciating the small things in life Issues and Environmental responsibility: Animal habitats challenges Inegrated cross-Project: Infographic about an animal habitat cultural topics









الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



,	Extra Vocabulary	إضاغيط	Class
wildlife park	منتزه الحيوانات البرية	go near	يقترب
pouch	جراب (مكان في بطن الكنغرو)	the cold	الطقس البارد - البرودة
day out	يوم نزهة بالخارج	garden	ا حديقة
shell	قوقعة - مُدَفَّة	upside down	رأسًا علي عمّب - ممّلوب
i ice	ثلج	snow	ا اجلید
rainforest	غابة مطيرة	ocean	محيط
bamboo	بامبو - نيات الخيزران	inside	¦ إبالداخل ^

Addention our

so sweet	wonderful الطيف جدًا	رائع
so cool	dwesome الله جدًا	مُدهش
interesting	ممتع - شیق amazing	مُذهل
beautiful	strong	قوى
colorful	friendly ملون - زاهب الألوان	ودود
little	special مغیر	خاص - مميز

Preposition	مروف البر	
in the dark	in a group في الظلام	فت مجموعة
at night	on two legs	على قدمين
with my family	يمتلائد هم <mark>at school</mark>	في المدرسة

Conjugation of Lands

Regular verbs anhiio Jisol

	nan	(Marie)
jump	يقفز	jumped
look	تندق	looked
sound	تندو	sounded
stay	يظل - يبقى	stayed
repeat	: يردد - يكرر	repeated

-		The state of the s
enjoy	تستميع	enjoyed
want	یرید - برغب	wanted
talk	ٍ يتحدث	talked
live	ً يعيش	lived
like	تحن	liked

أمحال عير منظمة

[month Part بأكاء eat ate see saw ហារួរ said say يقول swim swam يسبح sit يجلس sat sleep slept يناه

Irregular verbs

1	Present	
have	يملك - عنده	had
do	يفعل	did
feed	يُطعم	fed
hide	يخفي - يخبئ	hid
fly	يطير	flew
go	يذهب	went

The Leaser Hetes

- الحظ استخدام كلمة (عو) قبل الصفات لتعطي معنى (جدًا very):
 so sweet so beautiful so cool
 - وأيضًا يمكن أن تستخدم قبل الظرف لتعطب نفس المعنب:
- They can swim so well.
 - لاحظ أن الأفعال (يبدو look) و (يبدو sound) يُتبعا بصفة:
- They look so cool.
- lt sounds amazing.

Read and Luis

Wildlife animals حيوانات البرّيّة

- 1. I live in the garden. I have a shell. I don't have leg or arms. I'm a snail.
 - 1. أن أُعبِش فَبِ الحديقة. لديُّ <mark>قوقعة. ليس لديُّ أرجل أو أ</mark>درع. أنا طرون.





2. I live in Australia. I jump on two legs. I'm a kangaroo.







3. I fly at night. I sleep upside down on trees. I'm a bat.
3. أنا أطير في الليل. أنا أنام رأسًا على عقب (مقلوبًا) على الأشجار. أنا خفاش.

4. I live on ice and snow. I'm black and white. I can swim, but I can't fly. I'm a penguin



 أنا أعيش على الثلج والجليد. أنا أبيض وأسود اللون. أنا أستطيع السباحة، لكنني لا أستطيع الطيران. أنا بطريق.



5. I'm a bird. I'm very beautiful and colorful. I live in the rainforest. I'm a parrot.

أنا طائر. أنا جميل جدًا وملون. أنا أعيش في الغابة المطيرة.أنا ببغاء.

6. I live in Africa. I'm a very big cat. I'm very strong. I'm a lion. أنا أُعيش مَن أَمْرِيقِيا. أنا قط كبير حدًا. أنا قوي حدًا. أنا أسد.





I'm very friendly. I swim in a group with my family in the ocean. I'm a dolphin.

7. أنا ودود جدًا. أنا أسبح في مجموعة مع عائلتي في المحيط.أنا دولفين.

I live in China. I eat bamboo. I'm big, and black and white. I'm a panda.



انا أعيش فم الصين. أنا آكل نبات الخيزران (البامبو). أنا ضخص،
 ولوني أبيض وأسود. أنا دب الباندا.









Ramez: Hi! I had a wonderful day out yesterday with my family.

المز: أهلًا! لمِّد قضيت يومًا رائعًا بالأمس مع عائلتي.



Ayman: Where did you go?

🧖 أيمن: أين ذهبت؟

Ramez: I went to the new wildlife park - it was awesome!

رامز. ذهبت إلى منتزه الحيوانات البرية الجديد، لقد كان مدهشًا!

Ayman: What did you see? Could you go near the lions?

🧖 أيمن: ماذا رأيت؟ هل تمكنت من الاقتراب من الأسود؟

Ramez: No, we stayed in the car. But we could see them through the trees. The kangaroos were interesting, too. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch - it's so sweet!

رامز لا، لقد بقينا داخل السيارة، ولكن استطعنا رؤيتهم من بين الأشجار كانت الكبغر منبرة للاهتمام، أيضًا. عندما تكون الكناغر في عُمّر صغيرة، فإنه يكون بإمكانها الحلوس داخل خراب أمهاتها -- إنه شيء لطيف للغايةا

Ayman: What birds did you see?

💯 أيمن: وما انطيور التي رأيتها؟

Ramez: Lots, but my favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! We said some words for them to repeat!

📜 رامز: الكثير منها، لكن البيغاوات كانت المفضلة لديّ. كانت حميلة جدًّا وبإمكانها شيدث؛ قلناً لسا بعض الكلمات لكب تكررها.

Ayman: What about animals that like the cold? Did you see any?

🧖 أيمن: ماذا عن الحيوانات التي تحب الطفس البارد؟ هل رأيت أيًا ميها؟









Ramez: Yes, penguins! They were in a special place inside. It was cold, like a fridge. We fed them some fish! I love penguins - they can swim so well and they look so cool!

🚾 رامز: بعم، النظاريق القد كانوا في مكان حاص الداحل. وكان باردًا كاشلاحه. يست وطعميس بعير



السمك. أنا أحب البطاريق، حيث أن بإمكانها السباحة بشكل حيد جدًا ومظهرها لصبع العماه!



🥋 أيمن. واو! هل كان هناك شبئًا ما أردت رؤبته ولم تستطع؟



Ramez: The bats. I'm doing a project on bats at school, so I really wanted to see them! But they were all hiding and I couldn't see them in the dark!

ِ <mark>رامز</mark>؛ الحما<mark>ميش. أنا اقوم بعمل مشروع عن الخفافيش من</mark> المدرسة، وأردت إلا بسر ، ال كانت جميعها مختبئة ولم أستطع رؤيتها في الظلام!



Ayman: Oh well, it sounds amazing! I've got to feed my rabbit now - that's the most wildlife I'll see today!

🦍 أيمن أه، خسنًا، هذا مذهل! يحب عليّ الذهاب لإطعام أرنبي بلّن، هذ أمصي . الله 🔭 . البرية اليوم!



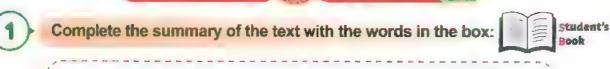
Did you know?

Flamingos eat with their heads upside down. They use their tongue to catch their food.

طيـور الفلامنجـو تأكل ورؤوسـها مقلوبـة. وتسـنخدم ألسـنتها لالتقاط طعامها.



Exercises on Lesson



project - sad - parrots - park - enjoyed - lions

Yesterday, Ramez went to a wildlife ① with his family.

He ② it very much. They saw lots of different animals like ③ , kangaroos, and penguins. He saw his favorite birds, the ② . He was a bit ⑤ . because he didn't see the bats and he's doing a ③ on them at school.

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

wildlife - pouch - park - kangaroos - wonderful

I had a 🕡	day out yesterday with my family. I went to	the
new o	park – it was awesome! The 6	ere
interesting, too.	When they are little, they can sit inside their mo	m's
4	it's so sweet!	

3 Choose the correct answer:

- A (bat snail parrot) lives in the garden. It has a shell. It doesn't have legs or arms.
- 2. A (dolphin lion kangaroo) lives in Australia. It jumps on two legs.
- It flies at night. It sleeps upside down on trees. It is the (penguin panda - bat).
- 4. It lives in Africa. It's a very big cat. It is very strong. It is the (zeora monkey lion).

UCASTA ...

Connect 5⊢

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Unit 9

- It's a bird. It's very beautiful and colorful. It lives in the rainforest. It's the (penguin - parrot - bat).
- 6. A (parrot bat penguin) lives on ice and snow. It's black and white. It can swim, but it can't fly.
- 7. It is very friendly. It swims in a group with its family in the ocean. It's the (kangaroo parrot dolphin).
- 8. A (panda snail bat) lives in China. It eats bamboo. It's big, and black and white.



Read the text and answer the questions:

Ramez went to the new wildlife park yesterday. It was awesome! He saw so many animals. He couldn't go near the lions. He stayed in the car. But he could see them through the trees. The kangaroos were interesting, too. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch - it's so sweet!

He saw lots of birds, but his favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! He couldn't see the bats. They were all hiding and he couldn't see them in the dark!

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Ramez went to the new (zoo forest wildlife park) yesterday.
- 2. Ramez didn't see the (lions bats kangaroos).

3 Answer these questions:

- 3. What are Ramez's favorite birds?
- 4. Why couldn't he see the bats?
- Acres 2



5 Read and write the	correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
1. Where did Ramez	(went) yesterday?
2. Could you	(going) near the lions?
3. Penguins can	(swims) so well and they look so cool!
4. I'm (do)	a project on bats at school.
5. Yesterday, Ramez	. (go) to a wildlife park with his family.
6 Put the words in th	e correct order to make sentences:
1. can - so - They - swim	– well.
•	
2. see - birds - What - yo	ou – did?
>	?
3. kangaroos – interesting	- The - were.
>	•
4. did – yesterday – When	e Ramez - go?
>	
5. went - park - to - 1 - th	e.
>	
6. project – bats – I'm – a	- doing - on.
	* ** ** ** ** ** ** **
7 Punctuate the follow	wing sentences:
1. where did ramez go last	tuesday
•,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•
2. the kangaroo lives in au	stralia

Connect 5-



- 3. did ayman go with him to the park
- 4. no he couldn't see the bats
- 5. lions live in africa but pandas live in china
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My favorite animal"

- What is it?
- Where does it live?
- What does it eat? Where can you see it?
- Why do you like it?







Lesson

What could you do?



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



trunk جذع الشجرة



branch فرع



shelter ugla



rest (n) استراحة



exhausted ഫ്ല്റ്



nuts مکسرات



meeting point دَقْطَةُ التَّقَاءُ



travelers مسافرون





useless عديم النفع



ungrateful غیر ممتن



comfortable مريح



,	Extra Vacabulary	كلمات إضافيا	,
traders	تجار	fable	اٰ حكاية خرافة
humans	بشر	give value	إً يعطي قيمة
shade (n)	ظِل	wide	عریض - واسع
dry land	أرض جافة	tired	مُتعَب - مُجهَد
rainy day	يوم مطير	unkind	أً فظً - قاسٍ
lives (sing. l	ناوات ديوات (ife	at the end	مي النهاية

Sentences & Expressions	
That's a very good idea.	هذه فكرة جيدة جدًا.
fell a sleep	يغفو - ڀنام فجأة
the branches of the tree	فروع الشجرة
the trunk of the tree	جذع الشجرة
It's keeping us cool.	إنها تحافظ علم برودة أجسامنا.

	S B Student's Book
breeze	: a little wind
useless	: we can't use it
ungrateful	: don't thank others for doing something good
comfortable	: it's nice to sit on or wear
unfriendly	: not kind to someone
meeting point	: is somewhere where people meet



Conjugation of verbs

Regular verhs abii disá

play	ىلعب - بعلى	played
help	كحاسي	helped
walk	تصست	walked
plant	يزرع	planted

Pr	esent	
rest	يستريح	rested
move	يتحرك	moved
save	يحفظ - ينقد	saved
use	يستخدم	used

Irregular verbs

أفعال غيز منتظمة

_ In		C run
speak	يتحدث	spoke
come	يأتي	came
drink	يشرب	drank
give	تعطت	gave
wake	يستيقظ	woke
drive	يقود سيارة	drove
read	يقرأ	read

Prese	nt	Past
run	تخرت	ran
meet	يقابل	met
feel	يشعر	felt
take	يأخذ	took
hear	يسمع	heard
fall asleep	ینام فجأة	fell asleep
leave	يغادر	left

Read and learn

Aesop was an Ancient Greek fabulist or storyteller credited with a number of fables now collectively known as Aesop's Fables. He wrote so many fables featuring animals that behave and speak as human beings, told in order to satirize human failings, follies and weaknesses.

إيسون هو مؤلف حكريات جرافيه وروائص من اليونان القديمة، وله محموعه من الأعلايات الساحية معرومة باسم حرامات إيسوب. لقد كتب حكايات صامته كثيره بيدًا تحكم عن حيوانا، الشعرم 1012م، كالبشر، وذلك للسخرية من إخفا<mark>قات وحماقات وضعف النشر.</mark>



Distribution and Santon

Once there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land. It had lived for many years. Its trunk was very wide and it had many green branches. It was famous because it was the only tree where it lived, and it gave shelter and rest to hundreds of travelers as they moved across the country. It was near four towns and many villages in its area and was a meeting point for traders.

كانت هناك يومًا شجرة صبيعة مدينية من أرض خافة جارة يقد عاشية بيك السجرة لسنوان عديدة كان خدعها غريض بأن وهنا العديد من العضول الحضراء وكانت بيك السجرة مشهورة لكونها الشجرة الوجيدة من أن را يدوير الألمان با وبارادة لمئات المستمرين الدين كانل عليفتون من البلد حيث كانت مرسة بير أربع عدل رائلكير من عيرين مرب من منظميسا، وذلك لفظة النفاء للبحر.

One day two travelers, who were new to the area, were walking across the field and saw the tree. It was a very hot, dry day and one of them said, "Let's stop under that tree, where there's some shade." "That's a very good idea," said his friend. They rested under the tree and drank some water. They then enjoyed the shade and the cool breeze. As they were exhausted, they soon fell asleep.

وذات يوم كال مساعري وكتا مديدين من المنطقة، بمشتى من القطفة ورأيا الشجرة كان دلك اليوم شديد الجرارة والدهاء، مقال أديهما "ليترقف بدياتك الشجرة، حيث هناك بعض الطل." قال صديمة "هذه فكرة حيدة حدًا" واستراح الرجلان لجث السجرة وسريا بعض الماء، ثم استمتعا بالطل والنسم البارد ولأسما كانا فيعيش جدًا، سرعان ما عفوا من اليوم.

When they woke up, one of the travelers felt hungry. Neither of them had any food in their bags so they looked up at the branches of the tree. "This tree is useless," one of them said. "It has no food for us - there are no nuts or fruit on its branches." "But it has shade and it's keeping us cool," said the other.

وعندما استمطا شعر أحدهما نابجوع، ولم يكن أنا منهما بمثلك أي طعام مب حفائهما، لذا نظرا لأعلم إلى أعصال الشجرة فال أحدهما "سدة الشجرة عديمة الحدوث، فليس بها طعام ليا. ليس بها حور ولا مواكة من عصوله،" فقال الآجر "لكن لها طلّ جامط على يرودة أجساميا."





But the tree heard the first traveler's words and it was angry. "How can you be so ungrateful?" It said, "You came to me feeling hot and tired. I gave you a cool, comfortable place to sleep and I probably saved your life. Look, there is no other cool place to sleep near here." The travelers looked around them and saw the tree was correct and felt very sorry.

سبعت انستره تنساب استنظام الأون وتصنف بنائلة. حيث على أن طول سايد المجنود مددا بنائلا أثبتني وانت تشعر بالحر والبعب ممتديك مكانًا باردًا ومربث كم بدق، وعلم الأرجح أنقدت حياتك. انظرا ليس بالحوار أب مكان بارد تسطيع النوم فيه "الظراء لمسامران حولهما والدركا أن الشجرة على حق، وشعرا بالأسف الشديد.





الأيسطيع can't عسطيع

- When we talk about something we are or aren't able to do in the present, we use can or can't.
 - نعبر عن الاستطاعة أو عدم الاستطاعة في المضارع باستخدام (can can't).
 - ► I can play basketball.
- l can't speak Italian.
- To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Can).
 - لعمل الاسئلة نغير نرنيب الكلمان لكي نبدأ ب (Can).
 - Can you read and write English?
- Yes, I can.

Can you fly?

No, I can't.

- When we talk about something we were or were not able to do in the past, we use could or couldn't:
 - 📟 يعبر عن الاستطاعة أو عدم الاستطاعة فب الماضب باستحدام (could couldn't).
 - ▶ I could speak French when I lived in France.
 - I coudn't take the bus, so I had to walk.





- To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Could).
 - 🦈 لعمل الأسئلة نعير نرتيب الكلمات لكي نبدأ ب (Could).
 - Could you ride a bike when you were three? \$\infty\$ Yes, I could.
 - Could you send emails when you were four? 💝 No, I couldn't.

g, Note that

- (can can't could couldn't) must be followed by the infinitive without to.
 - (can can't could couldn't) لا بد أن يتبعـوا بمصـدر الفعـل بـدون (to). المصـدر هــو التصريـف الأول للفعـل بـدون أي إضافـات.

Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

travelers - trunk - branches - meeting - shelter

Once there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land. It had lived for many years. Its

was very wide and it had many green branches. It was famous because it was the only tree where it lived, and it gave and rest to hundreds of

as they moved across the country. It was near four towns and many villages in its area and was a

point for traders.

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

field - travelers - breeze - shade - exhausted

One day, two travelers, who were new to the area, were walking across the
and saw the tree. It was a very hot, dry day. They stopped
under that tree, where there's some
. They rested under
the tree and drank some water. They then enjoyed the shade and the cool
. As they were
. they soon fell asleep.

Term .

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Step Ahead



3 Choose the correct answer:



- 1. A breeze is a little (wind lake).
- 2. When something is useless, we (a a 1) use it.
- 3. When someone is ungrateful, they (*** *** ***) others for doing something good.
- 4. When something is comfortable, it's (nee 1 1) to sit on or wear.
- 5. A meeting point is somewhere where people (.... h ---).

4 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. I (can can't could) ride a horse. It's easy.
- 2. (Can Cant Coulc) you go near the lions when you were in the wildlife park?
- 3. When kangaroos are little, they (could could t can) sit inside their mom's pouch.
- 4. She (can could couldn't) go to school early yesterday. She was late.
- 5. Penguins (can't can could) swim very well. They like water.
- 6. I wanted to see the bats, but I (can't rould could co
- 7. (Can Could Couldn't) you make basbousa? No, I can't.
- 8. i (can't could couldn't) write good paragraphs last year, but now I can.
- 9. I (can can t could) drive a bus. It's so big and hard to control.
- 10. She (could can can t) see the Eiffel Tower when she went to France.
- 11. (Can Can t Could) he get the full mark? Yes, he could.
- 12. Can he (come comes coming) with us?
- 13. She couldn't (go goes went) to work yesterday.
- 14. I can't (buys buying buy) that expensive bike.
- 15. Could Maged (played play plays) the match yesterday?
- 16. I couldn't say anything in German last year, but now I (an ant could). [5]8
- 17. Last year, he (can t could couldet) run very quickly, but now he can. [5 8]
- 18. (Can Could Car. t) you play the piano when you were a child?
- 19. Sorry, I (can car. t culd) help you with your homework. I'm busy. [5]B
- 20. Can he walk to his office? No, ne (Gan Court Gant).

Unit 9

- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: 1. I can (played) basketball. When I was two, I (can't) use a computer. 3. Snails can't (moves) quickly. (Can) you ride a bike when you were three? 5. I couldn't (reading) when I was one. 6. Ostriches can run very fast, but they (can) fly. 7. Could you (spoke) English when you were five? 8. My cousin (can) run when he was a baby. She (could) speak two languages now. She's clever. 10. I couldn't say anything in German last year, but now I (can't). Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: 1. play - can - basketball - l. 2. tennis - you - Can - play? 3. Italian - I - speak - can't 4. tired - travelers - The - very - were. 5. trees - important - is - Why - it - to plant?
- Term 1

was - hot - It - day - a very.

7. angry - Why - tree - was - the?



This is so interesting! GRAMMAR TUDY

- We can add (-ed) or (-ing) to a verb to make an adjective. If the verb ends in -e, we take off the -e and add -ed or -ing.
 - + يمكننـــا إصافــه (-ed) أو (-ing) للفعــل لنحصـل علــي الصمـة. إذا انتهــي الفعــل بـ (-e) نحــذم (-e) وــصيـــم (-ed) أو (-ing).
 - ♦ الصفه المنتهية بـ (ed-) تصف كيف يشعر الشخص (في الغالب تستخدم لوصف عاقل).
 - I was so bored in that movie.
 ► I am very interested in history.
 - الصفة المسهية بـ (ing-) نصف الشديء الذي جعل الشخص يشعر بهذا (في الغالب تستخدم لوصف غير العاقل).
 - That movie was so boring.

Connect 5

- ▶ History is so interesting!
- It's important to understand the difference between (-ed) and (-ing) adjectives:
 - ♦ من المهم أن نفهم المرق بين الطفات التي تنتهي ب (ed) و (-ing) و
- In the first sentence, bored describes how I felt about the movie.
- In the third sentence, boring describes what the movie was like.
- In the second sentence, interested describes how I feel about history.
- In the fourth sentence, interesting describes what history is like.

	_				ctive
annoy	یضایق	annoyed	متضايق	annoyır g	مُزعج
interest	يجذب اهتمام	interested	റക്ഥ	interest 🖂	مثير للاها
amaze	يدهش	amazed	مندهش	amazing	مدهش
tire	أتعتأ إ	tired	ْ مُتَعَب	tiring	तंडायू
surprise	يفاجما	surprised	متفاجئ	surprising	مفاجمة
bore	يضجر - يسأه - يمل	bored	يشعر بالملل	boring	ممل

The suffic (-ar) (-ar)

- We can add -er to the end of words to make a noun. This is called a suffix.
 - ♦ يمكننا إضافة (er) في نهاية الكلمات لنحصل على الأسم. وهذا يسمى لأحقة،
- We take the verb, e.g. teach, and add -er to make the person, e.g. teacher.

Rect	word Para		t word Pers	1.0
teach	teacher يُدَرِّس	travel مدرس	traveler يسافر	مسافر
read	reader يقرأ	farm المارك farm	farmer يزرع - مزرعة	مزارع
climb	climber يتسلق	footballٍ مِتسلق	ە _{r footballer} كرة قدە	اً لِاعب كرة قد

Frankriche Infant /Efrende

- /v/ and /w/ are both voiced sounds. This means that if you place your hand on your throat, you can feel the vibration when you say them.
- ◄ /٧/ و /٣/ طسب مبيل سير من مديندا من أيدي ومد فاحك حسب عليه الشعر بالاهتزاز عندما تنطقهما.
- How to make the /v/ sound:

- كيفية نطق الصوت ٧:
- ▶ To pronounce /v/, press your top teeth against your bottom lip.
 - ◄ لكن بطق لعبق /٧/ عند أن عند البحواد علين شماك السميد
 - vet >>> vase >>> violin >>> volcano
- How to make the /w/ sound:

- كيفية نطق الصوت **/w/**:
- To pronounce /w/, make a tight circle with your lips.
 - لكي تنطق الصوت /w/ قم بعمل دائرة ضبقة بشمتيك.







vase	مزهرية	water	میاه
vest	מכזלה	watermelon	بطيخ
vet	طبيب بيطري	west	غرب
violin	آلة الكمان	wet	مبتل
volcano	بركان	whale	حوت
		wheel	عجلة
		winter	شتاء

,	Extra Vocabulary	كلمات إضافيا	
professional	محترف	afloat	طافٍ - عاثم
famous	مشهور	history	تاریخ
clear	واضح	tongue	لسان

Tedpostlandaria

- No. 4	resen1	
climb	يتسلق	climbed
travel	يسافر	traveled
plant	يزرع	planted
relax	يسترخي	relaxed

1 11 2 2 11 1		-
wait	ينتظر	waited
turn over	ينقلب	turned over
decide	يقرر	decided
describe	يصف	described





brregular verbs kažija jyć jisol

		- Just			
teach	يُدَرِّس	taught	hear	تسمع	heard
feel	يشعر	felt	wear	ݐݛݻﺪﯨﻲ	wore
find	تخد	found	ring	یرں	rang





Last Wednesday, I decided to travel west in my boat, wearing my vest. I was looking for a volcano, but I had some problems. I met some whales and they turned over my boat. I had to sit on my violin to stay afloat! I ate watermelon to stay healthy and I came to shore. I didn't find the volcano, but I met some vets and they took me home to my village!

يوم الأربعاء الماضي، مرزب الإنجاز عربًا تماريب، مرتديًا سترتب. كنت أبحث عن بركان واخل ويجهلين يعض المشكلات تقد مايلتُ بعض الجيئان وقلبوا قاريب، وكنت مططرًا إلى أن أجلس على الله الكسان الخاصة بي حتى جني أطل طافبًا! أكلت ثمرة تطيخ حتى أنمي تصحة حيدة ووصب إلى شطيبًا. لم أحد البركان، ولكيين تمايلت مع يعض الأطباء البيطرين وأعادونين إلى مرتبي

Exercises on Lesson

1

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



Student's

whales - village - west - Wednesday - vest - watermelon

Last 0	, I decided to	travel 👩	in my boat,
wearing my 🔞	I was	looking for a	a volcano but I had some
problems. I met	some 🕧	and the	y turned over my boat. I
had to sit on my	violin to stay afloat	! I ate 🙃	to stay healthy
and I came to sh	ore. I didn't find tr	ne volcano, i	but I met some vets and
they took me hon	ne to my 6	. !	





- 2 Choose the correct answer: The suffix (-er)
 - 1. She's a good (read reader). She reads so many books.
 - 2. He can't (climb climber) that tree.
 - 3. He is a bad (climb climber).
 - 4. She goes to the library to (read reader) stories.
 - 5. My grandpa is a great (travel traveler).
 - 6. My grandpa (travels traveler) a lot.
 - 7. They are (farm farmers).
 - 8. They work on a (farm farmers).
- 3 Choose the correct answer: Adjectives with (-ed) or (-ing)
 - 1. She's (annoy annoyed annoying) and she wants to leave the place.
 - 2. The music she's hearing is (annoy annoyed annoying).
 - 3. The view from the balcony is (amaze amazed amazing).
 - 4. He was (amazed amazing amaze) when he saw the view.
 - 5. I'm very (tired tire tiring).
 - 6. The math homework was (tiring tire tired).
 - 7. She was (surprising surprise surprised).
 - 8. The party was (surprise surprised surprising).
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
 - 1. That movie was so (bored).
 - 2. I was so (boring) with that movie.
 - 3. I am very . (interesting) in history.
 - 4. History is so (interested)!



I find my phone really sleeping.

- (aar , 91) when it rings while I'm
- 6. That long walk was very ... (tired).
- 7. Last Wednesday, I (description) to travel west in my boat.
- 8. I didn't (finds) the volcano.
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:
 - 1. friendly classroom very She's in.
 - 2. movie so was That boring.
 - •
 - 3. many traveled places He to.
 - 4. read books twenty about He.

 - 5. can't to get wait I home.







Writing & Project



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



dugong (sea cow) أطوم (بقرة البحر)



قاع البحر



nickname لقب - كنية



infographic عرض بياني للمعلومات



habitat موطن طبيعت



desert ضحراء



forest غابة



grassland أرض عشبية

,	xtra Vecabulary	ان إعانيا	
polar	إقطبري	bison	ٔ بیسون (نوع بقر بري) ٔ
opinion	۠ڔٲؠ	wolves (sing. wolf	ر دئاب
research (n)	بحث بحث	eagle	، ۲ نسر
heading	عنوان	ostrich	نعامة
unusual	غیر عادی - غریب	lovely	محبوب
favorite	مفصل	friendly	56767
photo	صورة المستحددة المستحدد المستحد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحد	grass	ٔ ' ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ



	- Land		
	3.	4	7.3
والمستخلص والمستحدث		A	

ملاحظة سريعة فقط. مالحظة سريعة فقط.

أشكرك على مراسلتي. Thanks for writing to me.

How are you? يف والك؟

اکتب لب قریبًا. اکتب لب قریبًا.

All the best.

وداعًا حاليًا. وداعًا حاليًا.

once a week Egimble 2

around the world

Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs منظمه

		Fee
mention	يُنوه - يَذكر	mentioned
display	يعرض	displayed
end	ينهي	ended
hope	بتمنم	hoped
call	يتصل	called
discuss	يناقش	discussed

expand	يتوسع / يتمدد	expanded
check	يراجع	checked
ask	يسأل	asked
try	يحاول	tried
talk	يتكلم	talked
decide	يقرر	decided



أضحال غير متنظمة معالمات Irregulor verbs

Chair		
think	يفكر	thought
send	يرسل	sent
see	ىرى	saw
say	يقول	said
make	يصنع	made

spend (time)	يقضب وقت	spent (time)
choose	يختار	chose
know	يعرف	knew
write	يكتب	wrote
run	تخزن	ran



Read Amir's email

What's his favorite unusual animal?

From: Amir To: Tamer

Subject: Unusual animals

Dear Tamer.

Thanks for your email. How are things? It was really interesting to hear about the sports you like. I love basketball, and I play on a team once a week.

This week we're talking a lot about unusual animals at school. We looked at animals from around the world and some from Egypt.

My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong — can you see the photo? I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its nickname is the sea cow and it spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed every day.

What about you? What's your favorite unusual animal? Write back and let me know.

Hope to hear from you soon!

Amir



Connect 5 :



من: آمیر الب: تامر

ألموضوع: حيوانات غير اعتيادية

عزيزي تامر،

شُكَرًا عنت رَسَائِنَكَ كِيمَ الأَحُوالِ؟ كَانْتَ مَعَرَفَةَ رِيَاقِيَانِكَ الْمَفْضَلَةَ شَيِّنًا مَثِيرٌ للأهيمام، أَنَّ أَحِبَ كَرْةُ ا**لسَلَةُ، وألعبَ مَع فريق مرة أسبوعيً**ا.

تحدثنا كنيرا من المدرسة هذا الأسبوع عن الحبوانات غير الاعتيادية، ورأبنا صور حبوات حول العالم، وعصمة من مصر هو الأصوم هل تستطيع العالم، وعصمة من مصر هو الأصوم هل تستطيع رؤبته من الصورة؛ أرب أن وجهة محبت وودود، إنه لطيف حدًا! إن لفية هو "بقرة البحر" وتقصمت العديد من الساعات يوميا في أكل النباتات في قاع البحر.

ماداً عنك؟ ما هو الحيوان عبر الاعتبادي المقصل لديك؟ سأبيظر ردك لأعرمه.

أتمنت أن أسمع منك قريبًا!

أمير

TIP

كتابة البريد الإلكتروني Writing an email كتابة البريد الإلكتروني

- 1. Begin your email with *Dear* or *Hi* and the person's name.
 - 1. ابدأ بريدك الإلكتروني بـ (Dear Hi) ثم اسم الشخص.
- 2. Say why you are writing. Use phrases like I'm writing to tell you that Just a quick note and Thanks for writing to me.
 - 2. اذكر سبب كتابة البريد الإلكتروني. استخدم عبارات مثل:

(I'm writing to tell you that..... Just a quick note – Thanks for writing to me).

- 3. Give one idea in a paragraph and expand on it look how Amir mentions the dugong, then describes it.
 - قدم فكرة واحدة في كل فقرة ثم قم بتفصيل الفكرة انظر كيف ذكر أمير حيوان الأطوم ثم بدأ بوصفه.
- 4. When writing to a friend, you can use informal language, e.g. words like awesome and cool, contractions like I'm, and phrases like How's life? and How are things?
- 4. عندما تكتب لصديق يمكنك استخدام لغة غير رسمية مثل (cool- awesome).
 - واختصارات مثل (l'm) وعبارات مثل (How are things? How is life?).
 - 5. End your email with phrases like Write soon, Hope to hear from you soon, See you soon, All the best, or Bye for now, and then your name.
 - 5. أنه بريدك الإلكتروني بعبارات مثل (Bye for now All the best See you soon soon) ثم اسمك.



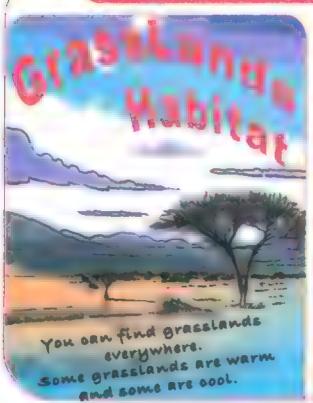


Project

Make your infographic.

The same and a second and the second second







BUFFEREN ON RESIGNATION

1

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

nickname - sea - dugong - unusual - cow

My favorite animal from Egypt is the dugong – can you see the photo? I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its is the sea and it spends many hours eating grass from the animal from Egypt is the dugong – can you see the photo? I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its and it spends many hours eating grass from the animal from Egypt is the dugong – can you



9)

2 Read and	write the correct form of the word(s) between	brackets:
1. What	(are) your favorite unusual animal?	
2.	(loves) basketball, and I play on a team onc	e a week.
3. You can	(finding) grasslands everywhere.	
4. Some grassl	ands (is) warm, and some are co	ool.
5. Can you	(saw) the photo?	
3 Put the w	ords in the correct order to make sentences:	
1. unusual – We	e're – about – animals – talking.	
2. wildlife – war	nts – to talk – Amir – about.	
•		
3. animal – Wh	at's – favorite – your – unusual?	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4. sends – to –	He – Tamer – a photo.	
F back wants	s – Tamer – He – write – to.	
5. Dack — Walls	s – Tairiei – He – Write – to.	
(II) Pour et cont	a the following portograps	
	e the following sentences:	
	nusual animal from egypt is the dugong	
-	the photo of aunt amira	
	······	
	ds tamer and amir are talking about unusual ani	imals
116		Step Aher



- 4. maha come here please
- 5. my favorite sports are tennis swimming cycling and football
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"An unusual animal"

> Ideas to help your

- What does this animal look like?
- Where does it live?
- What does it eat?
- Why do you like it?











يص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (223) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. I went to the new wildlife (zoo park garden) last week.
- 2. I saw the panda, the lion, the (kangaroo elephant tiger) and the parrot.
- 3. I'm doing a project on (lions pandas bats) at school.
- 2 Read and complete the dialogue:

(8Ms)

parrots - kangaroos - wonderful - wildlife

Ramez: Hi! I had a o day out yesterday with my family.

Ayman: Where did you go?

Ramez: I went to the new @ park – it was awesome!

Ayman: What did you see?

Ramez: I saw the (a) and the lions.

Ayman: What birds did you see?

Ramez: I saw the @

Read the text and answer the questions:

(7.5Ms)

Once there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land. It had lived for many years. Its trunk was very wide and it had many green branches. It was famous because it was the only tree where it lived, and it gave shelter and rest to hundreds of travelers as they moved across the country. It was near four towns and many villages in its area and was a meeting point for traders.

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	- '
Answer these questions:	
1. Why was the tree famous?	
2 How long had it lived?	
2. How long had it lived?	
Choose the correct answer:	
3. The very big old tree was in a hot, (wet - dry - lake) land.	
4. Its (trunk - branch - leaf) was very wide.	9 0
5. The tree was a meeting point for (travelers - villagers - traders).	1
4) Choose the correct answer:	(5Ms)
1. Amr is an excellent (doctor - farmer - teacher). He plants the tomatoes in town!	best
2. Kangaroos (can - can't - couldn't) jump very high.	1
3. (Pandas - Parrots - Bats) eat bamboo. They can't fly.	į
4. (Can - Were - Could) you play the piano when you were a child?	
5. My cat was sick, so I went to the (officer - vet - footballer).	ą
S Reorder the words to make correct sentences:	(5Ms)
1. you - Can - tennis - play?	1
>++++5++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	? ;
2. excellent - is - an - Mr Ashraf - teacher.	1

3. animal - What's - favorite - your?	1
}*************************************	?
4. a great - was - My grandfather - traveler.	4
5. trees - are - Why - for animals - important?	i
	? /
Connect 5	



1 Listen and circle the correct answer:

(6Ms)

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (223) آخر الكتاب. 🔵

- My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the (bat dugong snail dolphin).
- 2. The dugong has got a lovely (sad bad mad friendly) face.
- 3. Its nickname is the sea (cow dog cat donkey).
- 4. It spends many hours eating (trees grass flowers seeds) from the sea bed.
- 2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- 1. The (bats snails penguins parrots) are amazing birds. They can swim so well.
- 2. Yesterday, Ramy went to a (garden school playground wildlife) park with his family. They saw lots of different animals.
- 3. This pen is (useless useful comfortable grateful). I don't want it.
- 4. I like the (kangaroos parrots lions penguins). They are so beautiful and they can talk!
- Read and complete the text with the words in the box: (4Ms)

shade - exhausted - travelers - tree - rested

Two were walking across a field and saw a tree. It was a very hot, dry day. They stopped under that tree, where there's some . They under the tree and drank some water. They then enjoyed the shade and the cool breeze. As they were they soon fell asleep.

देत्तक 2

12



Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms)

Last Thursday, my school made a trip to the zoo. We went on the school bus. There were a lot of people at the zoo. We saw some dangerous animals such as lions and tigers. Also, we saw some birds kept in cages such as pigeons, parrots, falcons and eagles. At last, we entered the reptile house. Incre, we saw snakes, crocodiles, tortoises and some lizards. We were very happy. We returned home in the evening.



Choose the correct answer:

- 1. The underlined word "There" refers to the (cages zoo reptile house school bus).
- 2. Tigers are (cute nice small dangerous) animals.



Answer these questions:

- 3. How did they go to the zoo?
- 4. What birds did they see?
- 5

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

(2Ms)

- 1.a meeting traders for The tree point was.
- 2. sit in Baby pouch mom's kangaroos their.
- (6)

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)

- 1. Snails can(lived) in shells.
- 2. Omar (couldn't) read stories when he was seven. He really loves reading!
- 7

Punctuate the following sentence:

(1M)

- Oon friday i play football with my friend omar 🛌
- 8 Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

» Ideas to halo you

"Planting trees"
Why is it important to plant trees?
Why are trees important for humans?
Why are trees important for animals?













1

Listen and circle the correct answer:

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (223) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. Amir went to the new wildlife (hospital park garden school) yesterday.
- 2. Amir couldn't go near the (elephants lions tigers dolphins).
- 3. When they are little, the (parrots kangaroos monkeys lions) can sit inside their mom's pouch.
- 4. Amir's favorite (animals birds flowers plants) were the parrots.
- 2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- 1. The River Nile has (two three four five) banks.
- 2. The (parrot penguin bat duck) sleeps upside down on trees.
- She has a (toothache backache stomachache headache). Her stomach hurts.
- 4. You should see a doctor when you feel (unsafe unwell unhappy unfit).
- 3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

(4Ms)

watermelon - whales - west - Wednesday - vest

Last Wednesday, I decided to travel in my boat, wearing my

I was looking for a volcano, but I had some problems. I met
some and they turned over my boat. I had to sit on my violin
to stay afloat! I ate to stay healthy and I came to shore. I didn't
find the volcano, but I met some vets and they took me home to my village!

4

Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms)

Hi, my name is Mona. I like reading very much. I read an article about Ancient Egyptian homes yesterday. In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses.



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Step Ahead

The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today. There were reed mats to sit and sleep on. In every home, there were large pots and baskets for storing crops and wooden boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs. That was really interesting!



- 1. Mona likes (swimming reading writing playing basketball) very much.
- 2. She read an article about Ancient Egyptian (homes rivers plants monuments).

Answer these questions:

- 3. What did the Ancient Egyptians use to make bricks for their houses?
- 4. How was the furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes different from today?
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: (2Ms)
 - 1. to plant is Why it important trees?
 - 2. bacteria types can Some kill honey of.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms
 - 1. Could you (spoke) Italian when you were four?
 - 2. He looks (happy). He failed his exam.
- 7 Punctuate the following sentence:

O does dina like her new apartment

Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

"A balanced diet"...

▶ Ideas to help you: water - vegetables - fruit - healthy food



(1M)

ReL





Let's visit Egypt هیا نزور مصر

- *listen, read, research, and write about places in a town.
- practice using the imperative to tell someone to do or not to do something, and to give directions.
- * practice using questions and short answers.
- read and say words with diphthongs.
- estimate with mental math.
- write a paragraph about my town.
- make a poster about my perfect town.

	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Vocabulary	Places in a city: museum, restaurant, market, bank, beach, library, station, factory, monument, bank, square, shopping mall cuisine, originally, on vacation Activities: play music, bake bread, read a book, make a phone call, visit a temple, sail on the Nile monument, painting, artifact, tomb, hieroglyphics
Language	- Use imperatives to tell someone to do or not to do something, and for giving directions: - Stand up! - Don't be late tomorrow! - Turn right! Cross the road.
Reading	 Text about a famous Egyptian city - Text about culture in Ancient Egypt Story about the importance of asking for help and being polite Paragraph about London and New Alamein
Listening	- Interview about Alexandria - Listening to and following directions
Speaking	-Talking about places in your town or city -Giving instructions -Asking for giving directions
Writing	- Paragraph about your town or city
Project	- Poster about your perfect town
Phonics	- Identify and correctly pronounce diphthongs, e.g. /ou/ as in show, /eɪ/ as in eight, /oɪ/ as in toy, /aɪ/ as in right.
Life skills	Creativity and collaboration: Creating 'your perfect town'
Values	Honesty and kindness: Offering, accepting and recognizing the need for help Being polite
Issues and challenges	Self-reflection: Do you ask for help when you need it? Why is asking for help a good thing?
Inegrated cross- cultural topics	Social studies: Cultural life in the Ancient Egyptian civilization Math: Estimating Project: Poster about your perfect town

Lesson

We love Alexandria!

الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary





restaurant pasho



cuisine طعام مطهو - مطبخ





bank



library مکتبة



station (محطة (قطار)



factory eino



monuments jlîl



square میدان



shopping mall مول تجارب





on vacation في إجازة



spend ages پقصی وقتًا طویلًا



originally في الأصل - أساسًا



hotel



T10)

	Extra Vocabulary	كلمات إضافية	,
local ingre	مكونات محلية	modern buildings	مباس حديثة
culture	قافة	store	أمتجر
traditions	فاليد	roof garden a	دديقة على السطر
traditional	قليدي	tourist	إسائح
mint	عناع	relaxing	מוניל
amazing	مدهش	fresh	طازچ
old buildin	مباني قديمة	excellent	ممتاز

	ies & Silius	
Germany	England المانيا	أٍ ا نجلترا ا
Barcelona	Egypt ٍٰبرشلونة	' مصر
Alexandria	أالإسكندرية <mark>Fayoum</mark>	أرلفيوم

أفعال منتظمة عمالة Regular verbs

Compagnition of contex

own	يملك - يمتلك	owned	, ,
remind	يُذكّر	reminded	
repeat	یکرر	repeated	.
work	يعمل	worked	
visit	يزور	visited	

¥	Letter Total and	100 mg - 1
serve	يُقدم طعام	served
move	ينقل	moved
try	يجرب	tried
prefe	يُمضِّل	preferred
chat	يدردش	chatted

irregular verby tobile pe distil

go	reini	went
sit	يجلس	sat
get hot	يصبح ساختًا	got hot
drink	يشرب	drank
swim	يسبح	swam

<u> </u>	and the same of the same of	
do	يفعل	did
think	تعيود	thought
buy	یشتری	bought
see	տյո	saw
find out	يكتشف	found out





Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets, and museums. There's even a beach! We asked some people who

live there and tourists what they think ...

الإسكيدرية مكان مثير حفَّ لزيارته. هناك الكثير من الأشياء التي يمكن أن نراها وتمعلها! فهي مدينة كبيرة بها الكثير من المطاعم والمتاجر والأسواق والمتاحم الرائعة. كما أن بها شاطماً كذلك! لقد سأليا بعض الباس الذين يعيشون هناك وبعض السّيّاح عن آرائهم ميها ...

Tens: I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany. I think it's really cool here. I think there are some good museums, but I haven't been to any yet. I love just sitting in the roof garden of my hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea and chatting to other people. It's very relaxing.

السبس لقد قُدِمتُ من ألمانيا لريارة الإسكندرية. أعتقد أن المكان راثع حقًا هنا أظن أن هناك بعض المتاحف الحيدة، لكنب لم أزر أيًا منها بعد. أحب الجلوس في حديقة سطح المندق الذب أُمْيمُ فيه، وشُربِ شـي النعناع المصري حلو المذاق، والدردشة مع الآخرين. إنه أمر مريح للغاية.

Hanan: I've lived in Alexandria all my life. I own a restaurant here so I have to say that you must visit my restaurant to try some of the local cuisine. We serve traditional Egyptian food using lovely fresh local ingredients. We have excellent supermarkets, but I prefer to buy my ingredients at the market in the old town.

حنان: لقد عشتُ مِي الإسكندرية طوال حياتي، وأنا أملك مطعمًا هنا، لدا أودُ أن أقول إنه يجب أن تزوروا مطعمي لتجربة بعص المأكولات المحلبة. تحل نقدم طعامًا مصريًا تقليديًا باستخدام مكوبات محلية طارجة ورائعة. لدينا متأخر كبيرة ممتازة، لكنس أفضل شراء مكوناتي من سوق البلدة القديمة.





Unit [

good there. That's what we love most about Alexandria

the shopping malls! We spend ages walking around
them. We like the people. They are so friendly!

گیرا ولینا: بدل خراید د طمیا ایند ارسیار وانفیدر نیست دیده هیان، وهد آگیر ما بخته می الاسکتاری در کر استوری اینی نقصی الکثیر من انوست بین التحول میها بحل بحث الناس هنا، فَهُم ودودون جِدًا!

Kareem: I'm Egyptian, originally from Cairo. I moved to Alexandria last year and I love it here. I work in a bank. My favorite place is the beach – there isn't one in Cairo! It can get very hot here in summer, so it's great to go there and swim.

كريم: أنا مصرب ومصاعض من الفهرة النقلت إلى الإسكندرية العام الماصم وأجب العيش هنا أنا أعمل مما حك والمخل القفصل لدماً هو الشاطماً اليس هناك سطماً فما الفاهرة أحدث حدل الدوسد حارّ حدًا في المنافقة لدلك فقل الرائع الأهلب إلا المشاطماً والسباحة.

Paulo: I'mon vacation here from Barcelona. I like Alexandria because it reminds me of home – a big, modern city near the sea. I love the mix of modern and old buildings. Also, I like to find out about the culture and traditions. The library is amazing!

الولود أنا فادم من مسوية نفطاء إدارة منا أحب الإسكندرية لأنها بدكرتم بمدينيم مدينة كنيم بمدينية أطن عنما الندر أدبً مرنج المناتم الحديثة والمدعمة في أحبُّ التعرف علما الثقافة والتقاليد. والمكتبة مدهشة!







فالخافة

Match the places and people:







Ahmed



Dina



Yousset



Narrator: 1 Sara

Sara: I'm going to visit my aunt and uncle. We're going by train.







Narrator: 2 Ahmed

Ahmed

: My cousin is visiting us and we're going to show him around.

He's never seen the Pyramids.







Narrator: 3 Dina

: We went on a school trip to find out how cotton is turned

into clothes like T-shirts and dresses.







Narrator: 4 Youssef

Youssef: I want to borrow some books.







library



factory



monument



station







Did you know?

فل تعلم

Fayoum is the oldest town in Egypt. Archaeologists think it is more than 7,000 years old.

المبوم هـي أقدم مدبــة مـي مصر يعتفد علماء الآثار أن عمرها أ<mark>كثر من 7,000 عام.</mark>

Exercises on Lesson

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

restaurants - beach - love - see - city

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to
and do here! It's a big
with lots of amazing
,
stores, markets, and museums. There's even a beach! That's why we

Alexandria.

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

hotel - relaxing - museums - tea - mint

I'm Jens. I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany. I think it's really cool here. I think there are some good () , but I haven't been to any yet. I love just sitting in the roof garden of my (2) , drinking sweet Egyptian (3) tea and chatting to other people. It's very (2)

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. My uncle works in a big food (factory museum n onument) in Tanta.
- 2. The library is the place where we can (borrow buy sel) or read books.

- 3. There is a big train (house arrport arriv.) in our town.
- Molokhia and rice are from the local Egyptian (recipe).
- 5. I bought some new clothes from the (-).
- 6. I love drinking sweet Egyptian (Intel -) tea.
- 7. My favorite place is the (market lit ...,). I like to swim in the sea.
- 8. You must visit my (restaurant muse....-) to try some of the traditional Egyptian food.
- 9. The (market library restaurant) is amazing! I like reading books.
- 10. I prefer to buy my ingredients at the (-) in the old town.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
 - 1. We (loves) Alexandria!
 - 2. What (are) your favorite thing about your town?
 - 3. We (ha.) excellent supermarkets.
 - 4. Fayoum (be) the oldest town in Egypt.
 - 5. I'm (Alexandria from Germany.
 - 6. I (be) on vacation here from Barcelona.
 - 7. Hanan (b .,) her ingredients from the market.
- 5 Read the text and answer the questions:

My name's Hanan. I've lived in Alexandria all my life. I own a restaurant here so I have to say that you must visit my restaurant to try some of the local cuisine. We serve traditional Egyptian food using lovely fresh local ingredients. We have excellent supermarkets, but I prefer to buy my ingredients at the market in the old town.

Connect 5 131



Choose the correct answer:

- Hanan serves traditional (German Egyptian English) food in her restaurant.
- 2. The underlined word 'here' refers to (the restaurant Alexandria Cairo).

Answer these questions:

- 3. What will we try when we go to Hanan's restaurant?
- 4. Where did Hanan buy her ingredients?

6 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1. Alexandria - is - Who - from?

2. a really - place - Alexandria - exciting - is.

3. must - my - visit - restaurant - You.

4. moved - year - | - Alexandria - to - last.

5. favorite – beach – is – My – place – the.

6. shopping - in - Lena - Alexandria - likes.

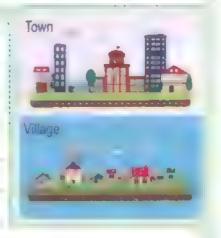
7 Punctuate the following sentences:

1. who is from alexandria





- 2. i'm egyptian, originally from cairo
- 3. which of the places are in your town
- "In visiting alexandria from germany
- 8 Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:
 "My town/village"
 - What are the famous things in it?
 - What about the people in it? What makes it special?







Don't run in the library!



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



librarian أمين مكتبة



library مکتبة



elevator مِصعَد



trash anlaa

Distrion Labor



go straight on سر بشکل مستقیم



cross the road اعبُر الطريق



across from في الجهة المقابلة



next to بجوار



Turn right

Turn left



on the right علم اليمين



on the left بالیسار صلح



تجه يمبئًا

get to يصل إلى



اتجه يسارًا

near here بالقرب من هنا



from here من هنا



Where



Extra	Vocabulary	luid:	il Otelo
bookstore	متجر لبيع الكتب	oven	ٔ فرن
train station	محطة قطار	cake	کعکہ - کیك
café	റമ്മവ	Excuse me	معذرة - لو سمحت
environment	متنا	рагк	ممرد ممتاحه إ
flowers	زهور	clean	، نظیف

Prepositions	حروف الجر		
stand back	ارجع للوراء	stand up	يقف
begin with	يندا ب	sit down	يجلس
start with	يبدأ ب	jum <mark>p up</mark>	يقفز لأعلى
go up	ומאר	jump down	يقفز لأسفل
go in/into/inside	يدخل	put in	يُدخل
pick up	يلتقط	return to	يرجع إلى
at the moment	في هذه اللحظة	at the end	مٰي النهاية
into the elevator	داخل المصعد	in the oven	في الفرن

The same of the sa	The second secon
Lower your voice.	أخفِض صوتك،
Be quiet.	الترم الهدوء.
talk loudly	يتحدث بصوتِ عالٍ
miss the first lesson	يموته الحصة الأولى
make sure	يحرص - يتأكد
crowded places	أماكل مردحمة
Wait a moment.	انتظر لحظة.
Walk quietly.	امش بهدوء،
go upstairs	تصهد للإعلى
Push the number one button.	أضعط علي الزررفم واحد



Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs معال منتظمة

pick	يلتقط	picked
return	تعود	returned
wait	ينتظر	waited
push	يدفع	pushed
shout	يصرخ - بصيح	shouted
start	يبدأ	started

	Contract in	
park	يركن السيارة	parked
open	يفتح	opened
waste	یهدر - یضیع	wasted
close	يغلق	closed
study	يذاكر	studied
stop	يتوقف	stopped

Irregular verbs

أفعال غير منتظمة

begin	يبدأ	began
come	بثأي	came
choose	يختار	chose
write	بتكيب	wrote
speak	يتكلم	spoke
wear	يرتدي	wore
lose	يفقد	lost

keep	يحتفظ	kept
stand	يقف	stood
bring	يجلب	brought
put	يضع	put
ride	يزكب	rode
forget	بنس	forgot
bring back	يُعيد	brought back

Read and Learn



Teacher: OK, children. We're here now. This is The Alexandria Library.

المراجعة الم

: Wow! It's amazing. Can we go inside?

🤦 ربو: يا للروعة! إنها مذهلة. هل يمكننا الدخول؟

📝 نهي: هل يمكننا الصعود إلى مكتبة الأصفال؟

نحن ماعدون إلى الأعلى!

Teacher: Wait a moment. Is everybody here? Yes, OK.

Let's go in.

💟 👝 🤃 عظرو طف من الصبح هناكيةم حسبًا ستعدن.

📜 Ali : I'm going first!

على: سأدخل أولاً!

Teacher: Don't run, Ali. Walk quietly. This is a very important place.

with me the his you that we year, in Ali : I'm sorry.

Can we go upstairs to the Children's Library?

Noha

Teacher: Yes. Go into the elevator. Good. Stand back. The doors are closing. Don't jump up and down, Ali! Push the number one button, Tarek. Great, thank you. We're going up!

> ر بيرالسمع ديد الرجو للوالم الأربي بعني ، يمير ما المصعد يا على! اضغط الزر رفم واحد يا طارق، عظيم، شكرًا لك.

منت: أنا آسف.





The imperative

- We use imperatives to tell someone to do or not to do something.
 - 🗖 نستخدم صيعَة الأمر لنخبر شدصًا ما أن يفعل أو ألا يفعل شيئًا ما.
 - ➤ Stand up! ► Help me!

Have fun!

- ▶ Don't run. ▶ Don't close the window.
- Don't be late tomorrow!
- Imperatives don't usually begin with a subject like you, she or they. Imperatives usually start with a verb.
 - 💻 لا تبدأ صيغة الأمر بفاعل مثل (you she they)، بل عادةُ ما تبدأ بفعل.
- Affirmative imperatives use the infinitive without to:
 - عند توجيه الأمر بشكل مثبت، نضع الفعل في المصدر في أول الجملة بدون (to).
 - Run!
- Sit down.

Open the door, please.

- Please pick up that trash.
- Put the cake in the oven, please.
- Negative imperatives use don't + infinitive without ta
 - 📜 النهي عن فعل شيء، نبدأ الجملة بـ (Don't) وبعدها الفعل في المصدر بدون (to).
 - Don't eat in the library, please.
 - Don't waste your time.

Giving directions

- When we ask for directions, we say:
- . 🛢 عندما نسأل عن الاتجاهات نقول:

AMERICAN PROPERTY.

- Excuse me, how do I get to (the station)?
- ▶ Is there (a library) near here?
- ▶ Where is the (post office), please?
- We use the imperative to give instructions:
 - نستخدم صيغة الأمر لإعطاء التوجيهات:
 - ► Turn right! Cross the road.



Step Ahead



Read and learn

Where does the tourist want to go? ِّين تُريد السائحة أن تذهب؟

Tourist: Excuse me, how do I get to the museum from here?

السئده: بذا سمحيب، كيـف بمكتب. ،لوصـول إلـب المتحف من هنا؟

Girl: Go straight, turn left at the end of the road and the museum is on your right.

🔽 البيب امشي نشكل مستميم ثام انجهاب يسارًا عند لهاياه الصرباق وسيكون المنجاف على لمبيك,

Tourist: Thank you very much!

السائحة: شكرًا جزيلاً لكِ.









Activity

Write the letters on the map:























Narrator: A

A: Excuse me, how do I get to the station?

وعدرةً، كيف يمكنني أن أصل إلى المحطة؟





B: Go straight. Do not turn left at Park Avenue. Turn left onto Station Road and the station is on your right. It's across from the hospital.

ية : إلى الدخر عليم الانتظام الانتظام الإنك أميني (العظم منظم العظم الدخطة وستكون المحطة علي يمينك. إنها في الجهة المقابلة للمستشفى.

A: Thank you.

1. jul.

Narrator: B

C: Excuse me, where is the supermarket?

عدَرةً، أبن السوير ماركت؟ 🗨

B: Ah, go straight on Main Street. Go over Park Avenue and Station Road. Turn right onto High Street and the supermarket is on your right.

ي د د د د سخ بر به منظم چاید الاستان به اور د خارات بیشتر و بیشتر و بیشتر و بیشتر و بیشتر و بیشتر و العظفمة تعنب ممالساع الرئيسم وستددين السوير ماركب عام المبلك

C: That's great. Thank you very much.

🤦 : رائع. شكرًا جزيلاً لك.

Narrator: C

Excuse me, is there a café near here?

من فضلك هل يوجد مقهب بالقرب من هنا؟ 🛣

B: Yes, there is. Go straight on Main Street. Don't turn right into Park Avenue, but turn right onto Station Road. You'll see a bookstore on your left. The café is next to the bookstore.

سناء السام رأ عليه السارع الاساسان لا تسلم السيار ما بارات أقلا وا ويدار بدهم اعتب إلى طربق المحصة شوما بري مشريم عليه بساك المقهلم بجلوار متجلر الكتب

D: Many thanks.

تحزيل الشكر. 🖥





Exercises on Lesson



right - in - on - next - straight

There's a café near here. If you want to reach it, go on

Main Street. Don't turn of into Park Avenue, but turn right
onto Station Road. You will see a bookstore of your left. The
café is of the bookstore.

2 Choose the correct answer: The imperative

- 1. (Eats Don't eat Eat) fruits and vegetables to stay healthy.
- 2. (Spend Spending Don't spend) your time doing unimportant things.
- 3. Please, (wrote write writes) your answer in short sentences.
- 4. (Dont Do Doesn't) your homework every day.
- 5. (Don't Doesn't Do) eat in the class.
- 6. Stop making noise and (listen not listen listens) to me, please.
- 7. Don't (comes come coming) to school late.
- 8. You're late. (Hurnes Don't hurry up Hurry up) or you'll miss the train!
- 9. Always (keeps keep to keep) quiet when you are in your school library.
- 10. (Don't Doesn't Do) the housework with your mother.
- 11. (Not Doesn't Don't) touch paintings when you visit a museum.
- 12. Faten, (don't do does) this exercise again, please.
- 13. (Don't work Work Working) with your classmates to do this project together.
- 14. Don't (shout shouting shouts) in class.
- 15. Don't (be is are) late tomorrow!
- 16. Please (picks picking) up the trash.



Language 1

Choose the correct answer: Giving directions

- 1. Excuse me, (how who where) do I get to the station?
- 2. Excuse me, (who how where) is the station, please?
- 3. The supermarket is (in on at) the left.
- 4. Go straight (at in on), then turn right.
- 5. The museum is (cross across crossed) from the school.
- 6. How can I get (at on to) the bookstore, please?
- 7. Go straight on. The school is (on to in) the right.
- 8. The park is (near far far away). You can go on foot.

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. (Stands) up!
- 2. (Helped) me!
- 3. (Has) fun!
- 4. Don't (running).
- 5. (Didn't) close the window.
- 6. Don't (are) late tomorrow!
- 7. (Are) there a library near here?
- 8. Where (are) the post office, please?
- (gets) to the station? 9. Excuse me, how do l
- 10. (Turned) right!
- (got) to the museum from here? 11. Excuse me, how do l
- (Goes) straight, turn left at the end of the road. 12.
- (in) the right. 13. The bookstore is
- . (at). The café is next to the supermarket. 14. Go straight
- (Across) the road. The station is on the left. 15.

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. book Choose a good to read.
- talk loudly, Don't please.

SB



3. write - in - Don't - the book.

4. the book – Return – its place – to.

- 5. inside we Can go?
- 6. place is important This very a.
- 7. shouldn't book You lose your.
- 8. please noise, making Stop.
- 9. fruit stay healthy to Eat,
- 10. clean the Keep environment,
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"What you should or shouldn't do inside a park"

environment - park - flowers - help - trash can





Lemon

Gabi learns a lesson



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary









villager قرومي sacks of beans آکیاس حبوب lost afli traders

,	Extra Vocabulary	بافرة	ر ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
branch	و فرع شجرة ألم المراقة	olish	إُ أحمق - غبي
ibis	en أبو منجل (اسم طائر)	ormous	أضخم
jerboa	اليربوع (اسم حيوان)	dely	بفظاظة - بشكل فظّ
anyway	un على أي حال	kindly	بوقاحة - بفظاظة
camel	چمّل <mark>جَمّل</mark>	ake	إثعبان

				_	W			
	THE RESERVE	4 1 4 5	1850		-	. 1	CALP I	4 4 5 1
B- 1	7					170		
					OR LAND	Action 19 March	2	

the branches of the tree	فروع الشجرة
turned left	انعطَفُ يسارًا
strange-looking bird	طائر شکله غریب
funny-looking creature	ٔ مخلوق شکله مضحك
tell the truth	يقول الصدق
ask for help	يطلب المساعدة
entertain the crowds	بسلَّى الجموع (الناس المحتمعة)
get dark	تُظلم
above the land	فوق الأرض
even if	حتّی لو
Do you need any help?	رِ هل تحتاج أب مساعدة؟





Pronunciation:

The same sound is sometimes spelled in different ways, e.g. eight, ate.

الصوت الواحد يمكن أن ينطق بطرق مختلفة مثل كلمتي (eight, ate).

	go /ou/	bite /aɪ/	,
show	يعرض	right	صحیح - یمین
grow	يكبر	time	ومّت
below	أسفل	write	يكتب
wrote	کَنْت	bike	(دراحة

	boy /oi/	make /eɪ/	
enjoy	يستمتع	ache	يۇلم
coin	عملة معدنية	bake	يخبز
point	نقطة	eight	رقم ثمانية (8)

***	For type of the second of the second	
estimated answer	actual answer إجابة تقريبية	إجابة دقيقة
How much	ما ثمن <mark>guess (n)</mark>	إتحمين
Egyptian pound	For example الجنيه المصرب	على سبيل المثال
It's around	المية - تقريبًا t's close to	حوالي - نفريبًا
It's about	tt's near حوالي - تقريبًا	رحوالی - تقریبًا

Consugnitive of contra

Regular verbs معال منتظمه

Present			Prese	nt	
pretend	يتظاهر	pretended	recognize	يتعرف على	recognized
offer	يعرص	offered	apologize	ואזיכו	apologized



Connect 5 ⊢

w10)

-			, Jan. J
a	dd	يضيف	added
g	uess	يُخمن - <mark>يفترض</mark>	guessed
W	ant	یرید	wanted
tı	ırn	يتجه	turned
n	eed	يحتاج	needed

Present		The state of the s
decide	يقرر	decided
behave	يتصرف	behaved
walk	تسست	walked
entertain	تسلت	entertained
ask	يسأل	asked

irregular verbs منظمة مالكان المنظمة المنال عبر المنظمة المنال

Present		
hear	क्रणा	heard
give	تعطت	gave
meet	يقابل	met
take	يأخذ	took
tell	يخبر	told
understand	يفهم	understood

sell	يبيع	sold
fly	يطير	flew
say	يقول	said
know	تعرض	knew
begin	يبدأ	began
sleep	ينام	slept

Read and learn

Gabi tearns a tesson

درشا -

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market, but he couldn't walk far. His camel, Gabi, said, "Give me the sacks of beans - I will take them to the market for you."

Gabi walked along the road. He turned left and then right and then left again. Soon, Gabi didn't recognize the road.





"Are you lost?" called an ibis. Gabi had never seen such a strange-looking bird. "No, I'm not lost." pretended Gabi. Gabi didn't know that the ibis could fly high above the land and tell him the way.

Gabi saw a snake, watching him from the branches of a tree.

"You look lost," said the snake.

"No, I'm not," said Gabi - again he wasn't telling the truth. "Anyway, even if I was, you can't help - you haven't even got legs," he said unkindly. Gabi didn't know that the snake went to the market every day to entertain the crowds.

It began to get dark. Gabi saw a little animal on the road in front of him.

"What a funny-looking creature. Look at those enormous ears," he

thought to himself.

"Hello," said the jerboa. "Do you need any help?"

"No, I don't!" replied Gabi rudely. Gabi didn't know that the jerboa could hear the sounds of the market traders.

"OK, good night then, called the jerboa.

Soon, it was completely dark and Gabi understood he needed the animals' help. He knew he was foolish and he was sorry. He decided to go to sleep, and to apologize and ask for their help the next day.

(مم أحد الأيام، أراد قُرْوِيِّ أن يبيع حبوبه في السوى، ولكنه لم يكن يستطيع المشي لمسافة طوئـة. فقال جمله جابي: "أعطني أكياس الحبوب - سوف آخذها إلم السوق بدلًا منك." سار جانب على الطريق. استدار يسارًا ثم يمينًا ثم يسارًا مرة أخرى. وسرعان ما تاه جاببي

على الطريق.

منادى عنيه طائر أبو منجل فائلًا: «هل أبن تائه؟» لم يكن جابي قد رأى طائرًا عريب المظهر مثل هذا من قبل.



قال جابى: «لا لَسَتُ بَاتُهًا.» لم يكن حابي يعلم أن طائر أبو منحل يمكنه أن بطير عالياً ويخيره بالطريـق.

رأى جابي تُعبانًا يراقبه من على أغصان شجرة.

قال الثعبان: «تبدو تائهًا.»

قال جابيه: «لا، نستُ بائهًا» - مرة أجرى لم يكن بمول الجميمة. يم مان بمطاطه «عليه العموم، حيين لو كنتُ بائهًا، لما استطعت مساعدتي - مأنيه نيس لديك أرجل حيين.» لم يكن حانين بعلم أن التعيان كن بدهت إلين السوق كل يوم لبُسلَّي الحشود

بدأ الظلام يحل. ورأى جابي حيوانًا صعيرًا على الطريق أمامه.

فقال مب بمسه: «يا نه من محلوق مصحك. انظر إلى هانين الأدبين الكبيرتين للغاية.»

قال اليربوع: «مرحبا. هل تحتاج أي مساعدة؟»

فردّ حابـم، بوفاحـة «لا، لا أريـد.» لـم بكـن جابـم، يعلـم أن اليربـوع يمكنـه أن بسـمع أصـوات تحـار السـوق.

فقال اليربوع: «حسنًا، تصبح على خير إذن.»

وسرعان ما حلّ الطلام بمقا وأدرك حابم أنه تحاجة إلى مساعدة الحيوانات. وعلِّــــة أنـــه كان أحمقًا وقد كان أَسَـــةً، على ما معلـــة، قرر أن بناه، وأن تعلَّـــدر لهــــم وبطلب مساعدتهم **في اليـــوم التالي.**

Estimated answers

The property of the



An estimated answer isn't the actual answer – it's a good guess. For example, if you add 12 and 17, you know the answer is "close to" 30. You know it isn't close to 60. You can say:

الإحابه التقريبية ليست إحاية دقيقة تمامًا ولكنها تحميل ديد. على سبيل المثال لو جمعيا 12 و 17 فأيت نعرف أن الإحاية فرينة من 30، وتعرف أيضا أنها ليست فرينة من 60، فيمكنك ا<mark>ستخدام أحد التعبيرات الآتية:</mark>

It's around ... - It's about ... - It's close to ... - It's near ...





Exercise: on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

sacks - market - villager - recognize - turned

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the
, but he couldn't walk far. His camel, Gabi, said, "Give me the
of beans – I will take them to the market for you." Gabi walked along the left and then right and then left again. Soon,
Gabi didn't
. the road.

(2) Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

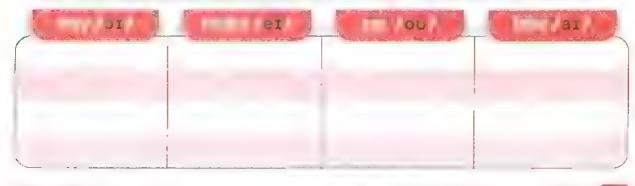
legs - entertain - market - branches - unkindly

Gabi saw a snake watching him from the of a tree. The snake offered to help Gabi, but he didn't want. Gabi said, "Anyway, even if I was lost, you can't help – you haven't even got ," he said Gabi didn't know that the snake went to the market every day to of the crowds.

3 Write the words in the correct places in the table:



right - wrote - enjoy - grow - bake - eight - time - write - show - ache - point - coin - bike - below









Choose the correct answer:

- 1. I have a bad tooth (bike ache).
- 2. Look! There are (eight ate) trees in the garden.
- 3. Let's (bike bake) a cake for my birthday!
- 4. Does the farmer (grow write) vegetables?
- 5. Gabi offered to (want help) the villager.
- 6. The ibis could help because he could (fly help) over the land.
- 7. The jerboa could help because he could (fly hear) very well.
- 8. He knew he was (right foolish) and he was sorry.
- 9. Gabi didn't (recognize entertain) the road.
- 10. My grandfather usually tells us funny stories to (apologize entertain) us.

(5)

Circle the correct estimated answer:



(6)

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

- 1. My grandfather usually (tell) us funny stories to entertain us.
- 2. Which animal does Gabi (met) first?
- 3. .. (Gives) me the sacks of beans.
- 4. I will (took) them to the market for you.





- 5. Look! There (is) eight trees in the garden.
- 6. Gabi didn't (recognized) the road.
- 7. The ibis could (helped) because he could fly over the land.

7 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. take the market I them will to.
 - .
- 2. at enormous Look ears those.
- •
- 3. help you Do any need?
- ?
- 4. decided to go He sleep to.
- 5. strangers talk shouldn't to You.
- 6. good for is Asking help.
- .







الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



waterpark ملاهب مائية



famous bridges جسور مشھورة



theaters مسارح



location gaga



tourist attractions معالم الجذب السيادي



famous attraction مُعْلَم سیاحی مشھور



famous places أماكن مشهورة



Buckingham Palace قصر بکنغهام



the British Museum المتحف البريطاني



Archaeological Center مرکز آثری



International Park الحديقة الدولية



the River Thames نهر التايمز



relaxing boat trip رحلة استرذاء بالقارب



Extra Vec	abut ary		Biditi Class
perfect town	مديبة مثالية	picnic	نزهة خلوية
exciting	مثير - مشوّق	airport	مطار
amazing	مدهش	plenty	ٍ وفرة ٠ كثرة
wonderful	وائع	shade	ظِل
description	وصف	history	ا تاریخ
delicious	لذيذ - شهي	arts	منون
amazing treasures	کنوز مدهش ة	lake	بحيرة
culture	ِّ ثَمَامُهُ القامَةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ العامِيةِ	beach	ரேம் மி

	,
It doesn't matter.	الا تعم.
the fascinating history of the area	التاريخ الرائع للمنطقة
in the world	مُن العالم
around the world	أ حول العالم
in the middle of	في وسط
is always open	دائمًا مفتوح
It's free to go in.	ً الدحُول مجاني.

Conjugacion of Limbs

Regular verbs قطال منتظمة

Name and the	,	L. Jane		In .	
encourage	يُشجِّع	encouraged	borrow	يسنعير	borrowed
describe	يَصف	described	laugh	يضحك	laughed
include ضمّن	يشمل - يتّ	included	touch	ينمس	touched

Connect 5⊢





أفعال غير منتظمة andical

This is			Chilli			4
catch the tra	يلحق بالقطار ain	caught the train	choose	ٰ يختار	chose	
feed	يُطعِم	fed	take	يأخذ	took	

Read and learn

This is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often rains here, but it doesn't matter because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist attractions. You will see famous places like Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British Museum. You can take a relaxing boat trip on the River Thames and go under the famous bridges. All the walking around will make you hungry! But don't worry, there are plenty of different restaurants to choose from. You can find delicious food from all over the world here!



أعتبر لبدن إحدى أكثر المدن إثارة من العادم عالنًا ما ناسا مطالأمطار هيا، لكن لا يهم دلك لأن همك الكثير من الأسال الممتعة التبي يمكن القيام بها. يمكنك ركوب حافلة حمراء كبيرة وريارة المعلم السياحية المدهلة. سوس باري الباكل شهيرة مثل مصر بكنعهام والمسارح والمند ما البرطانيي وبمكنك الفيام برحلة استرجاء بالمارت من بهر البايمر والمرور بحث الجسور الشهيرة. كل دلك النحول سيجعلك بشعر بالحوع لكن لا تملق، هناك الكثير من المطاعم المحتلفة لتجنار من المناء بمكنك أل تحد ها أضعمة لديدة من جميع أنجاء العالم

TIP

When you are trying to encourage people to go to a place, use positive adjectives to describe the place.

 عندما تحاول أن تشجع الناس علي زيارة مكان ما، استخدم الصفات الإيحابية لوصف هذا المكان.



Lessons 🏥

العلمين الجديدة New Alamein العلمين الجديدة

There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. This beautiful beach is 14 kms long! There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city! You can also visit the beautiful International



Park. If you want to learn about the fascinating history of the area, then visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there. I can't wait to see you in New Alamein.

هناك العدلا من الأسناء المنبرة النصابة المنبرة الشام بها من مدينة العلمين الجديدة. يقع المدينة على الشاطئ الجميل على الشاطئ الدميل على الشاطئ الدميل الشاطئ الدميل المدينة إلى المدينة المدين

Project

Our perfect town

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals. It is really hot in our town, so there is a waterpark that is always open. It's

free to go in!

There is a wonderful market that sells all kinds of delicious food, like fresh bread and fresh fruit and vegetables.

There is a big park with lots of trees so we can go for family picnics in the shade. This is our perfect town!

من مدينية المحيجة توجد حديقة حيوانات كبيرة بجوار المدرسة مناشرةً بمكتبا الدهاب إليها كن يوم بعد الطهر عبد اللهاء الحصص الدراسية ويمكننا المساعدة من إطعام الحيوانات. الحوجار للعالم مدينينا الأنك توجد ملاهب مائية ممتوجة دائمًا. والدحول إليها مجانب! لوجد سلوق رائع أحاج محة بملع أحواع الأضعمية الشهية، مثل الحيز أنطارح والمواكمة والحصراوات الصارحة توجد حديمة كبيرة لها انكثير من الأشجار حتب بنسيب ليا الدهات في

بزهات عائليـة مــي الطــل. هذه هي مدينتنا المثالية!







Exercises on Lessons

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

matter - places - tourist - exciting - world

London is a big city. It is one of the most
world. It often rains here, but it doesn't
because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing attractions. You will see famous
Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British Museum.

2 Read the text and answer the questions:

There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. This beautiful beach is 14 kms long! There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city! You can also visit the beautiful International Park. If you want to learn about the fascinating history of the area, then visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there. I can't wait to see you in New Alamein.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. New Alamein is on the (park river beach).
- 2. There is a large, green (pool lake sea) right in the middle of the city!

Answer these questions:

- 3. How long is the beach in New Alamein?
- 4. What can you visit in New Alamein?





3 Read and	write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets
1. You can	(went) on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist
attractions.	
2. There	(is) many exciting things to do in New Alamein.
3.	(Is) the adjectives positive or negative?
4. This	(are) our perfect town!
5. I can't	(waits) to see you in New Alamein.
4 Put the w	ords in the correct order to make sentences:
1. amazing – Th	ere - some - are - treasures.
	*
5. visit - Park -	can - International - You - the.
***************************************	**************************************
7. of – There –	olenty – are – restaurants.
P1010101011(00411010	\$ C.000.010.100.000.000.000.000.000
8. really - our -	It's - hot - in - town.
P	
9. wonderful – is	s – There – market – a.
5 Punctuate	the following sentences:
1. you will see fa	mous places like buckingham palace and the british
museum	
D.	
2. you can take a	a relaxing boat trip on the river thames

Unit⁶

- 3. there is a big zoo in our perfect town
- 4. there are many exciting things to do in new alamein
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My town/city"

Ideas to help your

famous attractions - location - near a beach/river - history - culture - arts











Listen and choose the correct answer:

(4.5Ms)

يص الاستماع موجود في صمحة (223) أخر الكتاب.

- 1. Paulo is from (Alexandria Barcelona Paris).
- 2. He loves the mix of modern and old (culture tradit ons bidills).
- 3. Paulo lives near the (sea river lake).
- 2

Read and complete the dialogue:

(8Ms)

upstairs - jump - elevator - Don't

Teacher: OK, children. We're here now. This is The Alexandria Library.

Reem: Wow! It's amazing. Can we go inside?

Teacher: Wait a moment. Is everybody here? Yes, OK. Let's go in.

Ali : I'm going first!

Teacher: 1 run, Ali. Walk quietly. This is a very important place.

Ali : I'm sorry.

Noha . Can we go 2 to the Children's Library?

Teacher: Yes. Go into the 3 . Good. Stand back. The doors

are closing. Don't up and down, Ali! Push the

number one button, Tarek. Great, thank you. We're going up!

3 Read the text and answer the questions:

(7.5Ms)

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals. It is really hot in our town, so there is a waterpark that is always open. It's free to go in! There is a wonderful market that sells all kinds of delicious food, like fresh bread and fresh fruit and vegetables. There is a big park with lots of trees so we can go for family picnics in the shade.





Answer these questions:

- 1. When can you go to the zoo?
- 2. What's the weather like in your town?

0

Choose the correct answer:

- 3. There is a wonderful (park restaurant market) that sells all kinds of delicious food.
- 4. The zoo is (far from next to behind) the school.
- 5. There is a big park with lots of trees so we can go for family (trips picnics journeys) in the shade.

4

Choose the correct answer:

(5Ms)

- 1. Excuse me, how do I (got gets get) to the shopping mall?
- 2. When you make a mistake, you should (entertain apologize leave).
- 3. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist (attractions directions conversations).
- 4. Look! There are (ate eat eight) trees in the garden.
- 5. The museum is (at in on) the left.

5

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

(5Ms)

- 1. the oldest is Fayoum in Egypt town.
- 2. inside go Can we?

... 1

- 3. love I drinking mint tea sweet Egyptian.
- ,
- 4. office, is please Where the post?

-7

5. is - Alexandria - exciting - a really - to visit - place.





Listen and circle the correct answer:



نص الاسماع موجود في صفحة (224) أحر الكتاب.

- 1. (Cairo London Paris China) is one of the most exciting cities in the world.
- 2. It often (blows shines rains travels) in London.
- 3. You can visit amazing (tourist monument museum town) attractions.
- 4. You will see famous places like Buckingham (Castle Parace Citadel
 Museum).

2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

(6Ms)

- 1. Farmers (cut drink raise grow) vegetables and fruits.
- 2. Yesterday, I didn't (entertain understand recognize apologize) my street because it was dark.
- 3. To go upstairs, use the (factory elevator basket station).
- 4. I liked the restaurant. The food was (delicious bad salty strange).
- 3 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

beach - bank - hot - originally - summer

I'm Kareem. I'm Egyptian,
Alexandria last year and I love it here. I work in a

My favorite place is the

, so It's great to go there and swim.

Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms)

Alexandria is a fabulous city in Egypt. It is in the north of Egypt. It's famous for its ancient and modern buildings, beautiful beaches and friendly people. People like to go there in the summer holidays to enjoy the fresh air of the sea and go swimming or fishing.

රිදෙන 2

During the school year, our school made a trip to Alexandria.

There, we visited one of the greatest libraries in the world. It's the Alexandria Library. People from all over the world visit this library. It was really a fantastic trip.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Alexandria is in the (scuth west east north) of Egypt.
- 2. The underlined word "There" refers to (Alexandra the lorary Egypt the trip).

Answer these questions:

- 3. Why do people go to Alexandria during the summer holidays?
- 4. What is Alexandria famous for?
- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: (2Ms)
 - 1. for this bike Is a new me?
 - 2. eat library in shouldn't the.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)
 - 1. Faten, (1) this exercise again, please.
 - 2. The museum is (in) your right.
- 7 Punctuate the following sentence: (1M)
 - Owear your jacket please
- Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

"A visit to the Castle"

last week - visited - Castle - Cairo - my friends - by bus - old building - enjoyed - walls - tourists - liked





- practice using prepositions of time.
- · learn about different types of triangles.
- think about my perfect vacation.
- write a diary entry for my best day on vacation.
- make a poster for a vacation destination.
- listen to a conversation.
- read and say words with the th sound.

Vocabulary

Travel hotel, passport, swimming pool, suitcase, ticket, tourist, beach, camera, city, museum, sunglasses, theme park, traditional, day trip, capital, wander.handlcrafts, stall

Prepositions of time, i.e. on Mondays / my birthday, at 8 pm / lunchtime, in June /

Language

The adjective suffixes:

-ous (e.g. dangerous, famous) and -ive (e.g. creative, expensive)

- Email about a vacation

Reading

- Text about a trip to an Egyptian park

- Text about a trip to Jordan

Diary entry about a trip

Listenina

Short dialogs about plans for different times of the day

Talking about a place you would like to visit

Speaking

- Talking about things to do on vacation

- Taiking about things you do at different times of the day

Writing

- Diary entry about a day when you did something special

Project

A poster about your perfect vacation

Phonics

Correctly pronounce the sounds /0/ (e.g. thing) and /o/ (e.g. these)

Life skills

Decision making: Things to take on vacation

where to go on vacation

Values

Independence and flexibility: Deciding on what you would enjoy doing on vacation Respect and personal growth: Respecting privacy; do not read other people's

diaries

Issues and challenges

Environmental responsibility: Using natural and man-made resources How can you make your vacation more environmentally friendly?

Inegrated crosscultural topics

- Science: Natural and man-made resources - Math: Triangles







الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



hotel فندق



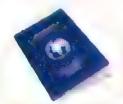
suitcase حقیبة سمر



ticket تذكرة



(airport



passport جواز سفر



flight رحلة طيران



theme park مدینهٔ ترفیهیهٔ



high-rise buildings مبان مرتضعة



swimming pool حمام سباحة



tourist سائح



business trip رحلة عمل



special place مکان ممیز

Extre Vocabulary

فيت	أفل		1
-	4.		

Japan	دولة اليابان	floor	طابق - دور
busy city	مدينة مزدحمة	comfortable	مریح
Singapore	دولة سنغافورة	huge	فخم
island	چزيرة	luckily	الحسن الحظ
The Gardens b	عدائق الخليج y the Bay و	aloud	أبصوتٍ عالٍ
husband	.95	take long	ٰ يستغرق مدة ط <mark>ويلة</mark> ا
island	حريرة	museum	أمتحف

Sentences & Expressions

go on a boat trip يذهب في رحنة بالقارب straight away غوزا on a business trip فب رحلة عمل traveling around the world السفر حول العالم on the roof على السطح get through the airport الوصول إلى المطار in the middle of فی وسط pack the suitcases نحرم الحقائب It's about 36 degrees. رتبلغ درجة الحرارة حوالب 63 درجة.

Vocabulary Study

: You can have fun here and go on different rides.

: This is somewhere to stay when you are on vacation.

: You put your clothes and other things in this when you travel.

: You need this to travel to a different country.

: You can make sandcastles and swim in the sea here.

Configuration of period

أمحال منتظمة Regular verbs

p	a franklight to the first to th		
travel	يسافر	traveled	receive
relax	1000	relaxed	believe
pack	يحرم (الحقائب)	packed	hope
stay	سونت	stayed	arrive

receive	يستقبل	received
believe	يساق	believed
hope	يأمُل - يتمنى	hoped
arrive	يصل	arrived

四(1)

أفظال غير منظمه معالم Irregular verbs

		Ten
read	يقرأ	read
leave	يغادر	left
forget	سسني	forgot
fly	يطير	flew
sit	يجلس	sat

sleep	يناه	slept
think	يفكر	thought
spend (time)	ي <mark>قضي (</mark> وقت)	spent
send	يرسل	sent
take	يأخذ	took



ين العم (هانب) والعمة (نادية) الأن؟



Today Mom received an email from her sister Nadia, and her husband Hani. They are on a business trip traveling around the world. Nadia and Hani were in India last week, and this week they are in Singapore. Mom is reading the email aloud to her daughter Rana and her son Ali.

تلفت أم من ساله بريد إلىكترونمن من أحتها باديث و وبهت سالت المستدر ال

رحلة إلى سنغافورة A trip to Singapore



From: Nadiax@mail.com

To: Samiax@mail.com

Subject: My trip Dear Samia.

Hello to you all from Singapore! It's hot here

- about 36 degrees. Luckily, we've got a lovely hotel room. We're on the 42nd floor. The view is beautiful and we can see the beach. There's a huge swimming poo on the roof of the hotel! Can you believe it? The flight from India took about six hours, but it was comfortable and we both slept.





It didn't take long to get through the airport when we arrived - we got our suitcases straight away.

Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of night-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The Gardens by the Bay is a really special place where there are flowers and plants from all around the world. We spent a lot of time there. You really forget that you're in the middle of a busy city

Yesterday, we went on a boat trip with some other tourists to an island. There is a theme park. It was so much fun! After that, we visited the museum of ice cream! I had a 'Queen Bee' ice cream which is vanilla and honey with chocolate. It was great!

I hope you are all well. We will fly to Japan tomorrow and I'll send you another email when we arrive. Now I have to find our tickets and passports and pack our suitcases again!

Love,

Nadia

من: Nadiax@mail.com

Samiax@mail.com :വി

الموصوع: رطتي

بر على حال المستعمورة! الجواجار هذا حواش أنجا السومة لحسن المستقر من الطابق 42 ومقتص مند أعمل حصر عمر الاستقدام المستقر في المستقر ال

لا بـ رسم الكبر عن المناس الما سلا بكر ب عس عدا با على المناس الما سلام بكر با على المناس الما الما با المناس بالما با المناس بالما با المناس بالما با المناس بالما بالمناس بالما بالمناس بالما بالمناس بالمن

جانب المستطير المستطال عدًا وسأرسل لكم دينًا ويطار المستطر علاماً المناف المستطر المستطرا والمستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة المستطرة

> بادیه محسب،





The Gardens by the Bay"

أضف إلى معلوماتك:

"حدائق الحلاج هب مدمله طبيعته من وسط مديلة سيغاموره. بيالم المحمع الطبيعي من بلاث حديثور ذات واحميات بحريله حديقة جينوت الجليج، حديقه شرق الجنياح وحديقة وسط الخليج. أكبر هذه الحدائق هي حديقة الخليج الجنوبية.



Did you know?

من لسلم ا

Egypt is one of the most popular vacation destinations in the world. Millions of people visit Egypt every year.

تُعد مصر من أشهر الوحهان السياحية نقضاء الإحازان فـي العائـم. يـزور ملاييـن النـاس مصـر كل عـام.

Exercises on Lesson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

world - high-rise - local - busy - Gardens

Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of
buildings, but
there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The
by the Bay is a really special place where there are flowers
and plants from all around the
. We spent a lot of time there.
You really forget that you're in the middle of a
city.

2 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

museum - passports - theme - suitcases - tourists

Yesterday, we went on a boat trip with some

to an island.

There is a

park. It was so much fun! After that, we visited the museum! I had ice cream which is vanilla and honey with chocolate. It was great! We will fly to Japan tomorrow. Now I have to find our tickets and

and pack our
!



3 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. You need a (book passport newspaper) to travel to a different country.
- 2. You can make sandcastles on the (park club beact) and swim in the sea.
- 3. Tourists stay in a (hotel high-rise building suitcase) when they are on vacation.
- 4. You can have fun and go on different rides at the (theme park m ,seum airport).
- 5. We put our clothes in a (flight pool suitcase) when we travel.
- 6. There's a huge swimming (pool cafe restaurant) on the roof of the hotel for people to swim!
- 7. He is on a business (man person trip) to Turkey.
- 8. We will go to the (arport theme park station) to take the plane to Japan.
- 9. (Tourists Su toases Passports) visit famous places in Egypt every year.
- 10. I have to buy a (ticket newspaper passport) to take the train.

Read the text and answer the questions:

Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of high-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The Gardens by the Bay is a really special place where there are flowers and plants from all around the world. When you are in that place, you really forget that you're in the middle of a busy city.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Singapore is a wonderful (village town city).
- 2. There are lots of high-rise (trees buildings a.rports) in Singapore.
- Answer these questions:
- 3. Where can you relax in Singapore?
- **>**
- 4. Why is the Gardens by the Bay a special place?





5 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

1. Laiways

(takes) my phone so I can take photos.

- 2. Where
- (is) Uncle Hani and Aunt Nadia now?
- 3. Yesterday they

(go) to a museum.

4. There

(is) lots of high-rise buildings.

5. We will

- (flying) to Japan tomorrow.
- 6. Now I our suitcases.
- (has) to find our tickets and passports and pack

6 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. received from Mom an email her sister.
 - **>**
- 2 were India last week They in.
 - 5-
- 3. huge pool a There's swimming.
 - 80
- 4. city Singapore wonderful is a.
 - P
- 5. we on Yesterday, went trip a boat.
- 6. a lot spent of time We there.
 - -
- 7. will to fly We Japan tomorrow.
- 18
- 8. do take What you on vacation?





- 7 Punctuate the following sentences:
 - 1. hello to you all from singapore
 - 2. we will fly to japan tomorrow
 - 3. can you believe that the flight from india took only six hours
 - 4. no i don't like adventure sports
 - 5. where's your science book rana
- 8 Write a paragraph of () words using the following guiding elements:
 "My next mid-year vacation"

I Ideas to help your

- Where will you go? - What will you do? - With whom will you go?







Lesson

A special trip



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



diary

مفكرة - يوميات



diary entry

تدوينة في مفكرة اليوميات



tour

رجولة سياحية



day trip

رحلة ليوم واحد



traditional

تقليدي



wander (v)

يتجول



أ قلعة - حصن



handicrafts

جرّف يدوية



arts

أعمال فنية



crafts

أعمال يدوية



flight

رحلة جوية



check in

تسجيل الدخول فت فندق



, n	xtra Vocabulary	إفافيا	Claff
t applications	المدينة العاصمة	-	وقت فراغ
	البحر الميت		جمهورية زامبيا بأمريقيا
ica i a	کتیب - منشور		االأردن
mud	طين	Amman	عمان (عاصمة الأردن)
comelan	كامل	-	أردني الجنسية
	الكثير من الملح		سجادة زاهية الألوان
idonani i	المدرج الروماني		المتحف الأثرى
able to	فادر عنی	stalls	أكشاك
tour gritte	مرشد سیاحی	-	مركز تجاري

head out of the city	يتوجه خارج المدينة
good for your skin	جيد لبشرتك
on the way	في الطريق
on the first day	فَى البوم الأول
desert tours trip	رحلات محراويه
You're able to float on the water.	أنت قادر علم ان تطفو علي سطح الماء.
the best day ever	أ أفضل يوم علم الإطلاق



Capturettan of verbi

Regular verbs Askilla Jisaki

	/	A STATE OF
check	يفحص - يراجع	checked
play	يلعب	played
enjoy	يستمتع	enjoyed
explore	يستكشف	explored
walk	يمشي	walked
surprise	يُفاحماً	surprised
visit	يزور	visited
listen	يستمع	listened
carry	يحمل	carried

The same of the sa	1	The same of the same of
discover	يكتشف	discovered
stop	يتوقص	stopped
الأرض land	يهبط-ينزر	landed
float	يطفو	floated
relax	يسترخي	relaxed
arrive (at - in)	يصل إلى	arrived (at-in)
happen	يحدث	happened
reach	يصل	reached
join	يلتحق	joined

irregular verba

أفحال فير منتذامة

process and the	dans ye	
meet	يقابل	met
leave	يترك – يغادر	left
read	يقرأ	read
find	تخد	found
write	یکتب	wrote
write	یکٹب	wrote

drive	يقود سيارة	drove
buy	یشترپ	bought
spend	ٔ يقضي	spent
sell	يبيع	sold
		took
take	يأخذ	took

The Leaven Notes

- بطل إلى مكن غير مديد (مدن دوية وتحيية 🔰 arrive in
- بطل إلى مكن مند زميال محصو بنظار أو سمعيم 🕒 ঙ 🕳 بطل
- The tourist arrived in Cairo at ten o'clock.
- ▶ The tourist arrived → Cairo airport at ten o'clock.





Lib

A diary is a book in which you write down things that happen to you each day. A diary entry is a piece of writing in a diary الب المساء الله لدرك الكالية في مذكران.

Read and learn

Desert Tours Trip to Jordan October 4-8 رحلة صحراوية إلى الأردن

Day 1: Arrive in Amman and and to our hotel in the middle of the city. Enjoy some free time in the city before meeting at the Memphis restaurant for a land.



ا بسيد المستدن با سندن بالمسلك المسلك المستدن بالمستدن بالمستدن بالمستدن المستدن المس

Day 2: Today we enjoy a tour of Amman. Visit the famous Amman Citadel before exploring the Roman Amphitheater and the Archaeological Museum. After a late lunch in a local restaurant, spend the afternoon and evening walking through Amman's many colorful, markets.

Day 3: Today we head out of the city for a are top to As-Salt About an hour away from Amman, in the Ancient town of As-Salt you will find lots of local Jordanian culture. The markets are wonderful and there are many traditional arts and crafts to buy. We will visit the Abu Jaber Museum and discover the history of As-Salt as Jordan's important trading center.

البرام حرد من المداعة في رحلة تقاربة إنه الشلط علم بعد حورت اسلمة في عندان الشرام حرد من المداعة في الأسواق رائعة وهذا ألا العداد في المطلع المديقة والمشعولات العداد في المطلع المدة والمشعولات العداد في المداع المدة والمشعولات العداد في الداء في المداع المداع



E211)

Day 4: No visit to Jordan is complete without a trip to the Dead Sea. There is so much salt in this sea that you are able to float on the water! You can also enjoy the Dead Sea mud, which is very good for your skin.



اليوم الرابع: لا كنشل زياره الأردن بدون الدهات فصارطة إلى النبيا الديث الجيد الخير غير الديث من أن نظمه علم سط النبياء الديث المثارية على المستعدع بطين البحر الميت، وهو مفيد جدًا للبشرة.

Day 5: After enjoying a relaxed breakfast, we leave at 11 am to drive three hours back to Amman. We will stop on the way for lunch before arriving at the airport at 5 pm.

اليوم الحامس: بعد مستمناع توجيه يقطار مرتجة، تجاد الساعد 11 ط. أ. ينتجب مستطرة تقدة تدف سنعت شعود رئم عمان مستطريد عمر الشرير العداء عمل الوضول إلى المطار الساعة 5 مساغ.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1



Thursday, October 6th

Dear diary,

Today was the best day ever! I love anything to do with history - I always go to the museum at home, so today was a special day for me. The bus ride wasn't too bad. It only took an hour to reach our destination. I listened to music on the way and the time went quite quickly. When we arrived, we had the chance to wander through the streets and several people bought traditional Jordanian handicrafts from the stalls. I bought a lovely colorful rug. Saleh (our tour guide) was very kind and took it to the bus for me so that I didn't have to carry it around! That was lucky because I spent hours in the museum!





الخميس، السادس من أكتوبر

دفتر يومياني العزيز،

لللد كا الله على ، يصر على ، لا لا إن أن أن شيء به علامة بيد علاماً ما أذهب إلى المندف فين الحرب الدلك عن النبوم بومًا ممثرًا، النسبة ليب لم تكن رحله الجاملة سينة تنعاله استغرق لوصول إلما وجهننا ساعة واحدة ممط استمعت إلما بموسيقما من المربق ومن الدخاء سريعًا، عندينا وطلب، أبيانا لنا القرصة للنجول منه الشوارع واشيرها العجيد من الأسجاص المشعولات التدوية الأردبية التقتيدية من الأكساك لعد السيريث لساطًا تلميلًا ملوثًا، كان تبالح (مرسحاً السيادي) -لطبقًا حدًا وأحد النساط إلى الحاملة بدأًا على حتى لا أصطر إلى حمله أبناء تحويما وكان هذا من حسن الخط لأنتم وصيتُ ساعات في المنجما







: Hi Ayman, do you want to play basketball after school on Thursday?

💯 : مرحًا أحمل هل بريد أن تلعب كره سله بعد ،لمدرسه يوم الحميس؟

Ayman: On Thursday? I'm sorry, I can't, I go swimming on Thursdays.

🖰 : يوم الحميس ؟ آسف، لا تُسبطيع أنا أدهب للساحة أبام الخميس.

Narrator: 2

: Hello Amira, shall we go shopping on the weekend?

🧦 : مرجباً أميرة، من يمكننا الدهاب للتسوق في عظله يهايه الأسبوع ؟

Amira : Yes please, that sounds good!

: نعم من فضلك، تبدو مُكرة جيدةا







Narrator: 3

Dad : Fareed, remember you've got a dentist's appointment this afternoon.

📜 : لذكر با غرب الشب الموجد بعيث الأسدل وقت الطهيرة



Fareed: Oh yes, it's at five o'clock, isn't it?

🚆 : نعم، إنه في تمام الخامسة، أليس كذلك؟



Dad : Yes, that's right.





Fareed: OK, thanks Dad.

🖰 : حسنًا، شكرًا يا أبص.



🎇 Narrator: 4



: Talia, our flight leaves at 11 am.

نا الله المراد منا المراد من المراد من المراد الله الله المراد الله الله المراد المراد



: OK, mom, I'll be ready.

🚍 : حسنًا يا أمر، سأكون مستعدة.





Narrator: 5



Sherif: Mom, remember I'm playing football with Ramy in the morning.







Mom: Oh, yes, that's fine Sherif. Thanks for reminding me.

💓: حسنًا، هذا جيد يا شريف. شكرًا لك لتذكرتك لـى.





Narrator: 6



Sara Mom, when are we visiting Grandma and Grandpa?

🚺 : اُمِي، متب سنزور جدتنا وجدنا؟





: We're going in July, Sara. Not long now.

🔷: سنذهب في يوليو يا سارة، ليس بعيدًا عن الأن.









- To say when something happens, we use prepositions of time:
 - 🛎 للنحدث عن ومب حدوث شمأ ما يستخدم حروف الحر الحامية بالومب:
- We use on with days of the week and for special days and specific dates:
 - 🚨 يستحدم (on) مع أيام الأسبوع والمناسبات الخاصة والتواريج المحددة.
 - I go swimming on Mondays.
 - I am having a party on my birthday.
 - l was born on July 6th, 2010.
- We use at with times, and to say at night, and at lunchtime:
- النفذة (at) مع الأومان لكس بفـول (at مـم الليـل) و (at فـب وقـت فـب وقـت الغـداء)
 - Our flight lands at 8 pm.
 - We play basketball at lunchtime.
 - We sleep at night.
- We use in with months, seasons, and years, and also with times of day:
 - نستخدم (in) مع الشهور ومصول السنة والسنوان ومع أومات اليوم أبضًا.
 - We visit our cousins in June.
 - l was born in 2010.
 - They arrived in the morning.

in the morning	on Friday (days)	at six o'clock
in the afternoon	on the 2 nd of May	at nine thirty
in the evening	on April 1st	at half past two
in October (months)	on July 6 th	at lunchtime
in summer (seasons)	on the weekend	at night
in 2010 (years)	on my birthday	al noon





Exercises on Lesson

(1)

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

mud - skin - salt - trip - airport

No visit to Jordan is complete without a 1 to the Dead Sea. There is so much 2 in this sea that you are able to float on the water! You can also enjoy the Dead Sea 3 , which is very good for your skin. After enjoying a relaxed breakfast, we leave at 11 am to drive three hours back to Amman. We will stop on the way for lunch before arriving at the 0 at 5 pm to take the plane.

2 Complete the text with "at, on , or in":



- Monday, we arrived in Amman. The flight landed
 4 o'clock 6 the afternoon. It was about 26
 degrees and I was surprised that it was so warm 0 October.
 We went to our hotel and checked in. Our room was very comfortable.
 Later that evening, we had dinner at the Memphis restaurant in the city center.
- Amman is a really busy city
 night. We walked around the markets and bought some traditional handicrafts. We went back to our about midnight.

3 Choose the correct answer: Vocabulary

- 1. When you arrive at a hotel, you have to (check head wander) in.
- 2. We went to a famous restaurant for a (craft traditional culture) dinner.
- 3. Today, we head out of the city for a (day trip road street).
- 4. A (dairy diary daily) is a book in which you write down things that happen to you each day.
- 5. We had the chance to (head out wander check in) through the streets.
- 6. A diary (country history entry) is a piece of writing in a diary.



Step Ahead



4 Choose the correct answer: Grammar (Prepositions of time)

- 1. We flew to Alexandria (at in on) Monday.
- 2. Our flight leaves (in on at) 8 am.
- 3. Many people leave the city (on at in) summer.
- **4.** We are going to the park (at in on) the afternoon.
- 5. Her cousin usually visits her (in on at) July.
- 6. Dad always arrives home (on at in) dinnertime.
- 7. We will meet (at in on) ten thirty.
- I go to bed (in on at) night.
- I'm going to buy her a present (on at in) her birthday.
- 10. He called me (at in on) the evening.
- 11. We sometimes go to Aswan (in on at) January.
- 12. She was born (on at in) 2015.
- 13. His birthday is (at in on) August 12th.
- 14. They arrived (in on at) the 3rd of December.
- 15. Mom goes to her work (on at in) the morning.

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

- 1. want elephants I see to.
- 2. markets wonderful The are.
- 3. hours museum 1 in the spent.
- 4. very room Our comfortable was.
- 5. is busy Amman city really a.





Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
1. Dad is a baker. He works (on) the mornings.
2. We go to the club (in) Saturdays.
3. Does our next class start (on) 2 pm?
4. Grandma was born (at) 1962.
5. Reem's birthday is (at) December 4th.
6. We are going cycling (in) the weekend.
7. Is your birthday (at) Friday?
8. Our school year ends (cn) the summer.
9. We're flying to Morocco (In) September 20th.
10. Our flight lands (on) the evening.
11. Did you visit the museum
12. He arrives at school (on) eight o'clock.
7 Punctuate the following sentences:
1. on wednesdays, I play football after school
2. amman is a really busy city at night
<pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre>
3. what country would you like to visit

4. did you visit the dead sea
5. on monday, we arrived in amman
\$2\$ - 4 4 4 5 - 4 3 5 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6





Al-Azhar Park



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس الكلمات الأساسية في



,	Extra Vocabulary	Main pulati	
awesome	والع	n	إبن العم/الخال
pos. inte	pterne ممکن		اٰنزهة
grass	beaut أحشائش	ifut	إجميل
park	. prant عامة	5	إنباتات
fantastic	wond	orful	راثع

go on vacation	، يذهب فه إجازة
It sounds interesting.	يبدو مثيرًا للاهتمام.
feel better	ِ يشعر بتحسن
at the beach	ُ على الشاطئ
How are you?	كيف حالك؟
agreed to	ٰ وافق على
annot 6 h	





Pronunciation the /8/ and /8/ sounds



- الكبي تنطق الصوت /٥/ والصوت /θ/،اضغط لسانك على أسنانك العلوية.
 The /θ/ sound is unvoiced, which means you should feel some air on your hand when you say it.
 - ► الصوت /9/ غير منطوق وهذا يعني أنك تشعر ببعض الهواء علي يدك عندما تنطقه.
- With the /ŏ/ sound, there's no air, but you can feel a vibration on your neck.
 - ◄ مع الصوت /هُ/ ، لا يوجد هواء ولكنك تشعر باهتزاز في أحبالك الصوتية.

他要否被以	1
1 3	'

	The state of the s		
thing	شمئ	these	ھۇلاء
bathroom	حمام	they	ھم
Thursday	يوم الخميس	those	أولئك
south	جنوب	other	آخر
think	يفكر	this	هذا
birthday	عتد متررد	clothes	ملابس
author	مؤلف	with	مع
thousand	رقم 1000	leather	ا جلد
Earth	الأرض	mother	fai
mouth	مَم	father	ر أب





Haith

equilateral triangl	وثلث متساوت الأضلاع	isosceles triangle	مثلث متساوي الساقين
2D shape	شكل ثنائب الأبعاد	three equal sides	ثلاثة أضلاع متساوية
right angle triangl	مثلث قائم الزاوية 🧧	equal length	ً طول متساوٍ
scalene triangle	مثلث مختلف الأضلاع	different length	ً طول مختلف

Conjugation of write

Regular verbs babila flaci

Pre	sent	
phone	يتصل تليفونيًا	phoned
agree	يمّبل - يوافق	agreed
seem	يبدو	seemed
sound	يبدو	sounded

The second second		
decide	يقرر	decided
follow	يتبع	followed
learn	يتعلم	learned (learnt)
shout	تطتح	shouted

irregular verbs makim pa dissi

Present		Team (
feel	يشعر	felt
run	تخرت	ran
know	।एरिया	knew
sit	يجلس	sat

		
say	يقول	said
write	يكتب	wrote
come	يأتي	came
has - have	يتناول	had





Al-Azhar Park

حديقة الأزهر

Seleem was feeling sad. It was a hot summer, school was over and he wanted go on vacation. His cousin Sherif was away at the beach and Seleem wanted to be there too. His family usually went on vacation with Sherif's family, but this year that wasn't possible — Seleem's dad had a new job and they had to stay in Cairo.



كان سليم للنبغر المنتزر كان الصيف حارًا وكانت الدراسة قد انتها وأزاد الدهات فما إحارة كان لل عمد شريف مما إجاره علما الشاطما وأزاد سليم أن بكون هناك أنصًا. عادة ما كانت عائلته تدها يما الإحارة مع عائلة سريف، وتكن ذلك الأمر لم يكن ممكنًا هذا العام الموايد نسيم حطات توطيفه جديدة وكان عليهم البقاء في القاهرة.

Marwan, his friend, phoned him, "Hey, how are you, Seleem?", "I'm feeling a bit low - I want to be at the beach", said Seleem.

"Well, this year you can't go, so let's find something else to do!" said Marwan. "I know, let's go to Al-Azhar Park."

"Hmm," said Seleem. "I don't know it, but it sounds interesting!"

اتصل ۱۱ صدیقه سروای «مرحیا، کنف حالت با سلیم؟،» قال سینم ۱۰ أشعر بالحرن بعض النسباء - أزید أن أ<mark>ذهب إلب الشاطمة.»</mark>

ودل مروان «حسنًا ١٠ مكنك الدهات هذا العام، لذا دعيا بحد شيئًا أخر لتفعيما أعرف مكات جهت إليه، لنذهب إلى حديقة الأزهر.»

قال سلبه: «اممه، لا أعرفها، لكنها تبدو مكانًا شيقًا!»

Seleem's mom agreed to take them to the park. She made a picnic, so when they arrived, they sat under a big tree on the cool green grass and enjoyed their food. It was such a beautiful day, and Marwan and Seleem played football. Suddenly Ramy and Maged, their friends from school, came running past.

و قمت والده سنيم علك فططنهما إلى الحديقة أعدّب والده سليم برهية وعندما وطلوا، حسو أتجب سجرة كبيرة على العشب الأحضر الرائع واستمنعوا شياول فعامهم كان يومًّا حميلًا. ولعب مرورن وسليم كرة انقدم. ومجأة جاء رامية وماجد، فديقيهما من المدرسة، راكفين





"Hi Ramy!" shouted Seleem. "Why are you in the city? I thought you were at the beach!"

"No," said Ramy. "My grandma's ill so Mom wanted to stay in Cairo. There's a whole group of us who stayed at home and didn't travel. Can you come to the playground with us?" Seleem asked his mom and they all went together to the playground. Mom sat on a bench and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park.

صاح سليم عائمًا أمرحنًا يا رامما؛ لمبدأ أنت من المدينة؟ اعتقداتُ أنك دهنت إلما الشاصمُ؛ من رائيما أهلا خديماً فريضة لجا أرادت أمني النفاء مما القاهرة اهناك مجموعة كسرة منا يقلوا منيا المبرز الجلم يسامروا أسل لمكتك المدوم إليما الملعنا معتاك أسأل سليم والدية وذهبوا جميعاً ممًّا إلما التبيعات وحسب الأم عنما مفعد واستمتعت بكل التناتات والطبور احتميته الموجودة فما الجديمة

"I think this is a fantastic place," said Mom at the end of the afternoon.
"I can see there's a show next week. Let's come back with Dad, see the show, and have a meal at the restaurant." Seleem felt very happy – now he knew his friends were in town and they had a wonderful park. It seemed that summer in the city would be awesome!

قالت الأم عند نهاية فترة الظهيرة: «أعتقد أن هذا فكان رائع.» «أرب أن هناك عرض الأستوع المسل ادعيا لعود إلف هنا مع أحيث، وتشاهد العرض وساول ودية من المطعم « شعر سليم، تشعيدة كبيرة « الآن يعرض أن أصدقاءه من المدلية وأن هنات جديمة رائعة، لقد بدأ أن الصيف في المدينة سيكون رائعًا!



The triangles



Many tourists come to visit Egypt and one of the most famous places is the Pyramids of Giza. All their sides are triangles.

بأتب العديد عن عسياح عربارة مصر ومن أشهر الأماكن أهرامات الصيرة اعماكي جوانبها مثلثات.





1. A triangle is a 2D shape with three sides.

1. المثلث هو شكل ثنائب الأبعاد له ثلاثة جوانب.





2. An equilateral triangle has three equal sides.

2. المثلث متساوب الأصلاع له بلاية أضلاع متساويه.

3. A right angle triangle has one angle that measures 90°.



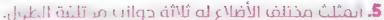




4. An isosceles triangle has two sides of equal length.

4. المثلث متساوي الساقين له وجهان منساويان في الطول.

5. A scalene triangle has three sides of different length.







Some adjectives have common suffixes:

- بعض الصفات لها لاحقات شائعة يمكننا إضافة (ous) و(ive) في نهاية الكلمات لنحصل على الصفة.
- Look at the suffix -ous: dangerous, famous, enormous
- Look at the suffix -ive: creative, expensive





Foot worth		fix (-ous)
fame	famous شهرة	شهير - مشهور
danger	danger ،،	، حطیر
poison	poisonous شم	^ئ سام
	enorm	أضحم

Rout mount		lin (viral)
expense	expensive تكلفة - إنفاق	ا يالغ
create	creat: يبتكر	مبتکر - مُبدع
act	active يتصرف - يُمِثل	ُ نشیط

Exarcises on Losson

1 Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

low - summer - go - beach - vacation

Seleem was feeling sad. It was a hot
; school was over and he wanted to go on
. His cousin Sherif was away at the and Seleem wanted to be there too. Marwan, his friend, phoned him and told him that he was feeling a bit
and he wanted to be at the beach, too.



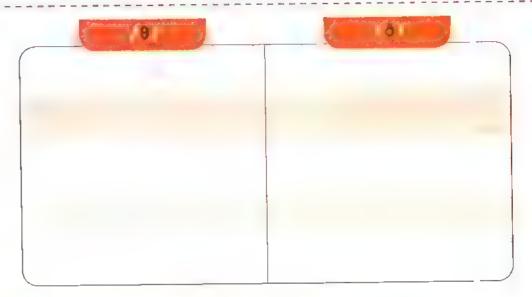




Put the following words in the correct column, then say them:



bathroom - father - south - they - other - birthday - thousand - clothes - mouth - leather - Thursday - with - thing - those - think - three - Earth - mother - this - author - these



3 Choose the correct answer:

- 1. The school was over and I wanted to (do go make) on vacation.
- 2. Mom sat on a (bed table bench) and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park.
- 3. I'm feeling a bit (high low over) I want to be at the beach.
- 4. The city would be (bad awesome not good) in summer! I liked it.
- 5. A/An (equilateral right angle scalene) triangle has three equal sides.
- 6. A (white night right) angle triangle has one angle that measures 90°.
- 7. A/An (equilateral scalene isosceles) triangle has two sides of equal length.
- 8. A/An (Isosceles scalene equilateral) triangle has three sides of different length.

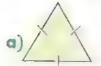




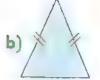
Read and match:



An equilateral triangle has three equal sides.



2. A right angle triangle has one angle that measures 90°.

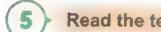


3. An isosceles triangle has two sides of equal length. c)



4. A scalene triangle has three sides of different length.





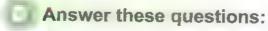
Read the text and answer the questions:

Ramy's grandma was ill, so Mom wanted to stay in Cairo. There's a whole group of the family who stayed at home and didn't travel to Alex. Ramy wanted to go to the playground with Seleem. Seleem asked his mom, and they all went together to the playground. Mom sat on a bench and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park. It was a fantastic place. Seleem felt very happy – now he knew his friends were in town and they had a wonderful park. It seemed that summer in the city would be awesome!



Choose the correct answer:

- Ramy's mom sat on a (beach bench tree) and enjoyed all the beautiful plants and birds in the park.
- 2. The summer in the city would be (dangerous awesome bad).



3. How was Ramy's grandma?





4. Where did Ramy want to go?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

1. Be careful! That snake is

(poison).

SB

2. Ali swims and runs. He's very .

(act).

S B

3. His watch is very (expense).

SB

Mohammad Salah is a very (fame) footballer.

5 B

5. Let's (going) to Al-Azhar Park.

6. Why (is) you in the city?

7. Why did Seleem (feels) better at the end of the story?

8. Many tourists (comes) to visit Egypt.

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1. summer - was - a - lt - hot.

2. be - want -1 - to - at - beach - the.

3. wanted - in - Mom - Cairo - to - stay.

4. this - think - is - place - fantastic - 1.

5. had - park - They - wonderful - a.



6. Who - meet - the park - did - Marwan - at?



Lessons



Writing & Project



الكلمات الأساسية في الدرس Main Vocabulary



famous sights مزارات سیاحیة مشهورة



crowded مزدحه



turtles سلاحف الماء



sand dunes الكثبان الرملية



snorkeling الغوص قريبًا من سطح الماء



beach buggy بیپتش باجی (عربة ترفیهیة)

Extre	Vocabutary A	ر المعاق إضافيا
restaurant	local dishe	أكلات محلية (شعبية)
formal language	مُعة رسمية <mark>chef</mark>	ا شیف - طباخ
private	meal	وجبة
market stalls	paintings أُكشاك (محلات) السوق	لوحات

Marrakech, Morocco بمدينة مراكش في المغرب France	إ فرنسا
ا <mark>Jardin Maiorelle نحدائق الماجوريل (في مراكش) Paris</mark>	ستا ان مىتاتەن ب
Ali Ben Youssef Madrasa (متحف بمراکش) مدرسهٔ علی ابن یوسف (متحف بمراکش	ٰ برج إيفل (في باريس)
Jemaa el-Fnaa (ساحة حامع الفنا (سوق سياحي بمراكش) the Louvre	ً متحف اللوفر (في باريس)



Unit 5 5

Services & Copyrights

Can you keep up?

هل تستطيع المجاراة؟

Augment of

made of metal

مصنوع من المعدن

brightly - colored

زاهية الألوان

I had a cool day.

قضيت يومًا رائعًا.

Convagation of sorbe

Regular Jerbs halite jis

wander يتجول wandered remind ينخر wait Present Past wandered wandered reminded

include	يتضمن	included
race	يسابق	raced
shop	يتسوق	shopped

أمعال عير منتضمة acadia عير منتضمة

speak	يتحدث	spoke
swim	تسنح	swam
go	يذهب	went

understand	يفهم	understood	
come	يأتي	came	
make	يصنع	made	

Read and Insure





Write the date when you start a new diary entry.

🧀 اكتب التاريخ الذي تبدأ مبه إدحال يوميان جديدة.



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مذكرات Diaries



July 21st

Dear Diary,

I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw some famous sights from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with fantastic paintings, and the Eiffel Tower.

The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of metal. I tried to speak French, but I couldn't really say anything. But the French people were very kind and when I spoke English, they understood me! At the end of the day we went to a French restaurant and had a wonderful meal with potatoes. It was a special day.

الحادي والعسرين من ير دفتر يومياتي العزيز،

لمح حصب سرم رائع علوم ، منت إلى النهر، وشاه بالمع بم السياحية للمح حصب سرم رائع علوم ، منت البومي وشاه مسلم حصب به لود اثار أنعله ألي النومي وهو مسلم حميل بله لود اثار أنعله ألي المرسانية ، كان السحاب باللغة المرسانية ، كان ما أسلطع مله أن أن البران الإلى المرسانية كان المالية المرسانية الألى المرسانية كان المالية المسلم والمولية وعدما سالة المعلم مرسانية والعالم والمولية والعدة المالية المالية



April 5th

Dear Diary,

I love this city! There's so much to do. Today we went to Ali Ben Youssef Madrasa, a beautiful museum that is 800 years old! We went early in the morning, but it was still very busy with people. We also visited Jardin Majorelle, a lovely garden where we had a picnic. I like it there because it reminds me a bit of Al-Azhar Park at home. But my favorite place is Jemaa el-Fnaa, the market place. The smells coming from the market stalls make me hungry! I had a sandwich yesterday. I can't wait to go back there tomorrow!

عزيزى دفتر اليوميات،

أنا أحب هذه المحينة! سالاً الكثير من الأشاء الله لمكن فعلها دهنا اللوم إلى مدرسة على لن لوسف وهم منحية بمبل عمرة 800 علما لمد دهنا من الصاح اللكن الرعم من ذلك كان المكن مردحمًا بالناس ورزب أنضاحداً، وهم مكن حمين استمنعنا بيرهم من دلك لمدارك مردحمًا بالناس ورزب أنضاحداً، وهم مكن حمين استمنعنا بيرهم منه لمدارك مدارك المحمل الممصل هو ساحة دامع أنها إلى الروائح اللي بموج من أكشاك السوق تجعيب أشعر بالحوع المدائناولي شطيرة بالأمس. أتشوق للعودة إلى هناك غذا!





My perfect vacation

المارية المارية

Day 1: In the morning, we go to the beach to go snorkeling. Swim with the turtles and brightly-colored fish! The afternoon can be spent on the beach with a picnic and a good book.



اليوم الأول: مـب الصباح بذهـب إلـب الشاطئ للعطـس. ونسيح مـع السلاحف والأسـماك ذات الألـوان الزاهيـة! يمكـن قضاء فترة الظهيرة علـب الشاطئ والاستمتاع بنزهـة وقراءة كتاب حيـد.



Day 2: Today we race through the sand dunes in beach buggies! It's fun and fast! Can you keep up?

اليوم الثاني: البـوم نىساىق عبـر الكثبان الرمليـة وبحـن نركـب عربـاب اليوم الثاني. الشاطحة! إنهـا ممتعـة وسريعةا هـل يمكنـك مجاراتـي؟

Day 3: Spend a relaxed day shopping and wandering through the markets. Perhaps buy some traditional handicrafts to take home.



اليوم الثالث: فصاء بـوم مربـح مب النسوق والتحول عب الأسـواق. وربمــا شـراء بعــض المشــغولات اليدويــة التقليديــة

لأخذها إلى المنزل.



Day 4: Learn about the city's cultural past with a trip to the museum today. In the evening, we go to a traditional restaurant where you can see the chef making the local dishes.

اليوم الرابع: النعـرُف علـى ماصـى المديــة الثمافــِي مع رحلــه إلـى المحيــة المتحـف اليــوم. في المساء، نذهــب إلـــ مطعــم المحلــة. الأطبــاق المحلــة.





Exercise on Lesson



Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

metal - kind - sights - paintings - Tower

I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw some famous from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with fantastic , and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel is really tall and made of metal. I tried to speak French, but I couldn't really say anything. But the French people were very and when I spoke English, they understood me!

2

Read the text and answer the questions:

I'm Mazen. I want to have a perfect vacation. My next trip is to Cairo. I love this city! I want to visit the Cairo Tower. It is very tall and made of metal. I also want to visit the Egyptian Museum. In the Egyptian Museum, I will learn a lot about Egypt in the past. I also want to visit Al-Azhar Park. It has a lot of fantastic trees and flowers. It sounds interesting! I cannot wait to go there soon! Cairo is a wonderful city!

-

Choose the correct answer:

- Al-Azhar Park has a lot of (usual fantastic brown) trees and flowers.
- 2. The Cairo Tower is made of (glass wood metal).

Answer these questions:

- 3. Where will Mazen learn about Egypt in the past?
- 4. What does Mazen want to have?





Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets
1. Do you (wanted) to go on this vacation?
2. At a restaurant, you can (sees) the chef making the
local dishes.
3. We shouldn't (reading) other people's diaries.
4. People's diaries (is) private.
5. I can't (waiting) to go back there tomorrow!
6. The Eiffel Tower (are) really tall and made of metal.
Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:
1. saw – sights – some – We – famous.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2. made – metal – The Eiffel – is – Tower – of.

3. I - speak - to - tried - French.
** ***********************************
4. French – were – The – people – kind.
E C STATE OF THE S
5. city - love - this - I.
5 Punctuate the following sentences:
1. the eiffel tower is really tall
2. french people were very kind
%*
3. do you want to go on vacation
> paux . Aux 200
4. we swam with the turtles





Write a diary entry on a day when you did something special:

Think of a day when you did something special.

Write a diary entry of about 30-40 words

Remember:

- ~ Write the date.
- Describe the places / events.
- Start with "Dear Diary".
- Say how you felt.



Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"A day when you did something special"



- Describe the places / events.
- Say how you felt.













نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (224) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. We went to the beach to go (running fishing snorke.ing).
- 2. We can race through the sand (dunes boxes castles) in beach buggies!
- 3. We swam with the (sharks turtles dolphins) and brightly-colored fish!
- 2 Read and complete the dialogue:

(8Ms)

vacation - Park - awesome - low

Marwan: Hey, how are you, Seleem?

Seleem: I'm feeling a bit 1

Marwan: Why are you feeling that?

Seleem: I want to go on ② . . . I want to be at the beach.

Marwan: Well, this year you can't go, so let's find something else to do!

Seleem: Where can we go in this city?

Marwan: Let's go to Al-Azhar 3 ...

Seleem: I don't know it, but it sounds @!

Read the text and answer the questions:

(7.5Ms)

Nadia and her husband Hani are on a business trip traveling around the world. They were in India last week, and this week they are in Singapore. Luckily, they've got a lovely hotel room. They're on the 42nd floor. The view is beautiful and they can see the beach. There's a huge swimming pool on the roof of the hotel! The flight from India took about six hours, but it was comfortable and they both slept. It didn't take long to get through the airport when they arrived – they got their suitcases straight away.



→ Step Ahead

Answer these questions:

- 1. How long did the flight from India take?
- 2. Why are Nadia and her husband traveling around the world?

Choose the correct answer:

- 3. The underlined word "it" refers to the (fight barbard barbard).
- 4. The view from the (forty first forty third forty second) floor is beautiful as they can see the beach.
- 5. The flight from India was (uncomfortable contotable bas).

(4) Choose the correct answer:

(5Ms)

- 1. Today we (case race tace) through the sand dunes in beach buggies!
- 2. Zeiad was born (in at on) September 5th, 2012.
- 3. Several people bought traditional Jordanian (--- streets handicrafts) from the stalls.
- 4. Amman is a really busy city (at on in) night.
- 5. We will go to the swimming (pool sea river) on the weekend.

5 Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

(5Ms)

- 1. you visit Did Park Al-Azhar?
- 2. is city a wonderful Singapore.
- 3. up Can you keep?
- 4. phone expensive is My very.
- 5. birthday -ls your Friday on?





Listen and circle the correct answer:



(6Ms)

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (224) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. Reem went for a trip to (-).
- 2. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of (- -).
- 3. Reem tried to speak (-), but she couldn't.
- 4. At the end of the day, Reem went to a (-)
 and had a meal.

Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- You can enjoy the Dead Sea mud, which is very (

 unfriendly) for your skin.
- 2. I go to the (-) to travel by plane.
- 3. I want to go on (-). I want to be at the beach.
- 4. Sometimes, I like to (-) through the streets in my city.
- Read and complete the text with the words in the box: (4Ms)

stalls - destination - handicrafts - traditional - museum

Today was the best day ever! I love anything to do with history – I always go to the • at home, so today was a special day for me. The bus ride wasn't too bad. It only took an hour to reach our • . When we arrived, we had the chance to wander through the streets and several people bought traditional Jordanian • from the •

4)

Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms)

Tourists like to visit Egypt. Tourists come to Egypt from all parts of the world. In Cairo, they visit the Egyptian Museum. They also like to visit Khan El-Khalili and buy the things they need. In Giza,

they visit the Pyramids and the Sphinx. Tourists go to Luxor. There, they visit the temple of Karnak and the Valley of the Kings. Tourists also go to Aswan and visit some places there.

Ch

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Tourists buy things at (Luxor Aswan Khan E, Kha -).
- 2. The Valley of the Kings is in (Cairo Luxor Giza Asset).

Answer these questions:

- 3. What do tourists visit in Cairo?
- 4. Where are the Pyramids and the Sphinx?
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: (2Ms)
 - 1. bought rug lovely I a colorful.
 - 2. you vacation Do on want to go?
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)
 - 1. We visit our cousins (on) June.
 - 2. Everyone knows Soha. She is very ____ (fame).

SB

7 Punctuate the following sentence:

(1M)

- O i go swimming on mondays
- 8 Write a paragraph of (:0) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

p ideas to help you

"A picnic with my family"

Last week - picnic - park - play - flew - kites - ate - drank









Listen and circle the correct answer:

نص الاستماع موجود في صفحة (224) آخر الكتاب.

- 1. New Alamein is on the (lake river beach park).
- 2. The beach in New Alamein is 14 kms (long tall high short).
- 3. There is a large, (blue yellow red green) lake right in the middle of the city!
- 4. There are amazing (treasures boats flowers ships) in the Archaeological Center.

2 Choose the correct answer:

(4Ms)

- 1. The (library museum restaurant beach) is awesome! I like reading books.
- I need a (newspaper passport suitcase notebook) to travel to a different country.
- 3. Today, they head out of the city for a (craft day trip road street).
- 4. I have a tooth (ate eight ache bake). My tooth really hurts.
- Read and complete the text with the words in the box: (4Ms)

school - restaurant - traditional - market - cuisine

I'm Hanan. I've lived in Alexandria all my life. I own a here so I have to say that you must visit my restaurant to try some of the local . We serve Egyptian food using lovely fresh local ingredients. We have excellent supermarkets, but I prefer to buy my ingredients at the in the old town.



Read the text and answer the questions:

(6Ms)

Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of high-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The Gardens by the Bay is a really special place where there are flowers



and plants from all around the world. When you are in that place, you really forget that you're in the middle of a busy city.



Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Singapore is a wonderful (building town village city).
- 2. The underlined word "that" refers to the (Gardens by the Bay plants flowers trees).
- Answer these questions:
 - 3. What can you see in Singapore?
 - 4. Why is the Gardens by the Bay a special place?
- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: (2Ms)
 - 1. first Which Gabi meet animal does?
 - 2. birthday on is My December 15th.
- 6 Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: (2Ms)
 - 1. This (am) our perfect town!
 - 2. I go to the club (at) Fridays.
- 7 Punctuate the following sentence: (1M)
 - O what country would you like to visit
- 8 Write a paragraph of (30) words using the following guiding elements: (5Ms)

"My vacation in Hurghada"
snorkeling - diving - colorful fish - beach buggies









FICTION READING Fantastic Family Adventure



BY NICOLA GARDNER
ILLUSTRATED BY NATHALIE ORTEGA

الشخصيات Characters



Dad

He is Ramy and Malak's father. He was reading a newspaper and called his children to see the story in it. He was excited because archaeologists found something amazing near Grandma and Grandpa's village.

هُورَ دَرِي صَالِحَاتُ أَنْ قَرَأُ سَلَمَهُ وَدَعَا أَطْمَالُهُ لِرَوْنَهُ الْمَصَةُ فَيَهَا، لقد قال مُتَصَفَّدًا لأَن عَنَاءَ الأَنْ ، وحدوا شَيْئًا مَدَهَشًّا بَالْمَرَ ، مِن <mark>تَرِ</mark>ــــةُ **الجِدةِ والجِد**.



Mom

She is Ramy and Malak's mother. She likes walking in the natural trail in Grandma and Grandpa's village. She has some binoculars to see the amazing birds in the natural trail.

هال وسل من ومن الحب المشي مي المسار الطبيعي مي قرية الجدة والصال العالم الكان الكان الكان المشي مي الملاهاة من المسار الطبيعي



Grandpa

He lives with Grandma in the village. He loves seeing his grandchildren. He encourages the family to see the beautiful things in the area.

هو بعيش مع الحدة مم العربة ورحب رؤية أحماده. هويشجع الأسرة عنم رؤية الأشياء الجميلة في المنطقة،



Grandma

She lives with Grandpa in the village. She loves her grandchildren. She prepared feteer and mint tea for them.

هـ ما تعــش فـ ع الحـ فـ ما السراحة ونحـا أحفادها . لقد حضّرَن اهــم الفصهر عنــ من العداع



Ramy

He is Malak's brother. He thinks that the skeleton of the dinosaur is scary. He thinks that being an archaeologist is an interesting job. He found some bones in the natural trail.

هو شفيق ملك، لعتمد أن الهنكل العظمين للاساطور محيف يعتقد أن كولك عالم النار هـ ف عنان مثيار الأهتمام، لمد وجد يعض العظام، فاب المساء الطبيعات



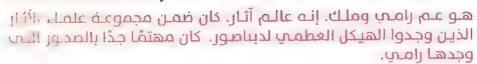


Malak

She is Ramy's sister. She thinks that the dinosaur skeleton is very old and awesome. She enjoyed seeing animals in the natural trail because she loves animals very much.

هي أخت رامي. إنها تعتقد أن الهيكل العظمي للديناصور قديم حدًا ورائع. لقدُ استَمنعت برؤية الحَبوانات فُب المسار الطَبيعيَ لأنها بذب الحيوانات جدًا.

He is Ramy and Malak's uncle. He is an archaeologist. He was in the group of archaeologists who found the skeleton of a dinosaur. He was very interested in the rocks that Ramy found.





Uncle Youssef

Picture Dictionary

القاموس المصور



Dinosaurs were very big animals which lived millions of years ago.



Our body has many bones to help us stand up.



Fish and other animals have a skeleton made of bones inside their bodies.



Animals" feet leave tracks on the ground where they walked.



She likes looking at things in the distance with her binoculars.



An ibex is a type of desert animal like a gazelle.

The Reader



An archaeologist is someone who digs underground to find objects from many years ago and studies them.



An archaeological dig is when people work together to find something under the ground.

,Extr	a Vocabulary	ت إضافية	ر المال
yard	ساحة - فناء	backpacks	حقائب السفر
suddenly	فجأة	the past	الماضي
newspaper	محيفة	adventure	مغامرة
inside	في الداخل	desert	إصحراء
village	قرية	nature trail	مسار طبیعی
nature	الطبيعة	grandchildren	الأحفاد
area	منطقة	scarves	وشاحات
sunglasses	نظارات شمسية	minute	دفيقة
strange shapes	أشكال غريبة	photo	طورة المعارة
rocks	صخور	photographs	<mark>صور فوتوغرافية</mark>
map	ٔ خریطة	certainly	بالتأكيد
climate change	تغيير المناح	rain	مطر
wind	ریاح	planet	كوكب
the surface	السطح	trip	ارحلة

rare animals	طرق <mark>dorcas gazelle</mark> حیوانات نادرة	غزال دورکاس غزال دورکاس
sheep	خراف sand cat	ً قط الرمال
camels	fennec fox جمال	ثعلب الفنك
Connect 5		209

Unit (2)

Plants		
cactus plants		نباتات الصبار
palm trees		أشجار النخيل
		elitina-j
dinner	snacks إوجبة العشاء	وجبات حَفيفة
feteer	ير مطير mint tea	اٰشای نعناع
(leteer		
The state of the s		
scary	مخیف <mark>warm</mark>	دافئ
excited	perfect	إرائع
excellent	إممتاز very old	قدیم جدًا
ancient	disappointed قدیم - عتیق	محبط
important	രിച്ച fascinating	جذاب
hard	usn delicious	الذيذ
		3
prepare	look like أيُحضِّر	إيشبه
wear	يرتدي <mark>meet</mark>	يقابل
stop	show	يعرض
go back	2982 find	إيجد
dig	blow يحفر	تهب
get ready	look for ایستعد	پېدث عن
notice	discover يلاحظ	ليكتشف
exist	coll¦یتواجد	إِيْنادي
Sentence	es & Expressions	3
well done	a long time أحسنت	وقت طویل
millions of years	under the ground ملايين السنين	تحت الأرض
in fact	along the trail في الحقيقة	أعلي طول المسار



Ramy and Malak are playing in the yard. Suddenly Dad calls them from the house.

"Hey kids, come and see this story in the newspaper!"

The children run inside to see. Dad says, "Look. They found something amazing near Grandma and Grandpa's village."



"What is it, Dad?" asks Ramy. "It looks scary!"

Dad says, "No Ramy, it's not scary at all. It's the skereton of a dinosaur. A group of archaeologists found it. And your uncle Youssef is one of those archaeologists!"

رامت وعلَك للحيال في فناء المنزل وفجأة يناديهما والدهما من الملزل "... ولا در بعيب وشهدا هذه المصه المكتونة في الصحيفة!"

يركض الطميار أيما الداخل لتشاهدا القصة. يقول الأب. "لطرا لمد وجدو، سبنُ مدهـلًا بالقرب من قرية جدكما وجدتكما".

يسأل رامي مّاثلًا: "ما هذا يا أبي؟ إنه يبدو مخيفاًا"

بمول الأت "لا يا رامات إنه ليس محيفًا على الإطلاق إنه هيكن عظمات لا تناصور. عثر علاه محموعة من علماء الأثار أوعمك يوسف واحد من هؤلاء العلماء الدين عثروا علاها"



"That's awesome, Dad!" says Malak.

"The dinosaur skeleton is really old, isn't it?"

"Yes, that's right, Malak." says Dad. "It's about 98 million years old!"

"Wow! Uncle Youssef has got a really interesting job, hasn't he?" says Ramy.

"Yes, he has. And his work is important too. It helps us learn about the past." says Dad.

رفور ما المدار عدا المدار المدار المدار العظمان الديباطة، مدينة للمدار المدار المدار



(2)



Later that evening Ramy and his family are having dinner.

Dad says, "Do you want to go there the next time we go to Grandma's house?" Ramy says, "That's a great idea, Dad. It would be an adventure to go into the desert!"

Mom says, "There's a beautiful nature

trail there. Why don't we walk that together?"
"Oh yes please, Mom! I love nature." says Malak.

مي وقت لاحق من مساء دنك اليوم، يتناول رامي وع<mark>ائلته</mark> العشاء يمول الأب "هل بريدس الدهاب إلى هناك مي المرة القادمة التي ندهب فنها إلى منزل **جدتكما؟"**

يمول رامت "هذه مكره رائعة با أنت سنكون النعمُّق من الصحراء بمثابة معامره!" تمول الأم "هناك درت طبيعت حميل هناك الماذا لا تسير ذلك الدرت معًا؟" تقول ملك. "اوه أحل من مصلك يا أمت! أنا أحب الطبيعة."

"Ramy! Malak!" Grandma calls. She is so excited to see her grandchildren.

"I have prepared your favorite things – feteer and mint tea! Come inside and eat."

"Hello," says Grandpa to Mom and Dad. "It's so good to see you."

"It's lovely to be here," says Dad.

"Tomorrow we want to take the children on a nature trail."

"Excellent," says Grandpa. "There's lots to see in our area. It's a beautiful place."

تنادي الحده فائله- "راميا ملكا" إنها منجمسة للغانة لرؤية جميديُها.

"لمد أعددتُ أَنْسَاءكما المعصله - مطير وشاب التعتاع! تعالا إلى الداحل وساولا الطعام" يقول الجد للأم والأب: "مرحيًا، من الرائع رؤيتكما."

يقول الأب "بحل شعيد ول لوجودنا هنا، بريد أن نأخد الأطمال ليسبر منك درب طبيعي غدًا " يقول الحد "فمنار، هناك الكتير ليرونه من منطقتنا. إنه مكان جميل."







The next morning everyone is happy. They are ready to walk the nature trail. They are wearing hats, scarves, and sunglasses. They have snacks and water in their backpacks. Mom has some binoculars too. She wants to look at the amazing birds that live here. They are in a beautiful part of

Egypt with many types of rare animals.

المعلم مرتب في على المنظم المعلم والمسلوب في المسلوب المعلم المسلوب ا

It's a lovely warm day, not too hot. it's a perfect day for walking. There are cactus plants and palm trees and they see sheep and some camels. Malak is very pleased because she loves animals. "Please walk quietly and carefully everyone," she says. "If we are quiet, we could see a



fennec fox, or a dorcas gazelle, or maybe a sand cat."

The family continue along the trail. Ramy sees animals' tracks in the sand.

Dad takes a photo of a fennec fox. Mom sees many beautiful birds. Everyone is enjoying the trail.

إنه جوم تمين ود مين وليس شديد الخرارة إنه جوم منت خميمي بنيات عادي بينار وأشجار نخيل، ويرزون بعض الأغنام والجمال.

تشعر سك ستعادة تابعه لأنها تدب الجنوانات تمول أأر بركم حديث الأسوا بهدوء وتحدر إذا تستاد هدوء، تفكينا أن براي تعلين فيك أو عزل الوادين، أو المنافضان نواصل العائلة سترها في الدرن أولياي رامين أثار أقدام حيوانات حايا الرمان

سقط الأب صورة للعلب منك ويرب الأم العديد من يستور الدميلة والحميع مستسعون بالسير قي الدرب.

Unit 52)

Then Mom says, "Hey everyone, I have something in my shoe. Can we stop for a minute?"

She sits down. The others drink some water and wait. Ramy looks down at the rocks near the path. He sees some strange shapes inside them.

"Look!" he says. "What are these things

in the rocks, Dad?"

"I don't know," says Dad. "They look like bones ..."

"We are very near the place they found the dinosaur skeleton." says Mom. "Maybe they are dinosaur bones!"

Ramy is very excited. "Let's ask Uncle Youssef!" he says. "Dad, can we call him?"

"Yes, of course." says Dad.

Uncle Youssef is very interested in the rocks Ramy found. He tells Dad to take some photographs of them and meet him at Grandma's house for dinner.

ثم تقول الأم: "هناك شبء في حذائي. هل يمكننا التوقف لدقيمة؟" تجلس الأم، ويشرب الأحرون بعض الماء وينتظرون. ينظر رامي إلى الصخـور الموحـوده بالمرب من الحرب، فيرم بعض الأشكال الغربية بداخلها.

ويقول. ["انظروا! ما هذه الأشياء الموجودة في الصخور يا أبب؟"

يقول الأب: "لا أعلم. تبدو مثل العظام .."

متقول الأم: "نحن قربيون حدًا من المكان الذي عثروا فيه على الهبكل العظمي للديناصور. ربما تكون عظام ديناصورا"

> بتحمس رامت للغاية ويقول "ليسأل العم يوسف! هل يمكننا الاتصال به يا أبي؟" فيقول الأب: "أجل بالطبع."

يهُـــةُ العـم يوسَّف جـذاً بالصحـور التـب وجدها رامـي، ويطلب مـن الأب التقاط بعـص الصـور لهـا وأن يلتقيـه فـ**ب منـزل الجـدة لتنـاول العش**ـاء.



Later that evening Dad shows Uncle Youssef the photos and Ramy shows him the place on the map. Uncle Youssef asks the family to go back there with him the next day.

في وقت لاحق من مساء ذلك اليوم، يعرض الأب

الصور على العم بوسف وبريه رامب مكانها على الخريطة. يطلب العم بوسف من العائلة العودة معه إلى هناك في اليوم التائي.



The Reader

The next day they go back along the trail. They find Ramy's rocks and Uncle Youssef looks at them carefully.

"They are not dinosaur bones in the rocks," says Uncle Youssef. "But they are certainly very old. They are probably from a type of ancient thex that doesn't exist now."



Ramy is disappointed because the bones are not from a dinosaur. But Uncle Youssef says, "Well done Ramy for finding them! It is important to take time to look at the world around us and watch things – just like an archaeologist! Now, would you all like to come to the dig and see my dinosaur skeleton?"

"Yes please, Uncle Youssef!" say Ramy and Malak.



فبقول رامي وملك: "أجل من فصلك يا عمي يوسف!"



"Here it is,"says Uncle Youssef.
"What do you think?"
"Wow!" says Ramy. "It's amazing to think it lived millions of years ago."
"And that its bones were under the ground for such a long time."says Malak. "In fact, we found the skeleton because of climate change." says Uncle Youssef.

contact and any

لعلماء الأثار ولكنه سمء للكوكب."

"Now there is less rain and fewer plants. This means the ground is dry and the wind can blow away the sand. Things that were under the ground come to the surface. That's good for archaeologists but bad for the planet."

قول العم يوسف: "ها هو ذا ما رأيكم؟"





Later everyone is getting ready to go home.

"Thanks for showing us the dinosaur, Uncle Youssef," says Ramy" "It was so interesting. I would love to be an archaeologist. It's such a cool job!" "It's fascinating work, but it's hard," says Uncle Youssef, "Sometimes we look for years and don't find anything."

"We can help if you're looking for other dinosaurs!" says Malak.

"Thanks for all the delicious food." says Mom." It was lovely to see you both again."

"Thank you dear. Come back and see us soon." says Grandma.

يستعد الجميع في وقت لاحق للعودة إلى المنزل.

يقول رامم "شكرًا لأنك جعيبنا برم الديباصور با عمم يوسف، لقد كان دلك ممنعًا للعابة. أتمنم أن أصبح عالم آثار. إنها وظيفة رائعة!"

تقول ملك "بمكينا المساعدة إذا كنت تبحث عن ديناصورات أخرى!" تفول الأم: "شكرًا على كن الطعام اللديد. كان من الرائع رؤيتكما مرة أحرى " ت<mark>قول الجدة: "شكرًا يا عزيزتي. تعالوا لزيارتنا قريبًا."</mark>



"So, did you enjoy our trip?" asks Mom in the car.

"Yes, I thought it was fantastic." says Ramy. "Me too!" says Malak.

"What do you think you learned from it?" asks Dad.

Ramy says, I learned it's important to look around us

carefully and notice things in our environment."

"Yes, that is how you can discover interesting things." adds Malak.

"You're right, kids." says Dad. "Well done!"

تسأل الأم في السيارة: "إذن، هل استمتعتما برحلتنا؟" يقول رامي: "بعم، أعتقد أنها كانت رحله رائعة." ونقول ملك "وأنا أبضًا!" يسأل الأب: "ماذا تعتقدان أنكما تعلمتما منها؟"

يقول رامي. لقد تعلمتُ أهمية النظر حولنا بعبائة وملاحظه الأشياء الموجودة من بيئتنا " وتصيف ملـك. "بعـم هـده هـب الطريقـة النـب يمكننـا مـن خـالهـا اكتشـاف أشـناء مثيـرة للاهتمـام." يقــول الأب: "أنتمـا محقــان يــا أولاد. أحســنتمـا!"

Quarties with their model enswers

1 Label the people with the names in the box:

Mom - Ramy - Grandma - Grandpa - Dad - Malak - Uncle Youssef



- 2 Read. Decide if the sentences are True (T) or False (F). Correct the false sentences in your notebook:
- 1. Mom sees the story about the dinosaur skeleton in the newspaper.
- 2. The dinosaur skeleton is near their house.
- 3. Uncle Youssef is a farmer.
- 4. Mom loves looking at birds.
- 5. Ramy finds dinosaur bones.
- 6. They go to Uncle Youssef"s office.





Look and number in order:













Read and match to make sentences:

- 1. Dad reads a story
- 2. The children's grandparents
- 3. Ramy finds old bones
- 4. Uncle Youssef invites
- 5. Ramy wants to be

- a. live near the archaeological dig.
- **b.** the family to the dig.
- c. about a dinosaur in the newspaper.
- d. an archaeologist in the future.
- e. in some rocks near the trail.

- Work with a partner. Retell the story by looking at the pictures in Exercise 3 and using your answers to Exercise 4. What is your favorite scene? Why?
- 6 Read and complete the story summary with the words in the box:

ibex - rocks - next - trail - invites - dig - fun - Dad - skeleton - Grandma

reads a newspaper story about a dinosaur At home, 0 . He's very excited because Uncle Youssef is working on the archaeological 6 . At dinnertime, he suggests to the family that they see the skeleton when they visit their The family loves the idea and they travel to see day. Grandma and Grandpa are very them the o happy to see them. The family go on a nature o and see lots of beautiful animals and birds. Ramy sees some bones in and he thinks they are dinosaur bones. Uncle the o Youssef checks the rocks and says they are not dinosaur bones, but probably from an 6 . He says it is a very good thing that Ramy is taking time to notice things on the trail. He also o them to go to his archaeological dig, which they think is a lot of a

7 Answer the following questions:

- 1. Why is it important to look carefully at the world around you?
- 2. What information can archaeology give us?
- 3. Why is archaeology an important activity in Egypt?
- 4. Why are dinosaur skeletons interesting? What can they tell us?

प्रिट्या र



Label the people with the names in the box:

1- Uncle Youssef	2- Ramy	3- Mom
4-Malak	5- Dad	6- Grandma
7- Grandpa		

Read. Decide if the sentences are True (T) or False (F). Correct the false sentences in your notebook:

- 1. False Mom didn't see the story in the newspaper, Dad did.
- 2. False The dinosaur skeleton is near their grandparent's house.
- 3. False Uncle Youssef is an archaeologist.
- 4. True
- 5. False Ramy finds bones which might have belonged to an ancient ibex.
- 6. False They go to Uncle Youssef's archaeological dig.

Look and number in order:

1. d	2. f	3. b	4. e	5. a	6. c
					T

Read and match to make sentences:

1.	c 2.	a 3.	e 4.	b 5.	d

Work with a partner. Retell the story by looking at the pictures in Exercise 3 and using your answers to Exercise 4. What is your favorite scene? Why?

(پجیب عنه الطالب)

Read and complete the story summary with the words in the box:

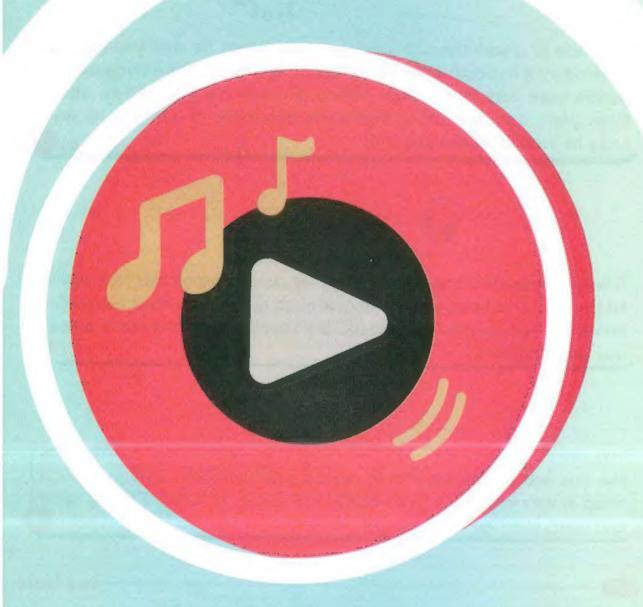
1- Dad	2- Smale (of)	3- 31)	4- grandma
5- next	6- trail	7- rocks	8- ibex
9- invites	10-fun		

Answer the following questions:

- 1. To notice and discover interesting things around the environment.
- 2. Archaeology can give us information about the past.
- Because it helps us to discover the history of Ancient Egyptians and it gives us information about their culture, art, civilization and monuments.
- 4. Because they are very old and rare to find. They can tell us secrets about animals that lived millions of years ago.

Part (2)

Listening Scripts





Listening Connect (5)



Hello! I'm Fareeda. I love my bedroom. I share it with my sister. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals. Question



My uncle is a scientist and loves animals. When he was younger, he traveled a lot in South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very friendly and helped him with his work. Then, about three years ago, something frightening happened to him and he was lucky he lived to tell me about it!



Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however. The honey that doctors use is a special honey only that is safe to use as a treatment.



You should live a healthy life. It is really important to eat healthy foods like fruit and vegetables and to have a balanced diet. Getting enough sleep is very important. You should drink plenty of water. Playing sport and doing exercise help your body a lot.







Last week, I went to the new wildlife park. I saw the panda, the lion, the kangaroo and the parrot. I'm doing a project on bats at school, so I really wanted to see them! But they were all hiding and I couldn't see them in the dark!

Test 6

My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong. I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its nickname is the sea cow and it spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed every day.

Question 1



Amir went to the new wildlife park yesterday. It was awesome! He saw so many animals. He couldn't go near the lions. He stayed in the car. But he could see them through the trees. The kangaroos were interesting, too. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch - it's so sweet! He saw lots of birds, but his favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! He couldn't see the bats. They were all hiding and he couldn't see them in the dark!



I'm Paulo. I'm on vacation here from Barcelona. I like Alexandria because it reminds me of home – a big, modern city near the sea. I love the mix of modern and old buildings. Also, I like to find out about the culture and traditions. The library is amazing!

Term 2

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Listening

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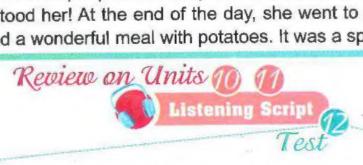
London is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often rains here, but it doesn't matter because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist attractions. You will see famous places like Buckingham Palace.



Yesterday was a fantastic day. In the morning, we went to the beach to go snorkeling. We swam with the turtles and brightly-colored fish! Today we can race through the sand dunes in beach buggies! It's fun and fast! We spent a relaxed day shopping and wandering through the markets.



Reem went for a trip to France. She saw some famous sights, like the Louvre and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of metal. She tried to speak French, but she couldn't really say anything. But the French people were very kind and when she spoke English, they understood her! At the end of the day, she went to a French restaurant and had a wonderful meal with potatoes. It was a special day Question



There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. This beautiful beach is 14 kms long! There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city! You can also visit the beautiful International Park. If you want to learn about the fascinating history of the area, then visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there.